South African Strikers Close Mines

black mineworkers' union said Monday that at least 340,000 miners had joined a strike that could cripple the South African gold and coal industries, the country's main source of export earnings.

The National Union of Mineworkers called the strike, the largest legal walkout ever in South Africa, to back demands for wage increases and improved benefits.

The walkout began late Sunday and closed 44 of the 45 targeted gold and coal mines, the union

The Chamber of Mines, which represents the major mining com-panies, disputed the union's estimates, saying that 220,000 to 230,000 workers were on strike. It said that 13 of the country's 55 coal mines and 16 of the 44 gold mines

JOHANNESBURG — The lack mineworkers' union said fonday that at least 20,000 and fonday that 2

At least seven miners and two mine security officers were reported injured in violence related to the strike. The union, the nation's largest, said that II members or union officials were arrested in four separate incidents

The members are prepared to mount a bitter and protracted struggle for a living wage," the union's general secretary, Cyril Ramaphosa, said at a news confer-

Mr. Ramaphosa said it was up to the Chamber of Mines to make the next move. The ball is in their court, he said.

A union spokesman, Marcel Golding, said earlier that 60,000 of the strikers were not union mem-

bers, but had joined the walkout to know what percentage of gold and show support.

The union claims 261,901 members who have paid dues and a total of 370,000 signed up out of a na-tional total of about 600,000 black miners. It says members voted overwhelmingly to strike 28 gold and 18 coal mines, most of which are in the eastern Transvaal Provstrikes at gold and coal mines

The Chamber of Mines says the union has only 170,000 members. Roughly 80 percent of South Africa's exports are derived from mining. Gold alone provides about

75 percent of mineral exports and more than half the country's forcign currency earnings. Mr. Ramaphosa said he did not

coal production was represented by the struck mines.

(In New York, gold futures contracts for December delivery rose \$5.40 an ounce to \$470.20 by midafternoon, in London, gold bullion closed at \$459.25 an ounce, down from the Friday close of \$464. Dealers said the fear of disruption ince and the central Orange Free of supply by the strike had tended State. The union also called for to push prices up, but that this had to push prices up, but that this had been counteracted by Lebanon's where it is not recognized officially. proposal to sell 20 percent of its. gold reserves. Page 13.) .

Angle American Corp., which produced 39 percent of the nation's total gold output of 638.2 tons in 1986, said Monday that all its mines were affected by the strike. It issued a statement alleging "inci-dents of violence and infimidation"

See STRIKE, Page 6

Kiosk Reagan Picks

Commerce Aide WASHINGTON (UPI) -

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FOR MORE

CLASSIFIEM

President Ronald Reagan announced the nomination Monday of C. William Verity Jr., aretired steel company executive with strong business backing, to succeed the late Malcolm Bal-

drige as secretary of commerce.
With Mr. Verity at his side,
Mr. Reagan urged quick Senate
confirmation of his nominee inthe midst of a brewing fight over trade policy. The president also paid tribute to Mr. Baldrige, the forceful free-trader and off hours rodeo cowboy who died July 25 in a calf-rop-

ing accident.
Mr. Verity, 70, said, "I'm just happy to have this opportunity at what I think is a historic time in international trade." Mr. Verity retired in 1982 as chairman of the board of Armed Inc., an Ohio company formed by his grandfather.

Dow Goes Over 2,600

Prices on the New York Stock Exchange soared, pushing the Dow Jones industrial average to its first close above the 2,600 level Page & in



His eye on the ball, Larry Nelson heads for victory over Lanny Wadkins in the 69th PGA championship. Page 15.

GENERAL NEWS

France rejected a request from Chad for military support against Libya.

BUSINESS/FINANCE ■ Goodyear, to pay off debt, is selling its oil and gas unit to Exxon for \$650 million. Page 9.

Dow close: UP 43.84 The dollar in New York: DM £ Yen FF 1.892 1.57 151.025 6.3115

By Juris Kaza

Special to the Herald Tribun

STOCKHOLM - Sweden's

ASEA AB and Switzerland's BBC

Brown, Boveri & Co. said Monday

they would merge their assets into

what would be the world's largest

The new operating company, to be called ASEA BROWN BO-

VERI, would have sales of around

\$15 billion annually and employ

160,000 people. It would be a giant

in the fields of power generation,

power transmission, transportation

and industrial process control and

lts products will range from nu-

clear power plants to rail transit

systems, industrial robots and mi-

croprocessors for industrial anto-

No exchange of stock is involved

in the merger, the companies said,

The company will be formed by a

combination of nearly all the assets

of the Swedish and Swiss groups in

return for equal voting rights.
"ASEA and Brown, Boveri are

the principal actors in the same

market and this almost amounts to

a noncompetition pact," said Jenny

Tora of London stockbrokers

James Capel & Co.

electronics.

electrical engineering group.

Swedish, Swiss Firms

To Form Industry Giant

Sandinists Hold Key to Accord Are They Serious About Change, or Just Buying Time?

By James LeMoyne

New York Times Service SAN SALVADOR — The peace plan signed by five Central Ameri-can Jeaders fails to address some of the region's most difficult problems, but it still seems to offer a political opening that could take on a momentum of its own.

Costa Rican and Nicaraguan officials expressed strong optimism that they had signed an accord that offers a way out of the decade of bloodshed and political strife that have made Central America a zone of war, superpower maneuvering and political instability.

But Salvadoran and Honduran officials, as well as diplomats from ontside the region, say they have but there is no doubt that its main strong reservations whether the provisions will affect Nicaragua Central American leaders can achieve the peace plan's central ob- that signed the accord.

jective: creating the political conditions to encourage a negotiated end Sandinists to restore press freedom, to guerrilla wars and political dis- to permit full political organization cord in Central America

The fighting by the contra rebels, who are backed by the United States, against the Sandinist government of Nicaragua, which is supported by the Soviet Union, is

NEWS ANALYSIS the most prominent conflict.

Among the others are leftist insurgencies in El Salvador and Guatemala and accusations by the various nations over who is offering refuge to rebels.

The treaty is regional in scope, more than any of the other nations

The plan appears to require the and demonstrations, and to end the

cording to several Central American officials and Western diplomats. They said it was far less demanding of the Sandinists than the plan put forward last week by President Ronald Reagan and the speaker of the House of Representatives, Jim Wright of Texas. In essence, the treaty guarantees political survival to the Sandinists

See PEACE, Page 6

Salvadoran rebels reject the peace accord. Page 3.



Striking gold miners at Randfontein awaiting transportation back to their homes Monday.

Serious Problems Could Cripple the B-1 Bomber for Years

By Molly Moore

Washington Past Service DYESS AIR FORCE BASE, Texas In a softly lighted commin-the B-1 bomber priming school here young U.S. Air Force officers hunch over a panel of radar screens and electronic gadgetry, learning to manipulate the defenses designed to protect plane and crew during bombing missions into the heart of the Soviet Union.

It could be years, however, before the officers use the avionic equipment outside the simulated cocknit of the schoolroom. In rea life, the equipment does not work, and the problems are so serious that the air force does not know when they will be fixed.

Six years after President Ronald Reagan declared the B-I bomber to be the centerpiece of his plan for improving U.S. strategic forces, the dismal failure of the plane's elec-tronic brains has crippled its ability to carry out its most important missions, government officials and congressional leaders say

Dozens of other technical problems, from faulty flight controls to malfunctioning computerized maintenance systems, have delayed crew training and sharply restricted the number of bombers that the Strategic Air Command can place on alert, according to the General Accounting Office, or GAO, the fiscal investigative arm of Con-

Air force officials say it will be 1990 before 30 percent of the new planes can be kept on alert; that is the standard percentage for quick

response. Now, of 54 bombers in national emergency, "all B-1s tecting the nation and deterring supposed to be," he said. "We're the force, one plane is on alert. would be available within days." war, the administration asserts. But not getting our money's worth." the force, one plane is on alert.

The bomber's ultimate mission is

Because of the technical prob- deficiencies. lems, none of the plane's crews has capability, the GAO says.

For emergencies that could reto be able to dart through the Sovi- quire a few minutes or hours of recent disclosures of MX missile of Umon, Ilying low and fast reaction time, air force officials guidance problems and defects in chough to avoid radar detection, said, many of the older B-52s on air-launched cruise missiles, raise and destroy the most sensitive and alert would be available. Because of serious questions about how well-side," General John T. Chain Jr., strategic targets. It is built to be so the large staffing and mechanical automated that it dodges moun- resources required to keep B-ls on tains and enemy attacks before the alert, officials said, putting more of pilot in the tiny cockpit realizes he them on that status now would hamper efforts to improve crew training and correct the technical

Costly additions to the U.S. triad of strategic forces —the B-1 bomb- ken critic of the president's strate-A GAO report said air force offi- and the Trident missile carrying cials told investigators that, in a submarine - are critical to pro-

the B-1 deficiencies, coupled with recent disclosures of MX missile

protected the nation is as the Reagan era nears its close. "The Reagan Pentagon is not do-ing well with its strategic initiative," said Representative Les Aspin, Democrat of Wisconsin and chairman of the House Armed Ser-

The triad is not as strong as it's lion.

not getting our money's worth.". The air force takes issue with Mr. Aspin's contention.

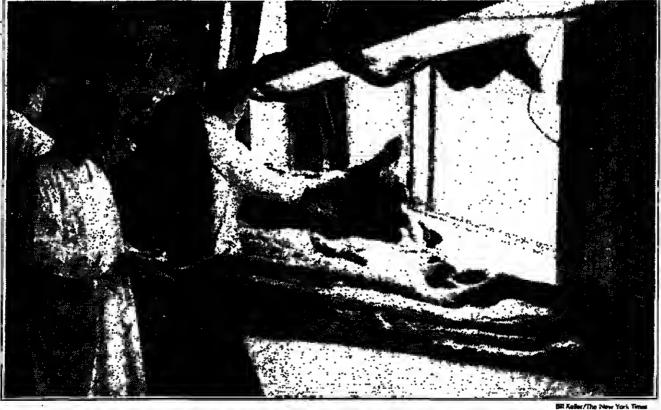
"The B-IB is the best warplane in the world today on anybody's commander of the Strategic Air gan. Command, told a House committee in March.

Frank L. Conahan, director of the GAO's National Security and International Affairs Division, which has conducted several investigations of the B-1's problems, said. "It might be the best plane ever made - except it can't do its mission." Each B-1 costs \$280 milpolitical weapons, the B-l is per-haps the most political. It was conceived in a Republican administration, killed by a Democratic White House after four planes had been built, then resurrected by Mr. Rea-

Congress approved resumption of the program under the strict condition that the 100-bomber fleet cost no more than \$20.5 billion in 1982 dollars, or \$28.3 hillion today. It mandated that the first bomber be operational by 1986 and that all

The air force, bungry for a new bomber program, insisted that it

Russia's Class-Conscious Fur Traders Watch Wall St.



New York Times Serve

LENINGRAD - When the Dow Jones industrial average edged above 2,500 points in July, there was at least one corner of the Communist world that shared in Wall Street's sense of celebration.

That corner is a fusty, neo-classical warehouse on Moskovsky Prospekt, home of the Leningrad International Fur Auction, where the Soviet Union takes its cut when the rich get richer. The more exhilarat- company. ing the rise of stocks on the New York exchanges, the more new Wall Street millionaires and their spouses will be cloaked next winter in Siberian sable.

That is good news for Mikhail S. Gorbachev's balance of trade. Nearly 300 buyers from 23 countries, mostly capitalist, showed up

in July to compete in the auction, a thrice-yearly commercial ritual. The buyers are driven by a concept of class consciousness altogether different from what Marx and Eng-

The buyers snapped up 14,000 hundles of fur: mink, white-bellied lynx, blue fox, wolf, wolverine, raccoon, squirrel, Persian lamb, pony and rabbit, even quilts of tiny hamster skins. But the prize that makes Lenin-

See FURS, Page 2

Tanker **Hits Mine Near Gulf**

A Panamanian Ship Damaged After Loading

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches MANAMA, Bahrain - A Panamanian-registered tanker hit a mine just outside the Gulf, shipping sources said Monday. At the same time a convoy of three reflagged Kuwaiti tankers and their U.S. Navy escorts was delayed on its route to Kuwait by a mine found

in the Gulf, the sources said. Lloyds of London said the 126,000-ton Texaco Caribbean was hit after it took on a cargo of crude oil at Iran's makeshift floating ter-minal of Larak, in the Strait of Hormuz, and headed south for Rotterdam.

The mining occurred about 8 miles (13 kilometers) northeast of

lraq resumes bombing of Iranian oil installations. Page 6.

Fujairah and about 30 miles south of the entrance to the strait, which is the gateway to the Gulf.

The area is near Khor Fakkhan, a major anchorage for tankers moving to and from oil terminals in the Gulf, with dozens of ships at anchor much of the time. That anchorage is also the departure point for the Kuwaiti tankers being escorted into the Gulf.

The second convoy - including three tankers, the Sea Isle City, the Ocean City and the Gas King — anchored Sunday night off Saudi Arahia's main gulf oil terminal at Ras Tannurah to give the navy time to check for more mines, the sources said.

The stop was in keeping with the navy's decision to guide the tankers through the most hazardous parts of the 550-mile voyage during daylight, when helicopters and ships can scout ahead for mines or other signs of trouble.

The shipping sources said the mine was found at the Khafji off-shore oil field, midway between Kuwait and the spot north of Farsi Island where the supertanker Bridgeton bit a mine and was seri-

ously damaged July 24. In Washington, Pentagon sources said that the convoy was back under way. "They'te taking it slow and easy, but they're moving," an official said.

All three ships in the se voy are flying the U.S. flag as part of President Ronald Reagan's plan to protect Kuwaiti shipping from threatened retaliatory attacks by Iran. Kuwait has supported Iraq

against Iran in the Gulf war. The Texaco Caribbean, meanwhile, was limping into port with a 12-foot (3.5-meter) hole in the hull. There were no reports of injuries

among the Italian crew. The commander of the supertanker, Captain Luigi Parchi, re-

layed a distress signal "We've been hit." he said. "There is widespread pollution. We

are trying to stop it." According to available records, the Texaco Caribbean is owned by Lexington Tankships Ltd., a subsidiary of Texaco Panama Inc., and is on charter to the American oil

The shipping sources speculated that an Iranian commando unit might have laid the mine at Khor Fakkhan and that it could have drifted to the Fujairah area.

In Washington, the chairman of the House Armed Services Committee said the United States should consider laying mines in the Gulf shipping channels used by Iranian oil tankers.

Les Aspin, a Democrat from Wisconsin, said at a news conference: "The message ought to go to Iran that people who live in glass bouses shouldn't throw stones."

He also suggested that the United States back a crash program of building overland pipelines from oil-producing regions in the area so that the Gulf would not be such a

Fur traders in white smocks examining wares at the Soviet auction center in Leningrad. The pelt market has been bullish. Business Travelers Add Baby Sitters to List of Necessities

By Wanda Warner Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON - It's yet another business trip for Hannah Burt. Her bag is packed, the hotel suite booked and the car waiting to whisk her to the

Wait, did she forget to pack her fuzzy blanket? No, it's tucked near the top of her carry-on bag. She grabs daddy's hand and the two head out the door. Hannah Burt is 4 years old. Her father, Dan Burt, a Washington lawyer who travels frequently,

wouldn't leave home without her, not even on his

It is anyone's guess how many parents regularly take children with them on business. Representatives from hotels and baby-sitting services in the United States say more and more business travelers are bringing their children with them, largely because more mothers are entering the work force and that she go out of town.

home with Mom, Marce Webster, when her father's law practice sent him out of Washington. But litigation kept him from his family so often that when Hannah turned 2, he decided to try taking her with His wife, then busy working on her doctorate as

well as running a business, did not object. The first trip turned out so well, he took her on others. "This is my only child," Mr. Burt said, "I'm over 40, and I miss her intensely." Marcia Desmond, 38, knows what he is talking

about. As a first-time mother she is also reluctant to leave her toddler behind when her job in Denver with the American Hospital Association demands

Meghan to Stapleton International Airport.

has waited in lines for seat assignments, baggage pick-up and taxis since she was 8 months old. She even belongs to United Airlines' frequent-flyer pro-

day," Ms. Desmond said, "it's nice to go back to the hotel room and have her there."

Not only does Ms. Desmond enjoy taking Meghan on many of her trips, but it gives her husband, Earl Tawney, a break from juggling his work and child care every time his wife is away.

Nancy Richards, the Washington franchise owner of Sitters Unlimited, a nationwide baby-sitting service, said that a few years ago business travelers seldom called her office in search of child care.

requests a week from parents staying in Washingtonarea hotels who need sitters while they attend busi-

In addition, she said, her company is hired by convention organizers about once a month to lend

"Four years ago," she said, "we handled about one

convention every six months." Mr. Burt and Ms. Desmond know they are in a

Mr. Burt said many husiness executives are "astonished" 10 learn that he has brought his daughter along, and sometimes they let him know they disapprove of the practice. Usually the opposition quickly fades, he said, but if it does not he does not let it

See KIDS, Page 6

ASEA's president and chief executive officer, Percy Barnevik, will

said the joint operation would com-See ASEA, Page 11

be named president and chief operating officer of the new company, and his deputy will be Thomas Gasser, president of Brown, Bo-

The eight-person board of the new company will consist of four representatives from each parent. All shares in the new company will be held by the Swiss and Swedish parents and won't trade separately. In Switzerland, Brown, Boveri

will raise 800 million Swiss francs (\$509 million) in a new share issue as part of the merger arrangement. ASEA's Mr. Barnevik, however, declined to place a cash value on the merger, noting that the market value of all ASEA shares was around 20 billion kronor (\$3.04 billion), and all Brown, Boveri shares, around the equivalent of 10 billion

ASEA said it expects the merger to be completed by Jan 1, 1988, if national anthorities and the shareholders of both companies ap-

Both parent companies will retain their identities and their shares will continue to trade on national and foreign exchanges.
Announcing the merger in

Stockholm, ASEA's Mr. Barnevik

The state of the s

because two-career couples in pursuit of profession-al goals often wait until their 30s before starting a talky bear and storybooks and heads with 2-year-old For the first year of her life, Hannah stayed at

Meghan, no stranger to airline departure lounges,

When meetings are over with at the end of the

ness functions.

children of convention-goers.

minority with their 101e-a-kid business traveling

Ms. Desmond said: "Ten years ago I would have

France Rejects Request From Chad for Support In Battle Against Libya

By Julian Nundy

Monday a request by Chad to exforces from the town of Aozou over the weekend.

As Libyan jets carried out n second day of retaliatory bombings. President François Mitterrand said in a statement that French air and ground units in the country would not advance northward to support the Chadian offensive.

Chad's recapture of Aozou on Saturday ended a 14-year occupa-tion by the troops of Libya's leader, Colonel Moammar Gadhafi. The lown is in the strategic Aozou strip, a 42,000-square-mile (110,000-square-kilometer) band on the two countries' frontier. Chad said Monday that more than 400 Libyans died in the weekend fighting.

The Chadian ambassador to

France, Ahmed Allammi, speaking on French television Sunday, asked France for air cover for the Chadian troops. France has Jaguar and Mirage strike aircraft, as well as 1,200 troops, stationed in southern

In a clear rebuke to President Hissène Habré of Chad, Mr. Mitterrand said France had always favored international arbitration of the dispute over control of the border region, which is claimed by

both Chad and Libya. He said that Mr. Hahre, who visited Paris last month, was aware of the French view.

"France has supported and con-tinues to support Chad's struggle to pressures temporarily halted the move by the Communist Party in the entry 1970s to assert orthodoxy recover its independence and its unity." Mr. Mitterrand said. But "as far as the future of Aozou is concerned, France has always recommended the use of international arbitration, and President Hissène Habre was recently reminded of this position.

"The action he has undertaken in this zone therefore involves only him and the forces of his country.

The attack on Aozou marked the resumption of an eight-month Chadian offensive aimed at ousting Libyan troops from the northern region of the central African coun-

A series of victories in January and March gave Chad control of most of Libya's former strongholds in the country, but Chadian troops stopped short of the disputed bor-

A military communique issued in the Chadian capital of Ndjamena said that government forces had killed 437 Libyan soldiers in the Aozou battle and captured 61. It said Chad had lost 17 men with a founder of the United Steelwork-

France has provided extensive union for 12 years, died of cancer at logistical support to Chad, but its his home here on Monday, a day forces have rarely been in operation north of the 16th parallel, above which most of the fighting with Libya took place.

The Associated Press

MOSCOW - Soviet and U.S.

scientists announced an accord

Monday on conducting joint medi-

will be carried out by a Soviet satel-

lite going into orbit next month.

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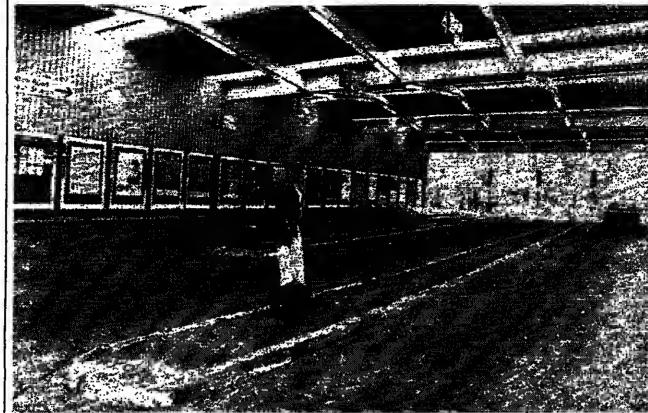
or call your local Utell office.

The current French force was sent to Chad in February of last PARIS — France rejected on year to deter Libyan or rebel drives toward Ndjamena. French troops pand its military role in its former and planes had been sent there for African colony by protecting government troops who routed Libyan to back Chadian efforts to reunite to back Chadian efforts to reunite the country.

Libya's claim in Aozou dates from 1935, when Pierre Laval, the French foreign minister, who was to become prime minister of the collaborationist Vichy government in World War II, and Mussolini signed an accord passing the area to Libya. But the agreement was never ratified.

Chad, on the other hand, has support from the Organization of African Unity, which recognizes all frontiers that existed at the time of decolonization as valid. Chad be-came independent from France in

The area has been described as containing abundant supplies of minerals, particularly uranium. But specialists on the area have discounted this description, saying that the importance of the strip is



passenger waiting for a bus Monday at Victoria Station in London evidently hadn't heard the news: Bus drivers and conductors were on a 24-hour strike to protest a govern-

spokesman for London Buses, a division of the stateowned London Regional Transport, said the company hoped to take the matter to a mediator later this week.

Grim Diagnosis for Hungary's Economy

state central planning

my, as well as what some Hungar-

went back home and went back out

In 1965, Mr. Abel won the union

"Some of it is concern with what's soon.

happened, industry shutting down

employers want to give them that."

BUDAPEST - Rezso Nyers, a founding father of Hungary's drive for economic change, says the curwhat happened when conservative

In a full-page interview published recently in Nepszabadsag. the Communist Party newspaper, for modernization of the Hungarnization, are obsolete,

The prominence given his views seems to confirm that some eleminds us of the 1970s," Mr. Nyers

MALVERN, Ohio - LW. Abel,

ers of America and president of the

before his 79th birthday, the union

Lynn Williams, the current inter-

national president of the union,

director of the Soviet Health Minis-

logical Problems, and Samuel W.

Officials said animals will be

launched in September, U.S. scien-

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Keller, a deputy associate adminis-

try's Institute of Medical and Bio-

U.S., Soviet Plan Joint Space Studies

cal and biological experiments in trator of the U.S. National Aerospace. They said 26 such studies nautics and Space Administration.

The accord, which must be approved by both governments, was announced by Dr. Oleg Gazenko, radiation and other changes.

began to feel the effects of an initial round of austerity measures imposed by the government. Mr. Nyers was a key victim of a

previous such program in the early the early 1970s to assert orthodoxy over the spirit of change. He was demoted from his executive posts, including that of party secretary in charge of economic affairs. And he Mr. Nyers advanced a strong case was removed from the ruling Politburo. But he remains a member of ian economy. At the same time, he the Central Committee and serves argued that the structures of Come- as chief adviser to the Institute of con, the Soviet bloc economic orgaences.

ments in the party are striving to said in the interview. "External and translate into action recent policy internal imbalances, over-regulated declarations and economic actions state machinery, financial survival \$13 billion, Inflation has reached asserting a commitment to far- of lame-duck companies and an double-digit levels, And growth has

I.W. Abel, a Founder and President

Of United Steelworkers Union, Dies

was a visionary who recognized,

fashionable, that workers, employ-

lead the steel union through a peri-od of labor peace, booming pro-

duction and surging wages and

He gave up a job as an office

at \$92 per month to transfer to the

foundry after he discovered the pay

was higher and the work steadier.

Timken Co., based in Canton,

Mr. Abel once led 42 wildcat

strikes in a single year.

reaching change in the stagnating economy. The interview was also published as Hungarian consumers are shrinking, and the cost of living Economic changes, begun amid has been mounting. has been mounting. controversy in 1968, consisted of

On the subject of Comecon, Mr. reducing central planning of pro-duction, enhancing the decision-Nyers was unsparing in his criticism. "Export structures have bemaking powers of enterprise mancome obsolete, and the exchange of agers and creating an important sphere of individual activity free of goods is not developed," he said.

Unlike the European Community, which functions as a trading bloc in which member countries These policies were brought to halt in the early 1970s, but late in and companies compete, Comecon the decade they began to reappear is an umbrella organization that amid growing symptoms of poor economic health cited by Mr. assigns specifie economie tasks in each member state so that their economies complement one anoth-Now, the declining world econo-

ians consider an insufficient dose plunge the country into grave diffiance in the international-payments The foreign deht stands at about position, n halt in the rise of the national debt and a gradual reduction of the budget deficit,

6 Iran Aides

Leave Berlin

In Expulsion

Agence France-Presse

He said two other tranians, stu-

according to informed sources.

grad unique on the fur auction cir-

cuit is sable, a solitary, cat-sized

carnivore found almost exclusively

in the snowy forests of eastern Rus-

sia, and sold only at the auctions

run in Leningrad by the state fur

Springer. "It's the American wom-

an who really wants the coat, who

can afford to buy the coat, especial-

ly with the stock market as it is

high up in the business world" for \$350,000, Donald Springer said.

today."

of the lore of the fur trade. Su

monopoly remains intact.

Allied sources said the Iranian

In the 1986 interview, Mr. Abel dents employed at the consulate,

said that attitudes about organized had left Berlin two days ago. The

labor had changed for the worse - only diplomat remaining at the

Publisher Under Fire

The Associated Press

MOSCOW -- A former political prisoner who has started publish-

Mr. Grigoryants, 46, spoke to about 30 foreign journalists in his

He said his magazine, named after the policy of permitting greater openness launched by the Soviet party leader, Mikhail S. Gorba-chev, was the first privately controlled periodical in be published openly in the Soviet Union, He has applied for state approval for Glasnost but has not yet received it, he

Mr. Grigoryants bimself was BERLIN - Six members of the jailed for three and a balf years for Iranian Consulate in West Berlin drove out of the city Monday to publishing V, an underground bulletin on human rights. Hamburg, one of the departing of-ficials said.

conference to respond to allegations about his past that were published three days ago by Vechernya Moskova, Moscow's evening news-

side," said Mr. Grigoryants should not be referred to as a political On Saturday, the Allied authori-His union involvement began at plants and laying off many people. The union involvement began at plants and laying off many people ties in West Berlin — the United "profiteering and illicit dealings" Timken Co., based in Canton, where be helped organize what is now USW Local 1123. He was a low user because employers of the younger states. Britain and France—joint—in works of art from 1970 to 1974.

It is illegal in the Soviet Union to the profit of the expulsion of several and good wages because employers. Iranians, including some consulate but something and resell it at a Iranians, including some consulate member of the union local at the believed in paying good wages, employees, in a bid to reduce the time of his death.

They think they get benefits like we risk of terrorist attacks in the city, buy something and resell it at a

by the expulsions. He said that the measure would affect two officials A Soviet family that had sought permission to emigrate for nime with diplomatic immunity and "six years arrived Monday in Paris by or seven" other employees of the train from Moscow, Agence France-Presse said. Scrafim Evsyukov, 52, a former

All the officials would be transferred to the Iranian Consulate in Hamburg, he added. The United States, he said, was "trying to settle its conflict with groups and the French govern-Iran on West German soil."

In Moscow

ing Glasnost, a magazine about human rights and social problems, said Monday that the official Soviet media had begun to attack him personally to discredit the journal. But Sergei L Grigoryants said he was going ahead anyway with plans to publish in two days the second

number of Glasnost, which features an article on the KGB, the change, have combined to Mr. Nyers said, the immediate problems of Jewish emigration. Inge the country into grave diffigures should be in achieve n baltics.

In the past, dissident magazines known as samizdat were published secretly and distributed hand-to-

Mr. Grigoryants called the news

in part, because people forget the mission, be said, was the second secretary of the Iranian Embassy in headlined "Babblers on the Road-"Some of it is fear," he said. Bonn, who was also due to leave

profit. The newspaper claimed Mr. Grigoryants made a profit of 12,275 rubles (about \$19,500) from his illegal sales. Consulate had no official status But Mr. Grigoryants claimed the

and its employees had not been artworks were family heirlooms accredited to the West Berlin au- and said that the nllegations against him were manufactured by Earlier Monday in Bonn, the Ira-nian ambassador to West Germany

the KGB. "They are trying to dis-credit me to discredit the magazine," he said. warned that relations between

Bonn and Tehran would be "upset" Soviet Family in Paris

navigator with the Soviet airline Aeroflot, his wife and two children. both dissidents, were greeted by representatives of humanitarian

the Soviet Foreign Ministry. "It doesn't matter where they are, they should be part of the deal. It's the main issue now that hampers agreement." Ershad Shuffles Bangladeshi Cabinet

WORLD BRIEFS

Soviet Aide Bars Arms Concessions WASHINGTON (UPI) — A Soviet arms official, Viktor P. Karpov.

said Monday that Moscow would make no further concessions for a nuclear arms agreement, insisting that an accord must include 72 West German missiles where a nuclear arms agreement, insisting that an accord must include 75 tales. German missiles whose warheads are controlled by the United States.

In a CRS talescone. In a CBS television interview from Moscow, Mr. Karpov Said the 72

shorter-range Pershing-1A missiles remain the sticking point in an

"We're negotiating not only missiles, we're negotiating whole systems

missiles and warheads. And missiles without warheads doesn't make

any sense, said Mr. Karpov, who heads the arms control department at

DHAKA, Bangiadesh (Reuters) — Lieutenant General Hussain Mohammed Ershad, the president of Bangladesh, dropped five ministers, three deputy ministers and a minister of state in a major cabinet shuffle Monday.

Monday.

Deputy Prime Minister Kazi Zafar Ahmed and Mahmudul Hasan. minister without portfolio and a retired general who was once a trusted Ershad aide, were the most prominent figures dismissed. Also dropped, according to a presidential spokesman, were Labor Minister Abdur Rashid Engineer, Works Minister Shafikul Ghaani and Women's Affairs Minister Rabeya Bhurya.

The spokesman gave no reasons for the changes, but sources in the ruling Jatiya Party said General Ershad had complained of its "inert role" during violent strikes and demonstrations against his rule last month-

California Road Violence Continues

LOS ANGELES (AP) - Gunfire that shattered a window of a truck has brought to 49 the number of acts of violence on California highways since mid-June.

In the shooting on Sunday, flying glass cut the face and arms of an Alabams trucker whose rig was hit by two bullets on a mountain highway near Tehachapi, 80 miles (130 kilometers) north of Los Angeles, the police said. The impries were minor.

Four persons have died, 15 have been injured and 26 arrested in the highway violence, most of them shootings in southern California. On Saturday, n Los Angeles couple reported that a bullet shattered the rear window of their car while they were driving on a picturesque highway in Big Sur, some 250 miles northwest of Los Angeles.

Korean Sees Danger in Labor Strife

SEOUL (Reuters) - Labor strife spread across South Korea on Monday, prompting an opposition leader to warn that democratic reforms were endangered. The disputes forced the closing of the secondand third-largest carmakers, and clashes between rio; policemen and coal

miners were reported.

Kim Young Sam, leader of the main opposition party, urged moderation by workers, who are striking for better pay and working conditions and for the right to unionize. He told a party meeting that labor chaos "will give anti-democratic forces an excuse to hamper democratization." party officials said.

"The reason for the disputes is that the workers' rights have not been guaranteed," Mr. Kim said. "But however rightful these demands, they cannot be solved all at once."

Greece Endures Another Heat Wave

ATHENS (Reuters) - Forest fires burned on the Greek islands of Rhodes and Samos on Monday, but no deaths were reported in the latest heat wave in Greece.

Temperatures soured to 40 degrees centigrade (104 Fahrenheit) for the second day. About 60 people were reported to have been taken to hospitals for heat-related ailments during the weekend, but there were no official reports of deaths. More than 1,000 people died when temperatures reached 44 degrees centigrade (111 F.) over a 10-day period last

On Rhodes, the 600 residents of Apollon were ordered to evacuate after a forest fire that broke out Sunday threatened to engulf the village. On Samos island, north of Rhodes in the Aegean Sea, about 3,000 acres (1,200 hectares) of forest and several houses were destroyed by fire.

For the Record

A court in Uppsala, Sweden, jailed Simon Hayward, a 32-year-old captain in Britain's Life Guards, on Monday for five years for smuggling 110 pounds (50 kilograms) of the drug cannabis into Sweden. (Reuters) Israeli warplanes raided the village of Qaaqaaiyet aj-Jisr, near the market town of Nabatiyeh in southern Lebanon, on Monday, killing one

person and wounding two, Radio Beirut said. (Reuers)
Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir of Israel discussed proposals for a Middle East peace conference with Charles Hill, a U.S. envoy, on Monday. Mr. Hill is trying to persuade Mr. Shamir to drop his opposition to the conference idea. (Reuters)

The Afghan leader, Major General Najib, returned Monday to Afghani-July July July arrived on July Soviet leaders, the Bakhtar news agency said.

TRAVEL UPDATE

Sabena Pilots Plan Weekend Strike

BRUSSELS (Reuters) - Pilots of Sabena Belgian World Airlines announced Monday that they would strike this weekend, which is expected to be one of the busiest holiday weekends of the year in Europe. Up to 450 Sabena pilots and crew members will be involved in the action, to support a demand for higher pay, a pilots' spokesman said. The workers have urged their colleagues on other European airlines to maintain maximum services over the weekend so that Sabena clients will be spared inconvenience, be said.

Motorized boat services resumed in Venice on Monday after a strike kept water buses moored to the docks on Sunday, newspapers reported.

During the strike only gondolas and rowboats plied the Grand Canal, while the lagoon was filled with sailboats.

(AP)

The Swiss government said Monday that it opposes raising the national speed limits of 50 miles an hour (80 kilometers an hour) outside urban areas and 75 miles an hour on superhighways, which have been in force since 1985 in an effort to reduce exhaust emissions. A national vote on a return to the previous limits of 63 miles an hour and 81 miles an hour is expected late next year or in 1989.

A Pan Am jetliner and a TWA jumbo jet passed within 600 feet (180 meters) of each other Sunday afternoon as they were approaching different New York City airports, according to the Federal Aviation Administration. The agency tentatively blamed an air traffic controller who it said had transposed the number of the flight be was guiding. (AP)

Wanted for State of Oatar

The Department of Civil Servants Affairs, Ministry of Finance & Petroleum. State of Qatar invite highly qualified candidates to fill the post of Horse Trainer, vacant in Youth Welfare Supreme Council.

Qualifications & Experience: At least 10 years experience in training horses, instructing in the field of horses and horse races, and will be capable to organize and supervise the horse races.

-He must be medically and physically fit for the job. - Must be conversant with the horse races in the world.

-Must be fluent in speaking & writing English.

Note: Interested candidates may submit their applications in duplicate together with 4 passport size photographs. C.V., photo copies of Diploma/Degree and experience and relevant documents attested from the concerned authorities to:

DIRECTOR OF CIVIL SERVANTS AFFAIRS. MINISTRY OF FINANCE & PETROLEUM, PO BOX NO. 36, DOHA-QATAR.

Applications once received will neither be returned nor acknowledged.

Rally in Latvia to Recall Victims of 1939 Treaty

In his early years as an organizer, have and holidays, vacations, medi-fr. Abel once led 42 wildcat cal insurance and all that because

"Back in those days, you really Most of what workers receive to-didn't have a job," he said in an day from employers represents a

interview last year. "You showed century or more of sometimes

up every morning and what we deadly struggle against big busi-called 'stood for turns.' If the boss ness, Mr. Abel said.

called Mr. Abel's death "a sad day happened to point at you, you for all Americans" and added: "He worked that turn. If he didn't, you

ers and the public each have a stake presidency from David McDonald in the others' well-being." presidency from David McDonald by a 10,000-vote margin. He was

Lorwith Wilbur Abel rose from a re-elected in 1969 and 1973 and Canton, Ohio, foundry worker to served until 1977.

decades before the notion became at 2 o'clock to stand again,"

STOCKHOLM — A Latvian human right is group has called for a Monument to commemorate this commemorate victims of the Sovi- ans. et-German Nonaggression Pact, The Soviet-German pact conwhich was signed on that date in tained secret provisions giving the

The group rallied 5,000 people in via and Estonia. the Latvian capital on June 14 in one of the largest unofficial demon-to annul this pact," Mr. Barkans strations in Soviet history. It called said. But he indicated that the deattention to 15,000 victims of Sta-mand was contained in a letter to

public rally in Riga on Aug. 23 to day as a day of mourning for Latvi-

Soviet Union a free hand with Lat-"We are asking the government

lin's deportations. the Latvian authorities and that the Janis Barkans, 28, acting leader demonstration would be of a meof the human rights group Helsinki morial, not a political, nature.

86, said in a telephone interview He said he expected that some nembers of Helsinki 86 might be harassed or detained in prevent

them from attending the Aug. 23 "A few may suffer what happened in Linards Grantins or Raimonds Bitenieks," a founder and member, respectively, of the group,

he said.

Mr. Grantins was sentenced to six months in prison for refusing a call to reserve military service that he saw as aimed at keeping him away from the June 14 demonstration. Mr. Bitenieks joined a militury unit outside Latvia.



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FURS: Russia's Class-Conscious Traders Are Keeping an Eye on Wall Street American purchases in the Soviet Union are limited by a McCar- of dead animal and disinfectant. As an indicator of world economic health, the fur market is thy-era law, passed with the sup-port of American fur ranchers, that prohibits the importing of mink, fox, ermine, raccoon and several

other furs from Communist coun-

agency, Soyuzpushnina. Stories of plots to kidnap Rus-These pelts go instead to European buyers and to the increasingly sian sable breeding stock are part aggressive bidders from Japan and Hong Kong, although some of this scheme was central to "Gorky Park," Martin Cruz Smith's 1981 Russian fur also enters the American market legally as finished gar- An auctioneer and several assisbest seller. But so far, the sable

Despite the high ceilings of the Stalinist palace built in 1939 to The Soviet fur industry auctions off fewer than 200,000 sable pelts house the auctions, the Wedgwood each year, and the resulting coats, blue walls of the for storage rooms each taking about 90 pelts, are very and the chandelier in the bidding much garments for American capiamphitheater, the ambiance of the Leningrad auction is less Sotheby "Europeans, they don't want it Parke Bernet than taxidermy wareso much," said a New York furrier who specializes in sable. Donald

In six huge inspection rooms, the buyers, wearing white laboratory coats, select pelts strung together by the snout from rack upon rack of bundles. They spread them on work tables under finorescent In July, Mr. Springer and his lights, fluffing the fur to check for father. Leonard, paid a record uniform length, assessing the blue or red tone of the underfur and skin for a bundle of ranch or red tone of the underfur and pelts richly dusted with silver, but 2,900 rubles. sable. They stitched the pelts into a noting the silky glint of silver hairs coat that went to "a person very that give extra character.

their catalogues, and everyone pre-auction inspection.

In the lobbies, they gather over beers from the foreign currency prices have souvenir kiosk to gossip, like farmers, about the costly vagaries of the Fur trade

dling interest of the younger generation in what has long been a fa- ceptable, ther-to-son business. The auction itself is a desultory affair that drones on for a week until all 14,000 bundles are sold. tants, seated on a dais, scan the curved banks of bidders' desks, ac-

knowledging the raised pencil of a Japanese skin merchant or the cry "Up" of an Italian furrier. The sales are in English, and in dollars.
One of the Western rituals the Russians watch with amused pleasure, and some buyers view with

furs.

Fong, bought the top bundle of worker. A shapeless coat of Persian sable — 70 furs at \$1,000 apiece. lamb. considered a luxury in the the price was more than double the

bullish this year. Sable and mink prices have both soared over the Fur traders also say the influence

weather, and to lament the dwinwaned, making fur coats more ac-Alexander G. Zavorochai, a fur

expert who works for Soyuzpushnina, said at least 85 percent of Soviet furs are sold domestically, mostly to trim collars and make the traditional winter fur hat. If that is true, it is a figure that

reflects only volume, not value. Neither sable nor lynx, nor little good fox are in be found in the stores of Moscow or Leningrad. At Gostiny Dvor, the largest department store in Leningrad, the sure, and some ouyers view the competi-undisguised scorn, is the competi-cheapest full-length mink, a utilition to buy the "top bundle," the tarian coat made of pelts that most expensive lot of the prestige would not have caused any excitement at the fur auction, was selling In the July auction, a Hong for 7,600 rubles, or \$12,000, three Kong fur magnate, Stephen S.T. years' pay for the average Soviet It was little wonder the most oling the salky gimt of salver hand estimate of \$485 Mr. Fong had popular fur at the store was leop-tre-auction inspection.

They scribble estimated values in penciled into his catalogue in his ard. Fake, of course, but only 200 robles.



After Four Years, Experts Question Impact of U.S. Education Reforms

By Robert Reinhold New York Tunes Service

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* Continues

NEW YORK — Four years after NEW YORK — Four years after school "reforms" began sweeping across the country amid fears that american public education was lagging, schoolchildren in almost every state are facing tougher academic standards and billions of contract exercises are facing tougher academic standards and billions of contract exercises were on extended contract exercises are forced. every state are facing tougher academic standards and billions of contract, earning up to \$7,000 in

But there is out yet proof that for teachers deemed superior. à students are learning better. Moreover, as the first rush of political enthusiasm has worn off, some of the new measures have begun to nots and legislators to repair educrode in several states under prescational deficiencies that were sure from unhappy teachers and light budgets.

sense that some of the new programs were ill-conceived in the first

"The 1983 reforms did not change the system at all - just tightened the screws," said David R. Mandel of the Carnegie Forum on Education and the Economy which is promoting a plan for na-tional teacher certification. "A few people were getting a few extra dol-lars and not much changed in the were made in the state capitol and

As a result, there is wide talk of a "second wave" of change focusing more directly on how children learn and teachers teach.

long-term results of the changes cording to a study by Allan R. remains, evidence of new programs Odden, Southern California direc-

(32 kilometers) south of Nashville, cation. for example, 329 boys and girls spent a steamy July at their desks at forts to improve public education the Franklin Middle School instead was a 1983 report by the National as U.S. secretary of education com-

of anging for cathis. They studied computer software, Greek mythol-

dullars have been pumped into caura pay for successfully climbing Tennessee's new Career ladder

The scene, in varying forms, has been duplicated all over the country as a result of a rush by goverwidely perceived as putting the American economy at a competi-In addition, there is a growing tive disadvantage.

Since 1980, all but five states have raised the minimum requireplace, focusing on changes that apments for graduation from high pealed to politicians and business-men but lacking relevance to the Chris Pipho of the Education Comdission of the States

Mr. Pipho also reports that 42 states have bolstered their mathematics requirements and 34-have raised science requirements, and that all but 12 states have either begin programs to reward good

Since 1983, two-dozen states, most of them in the South, have way schools operated. Decisions passed broad comprehensive educational packages, tightening aca-demic standards and discipline. raising teachers' salaries and recogmition - and boosting taxes substantially to pay for it all.

Overall, state support for public But while uncertainty about the beyond inflation since 1980, ac-In Franklin, Tennessee, 20 miles Policy Analysis for California Edu-

A major goad to the states' ef-



A classroom in California, where students have been taking more math and science classes.

Commission on Excellence in Education, "A Nation at Risk." The report said that a "tide of mediocriin schooling was undermining the nation's competitiveness in the world economy.

Sooo after, a cascade of legislative revisions in schooling were passed with extraordinary speed, and no little controversy.

results are both promising and disappointing. The school reform movement has benefited about 70 percent of our students but has had no significant impact on the other 30 per-

cent," said Terrel H. Bell, a profes-

still not effectively educating 1983. Scores on the standard Schothem," Mr. Bell said. "But that lastic Apounde Test for college adshould not obscure the fact we are mission are also up. In Florida, the stimulating our better students. high school day has been length-That needed to be done." been a modest improvement in the

The federal role has receded since the 1982 report. Mr. Bell's Scholastic Aptitude Test scores. Four years after the report, the successor, William J. Bennett, has raised doubts about whether Amer- passed one of the broadest reforms report argued, and the Department

able evidence of progress.

Io California, the number of stusor at the University of Utah, who

missioned "A Nation at Risk," dents taking three or more years of ing under heavier academic loads "The 30 percent are the low-in- mathematics is up by 15 percent, come minority students, and we are and science up by 20 percent, since ened to seven periods and there has

In South Carolina, which in 1984 ican schools were as had as the standardized test scores for both primary and secondary school smof Educadon's budget has been out dents have jumped dramatically heavily by the Reagan administra- and average Scholastic Aptitude Test scores bave risen more than in Nevertheless, there is consider- any other state, by 36 points since

imposed by the Regents Action Plan in 1984, although officials say it is too soon to cite results.

From the

beginning, many

analysts say, the

handicapped

imposed from

business

community.

state measures were

because they were

above by politicians

in league with the

But the changes have not been uniformly accepted. New Jersey had to abandon its plan to give \$5,000 stipends to "master teachers" when teachers balked and only one district participated.

And there is evidence that the new programs, in raising educational standards, have had the effect in some cases of exacerbating one of the most serious problems, the dropout rate.

In Florida, there are reports that school reform may have substantially increased the number of high In New York, students are labor- school dropouts. In Louisiana,

high school still fail to graduate.

There are also signs of backsliding as many of the key actors have left the political stage. This January, three governors who made school reform their cen-

tral political goal - Mark W. White Jr. of Texas, Lamar Alexander of Tennessee and Richard W. Riley of South Carolina - left office and were replaced by men for whom education was not as high a priority. Fiscal troubles in many states have crippled some pro-

In Texas in particular, many of the measures passed in 1984 have been in jeopardy as the state bas struggled to cover a huge budget deficit. Governor William Clements proposed, among other things, to hold down teachers' pay. but he averted further cuts by agreeing to a large tax increase.
"The inescapable conclusion,"

according to a report by Policy Analysis for California Educacon, "is that the present course of events may not provide the resources nec-essary even to sustain present edu-cational reform efforts."

From the beginning many analysts say, the state measures were handicapped because they were imposed from above by politicians in gue with the business community. Those expected to carry out the changes - the teachers and principals - had little say, and often

resented them as punitive.

Many of the ideas at the heart of the reforms, like merit pay for superior teachers, were notions drawn from the business world whose applicability to the schoolbouse has not been validated.

Still, the last four years have seen extraordinary ferment in the schools, especially in the South, where public education was widely perceived as lagging.
As recently as 1980, 10 of the 15

states that belong to the Southern Regional Education Board reoutred no science or only one year of it in high school. Today, every state requires at least two years,

some three years, of science, Despite such gains, a recent re-port by the Atlanta-based board said that "most states cannot now prove that educational reforms are working." The states, said Mark Musick, a board spokesman, were "unrealistic" about how much the reforms would cost and how long it

would take to implement them. A particularly controversial aspect of the efforts to improve the schools is the ootion of paying superior teachers extra money.

Tennessee has been a pioneer in this. The career ladder for educators was a major element of the Better Schools Program passed in 1984 under Mr. Alexander. Those reaching the second and third levels by virtue of having passed an evaluation by state-appointed ob-servers can get \$2,000 to \$7,000 a year in extra pay.

But the Tennessee Education Association, the teachers' union, says the majority of Tennessee teachers opposes the program. They argue that the evaluation, done by outside teachers employed by the state Department of Education, is subjective and a poor measure of good

The union argues that the money financing the career ladder should be used to raise the overall minimum salaries from \$16,000 a year

to \$13,500. Robert Collins, the principal of Ulysses S. Grant High School in Van Nuys, California, says the chief benefit of the reforms in his state has been atotudinal.

"If you ask me for signs of progress," he said, "I'm not going to show you a new lah or new computers. The biggest change here has been in the atotude of students."

By Rebels in El Salvador

SAN SALVADOR - A leader of the rebels fighting to topple the U.S.-backed government of El Sal-vador has said that they have no intention of embracing a regional peace accord by declaring a ceasefire in the eight-year war.

"It would be crazy for the guer-rillas, who are advancing and have the army in a bad situation, to surrender," said Guillermo Ungo, president of the Democratic Revo-lutionary Front, on Sunday.

Mr. Ungo's remarks were the ne-bels' first official reaction to the Guatemala peace accord, signed Friday at the end of a two-day summit meeting that brought together the presidents of El Salvadur, Honduras, Nicaragua, Costa Rica and Guatemala.

The Democratic Revolutionary Front is the political arm of the Farabunda Marti National Liberation Front, an alliance of five rebel groups that have been fighting since 1979 to oust the Salvadoran government, which is one of the closest U.S. allies in Central Ameri-

Mr. Ungo spoke in a telephone interview from his exile home in

The declaration of cease-fires in the three guerrilla wars in Central America is a key part of the peace accord signed Friday. It stipulates that the cease-fires are to become effective in 90 days, but does not say how they are to be arranged.

A spukesman for the U.S.backed rebels fighting to overthrow the leftist government in Nicaragua said Sunday that his group intends to continue the fight despite the

"We are in oo way going to lay down our arms," said the spokesman, who asked to remain anonymous. "The fight goes on." He said the contras, as the rebels are known, would continue their

struggle while seeking dialogue with the Managua government for After the accord was signed on Friday, President José Napoleón

Duarte of El Salvador called on his rebel adversaries to lay down their arms and take part in the fledgling democracy.
But Mr. Ungo said that unless

Pact Rejected | A Look at Peace Plans For Central America

... New York Times Service

The Contadora Group An initiative was begun in 1982 by Belisario Betancur, then president of Colombia, toward a regional peace treaty to be signed by five Central American countries: Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua. The initiative was begun by Colombia, Mexico, Panama and Venezuela and they took the name Contadora group for the Panamanian island where the plan was adopted.

One draft treaty in 1984 was eventually accepted by Nicaragua, which then rejected revisions demanded by the United States and several Central American nations. Negotistions continued, and, in June 1986, the Contadora nations, supported by Argentina, Brazil, Peru and Uruguay, offered a new Act of Contadora to the five

The talks stalled again, and at meeting in Guatemala in February there we're wide differences between Nicaragna and its neighbors.

The Manzamillo Talks

Mexico proposed face to face talks between the United States and Nicaragna in 1984. From June to December of that year, eight such meetings took place in the Mexican resort city of Manzamillo. The United States broke them off on the ground that Nicaragua

was using the meetings to circumvent the Contadora process and was not negotiating in good faith. Nicaragua asserted that the talks stalled when Washington objected to the Contadora peace treaty that Managua had found acceptable. .

The Arias Plan

Proposed by President Oscar Arias Sanchez of Costa Rica and signed Friday, the plan calls for immediate talks between governments and unarmed opposition groups in countries where there are armed struggles, immediate cease-fires and a verified process toward amnesties, democratic rights and social justice.

Supervised elections would be held simultaneously in Costa Rica,

Guatemala, El Salvador, Nicaragua and Honduras. There would be an immediate suspension of military aid to insurgents, the countries would refuse to let their territory be used for action against their neighbors, and negotiations would begin within 60 days on controlling and reducing arms inventories and troop strength.

Within six months the presidents of the five countries would meet

to evaluate the progress made toward democratization and peace.

The Reagan Proposal

On Aug. 4, as negotiators in Guatemala were preparing to act on the Arias plan, President Ronald Reagan presented another Central American peace plan calling for an end to military aid to both the Nicaraguan government and the anti-Sandinist rebels, known as

The plan, which Representative Jim Wright of Texas helped draft, envisions an immediate cease-fire and suspension of the state of emergency decree in Nicaragus, followed by negotiations to restore civil rights and to establish a timetable for elections.

If there is no satisfactory settlement on negotiations by a Sept. 30 deadline, the White House would ask Congress to assist the contras on a larger scale than ever.

ment in a loose coalition known as costly and prolonged conflicts that the Guatemalan National Revolu-

illa groups are fighting the govern- decisive step toward ending the

so-called Contadora group, con-But Mr. Ungo said that unless Meeting for talks, foreign minissisting of Colombia, Mexico, Pana-Mr. Duarte declares a unilateral ters from the eight natious issued a ma and Venezuela, and the Contacease-fire, the rebels will refuse to statement in the name of their pres- dora support group, consisting of idents, saying: "The accord Argentina, Brazil, Peru and Uru-In Guatemala, four leftist guer-reached in Guatemala constitutes a guay.

Violence in Haiti Dims Election Prospects The provisional government,

By Joseph B. Treaster

New York Times Survice

PORT-AU-PRINCE, Haid -On Aug. 2, a respected political leader and two aides were stoned and hacked to death during a meeting with about 150 peasants in a

rural churchyard. The next day, a presidential can-didate renowned for having tried several times to overthrow the nowdeposed Davalier family dictatorship, got into a gunfight with sol-diers and fled to the countryside. Nothing has been heard from the man, Bernard Sansaricq, since

A week earlier, soldiers killed 11 persons during anti-government demonstrations in the capital and shot at journalists. The incident brought the oumber of civilians killed by the army in five weeks to more than 30 and the oumber of vounded to 200.

With less than four months remaining before the date set for its first presidential elections in three decades. Haiti is caught up in such a tide of violence that it is doubtful

dominated by the army, says it is determined to see the elections

But the civilian council that is supposed to run the elections told the government the other day that there is "a pulitical tension" throughout Haiti that is "entirely unfavorable to bolding elections."

The council asserted that the tension has been "generated mostly by violent actions perpetrated by the armed forces" and urged that some troops be reassigned.

The government, which must apted recently by the council, has not allocated responded. Government officials pended. have asserted - cootrary to numerous accounts from witnesses ing to protect themselves.

The government, headed by tions into some of the killiogs. But member of the ruling triumvirate, Western diplomats say few, if any, Colonel Williams Regala. Many

Mourners in Port-au-Prince, Haiti, at the funeral of a 20-year-old woman who was killed

The United States, which argues ty and willingness of the generals to that elections are the best hope for conduct fair elections and say they restoring order to the country, has are increasingly convinced that through, and many presidential given Haio more than \$400,000 General Nampby wants either to candidates seem determined to run. Worth of riot-control gear and build on to power or to play a role in trained about 150 Haitians in rint-

control techniques.

But U.S. officials say the gear and the U.S.-trained soldiers have been dispersed throughout the ers began to doubt him in late June, country and not in the capital, where most of the army killings have taken place.

American diplomats have protested the violence and the misuse of the riot-control support. But they are reluctant to recommend prove a new electoral plan submit- that the \$100 million in U.S. aid allocated for Haiti this year be sus-

Doing so, they fear, would bring merous accounts from witnesses — down the Nampby government, that much of the army vinlence has which they hope can maintain been merely a case of soldiers uysome semblance of stability and get the country through elections.

There have been repeated calls Lieutecant Geocral Heori for the resignation of General Namphy, has announced investiga- Namphy and the uther military

determining who succeeds him. General Namphy has consistent-

ly denied any political ambitions. But some of his strongest supportwhen the government seized control of the electoral process from the civilian council provided for by the new Haitian Constitution. After several days of protes

the government reversed itself. But the distrust persists. As a compromise designed to improve the government's credibility and perhaps improve the climate

for elections — some political and religious leaders have begun suggesting that rather than step down. the generals might accept the addition of several oew civilian members, which would put the military in the minority.

But General Namphy has ignored the suggestions. Today, 18 months after the dic-Duvalier collapsed and he fled into exile in France, many Haitians say the widespread violence suggests a

revival of the brutal tactics of repression used in Haiti for almost three decades by Mr. Duvalier and his father, François. During the latest wave of ano-

government demonstrations, witnesses say, many of the army's victims have been innocent bystanders. The Duvaliers played on Wash-

ington's dread of Communism to maintain U.S. support despute their despotism. Now, the Namphy government blames much of the unres on leftist agitators and Communists, and in some of the latest violence, attackers have used anti-Communism to justify their ac-

In late July, more than 100 peas-ants were killed in a daylong battle in which landowners and sharecroppers accused a Roman Cathoic group promoting land reform of

being Communists.

Then on Aug. 2, Louis-Eugène
Athis, the leader of a moderate political party, and two others were
hacked to death by a peasant mob after the victims were accused of being Communists, according to an Athis aide who survived the attack. Mr. Athis had been especially criti-

One result of Mr. Athis's death is that the leading presidential candiby a soldier's bullet on her way to school. In the past five weeks more than 30 civilians have dates say they are afraid to cambeen killed and 200 have been wounded by the army in scattered incidents of violence. paign.



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Kick the Cold War Habit

After 40 years of the Cold War, the result, and Soviet military capabilines de-United States now has a basis for thinking anew about policy toward the Soviet Union. Hostility will not evaporate, of course: worries over containing Soviet power will legitimately continue. But changed circumstances call for addressing them more constructively, with less emphasis on arms and

more on diplomacy and cooperation. President Reagan can leave no greater legacy than to take account of the new realities in East-West relations and put forward new guidelines for managing the transition from cold war to peaceful competition.

The new factors that ehallenge cold war principles are plain. Mikhail Gorbachev seems to be turning the gaze of Soviet leadership more inward, toward galvanizing a moribund economy and toward a greater measure of public participation. That inward focus and greater freedoms have been long-standing American goals. Another goal of American policy has been a stable and independent Western Europe and Japan. This goal, now in hand,

was pursued for its own sake and as a balance against the Soviet Union. U.S. policy makers have also tried to promote a pluralistic world. That world has long since arrived, with its surpassing difficulties and conflicts mostly beyond the power of either Moscow or Washington to control.

American resources are stretched, and beyond doubt the Pentagon budget will be cut. The nation's educational system, the needs of the young and the old, cry out for funds. Economic deficits must be elosed. There can be no U.S. national security, in the profoundest meaning of that term, without

meeting these needs as well as military ones. While American politics too often has pulled policy toward extremes, thoughtful diplomats and analysts in and out of government have long agreed, for the most part, on certain principles:

Deal honeally with the American people. The superpowers have fundamentally con-flicting interests. Friction is the inevitable mand counterbalance and vigilance. Yet there are important common and parallel interests, which also demand attention. Telling these truths will be less exciting than spinning dreams or spitting insults, but far more helpful to steady policy.

Keep arms control at the top of the negotiating ogenda. Limiting arms is not a substitute for policy, but it is the lead element. Preventing nuclear war remains the overriding common interest. In small and steady steps, it can build confidence in a new relationship on both sides.

Do not link regional conflicts with other issues. Few regional tensions are simply or even mainly a product of U.S.-Soviet relations, but involve other countries' interests and politics. No clean solutions, like carving spheres of influence, are possible or desirable. Regular, candid talks would help on what constitutes a vital interest, assurances against direct intervention and greater regard for other nations' right to self-determination. Meanwhile, arms accords or economie arrangements should be pursued on their own merits, without being made hostage to regional disputes.

Recognize growing common interests. Both nations worry about terrorism, the environment, Islamic fanaticism, overpopulation, scientific challenges and the proliferation of nuclear weapons. Calmer relations present an opportunity to address these concerns more effectively.

Look forward to basic changes in the rela-tionship only over the long haul. No one agreement will turn it rosy, and no one crisis will end it. Gradual improvement is the best way to hedge against miscalculations, and alterations in Moscow's policies. It will take strong leadership to disenthrall both sides of the fear and mistrust that have grown up over the years. Yet the chances of succeeding, and of freeing

hopes and energies toward more promis-

ing goals, are better now than ever-- THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Undiplomatic Immunity

The Senate Foreign Relations Committee recently heard some horror stories that did not originate in Managua or Beirut. Witnesses testified about crimes committed against U.S. citizens in the United States by foreigners with diplomate immunity. The senators were told of the officials to the Afghan UN mission who ran down a New York City girl because they wanted her parking space. They heard testimony about a series of rapes attributed to the son of an attache at the Ghanaian mission, an assault by the Mexican ambassador to the United Nations and a shooting by the son of the Brazilian ambassador in Washington, None of those charged was prosecuted criminally because each had diplomatic immunity. It makes the blood boil. Reflecting this,

Senator Jesse Helms has proposed legislation that would do away with diplomatic immunity for all but a handful of senior diplomats. Families and administrative and technical personnel at embassies would be subject to prosecution.

Satisfying as the idea sounds - and no one can deny a powerful desire to do something about these immunized outrages the State Department has entered strong munity, as the chief of protocol, Selwa Roo- good. It is possible, and important, to be sevelt, testified, is essential to help protect firm at bome without jeopardizing the safe-American diplomats abroad. Restricting it ty of American diplomats abroad. severely would not only be a violation of

iatory action by foreign governments.

None of this means that the U.S. government should sit still for these abuses of diplomatic privilege — and in fact the government bas not been passive about them. Actions have been taken to crack down on law violators. Offenders and, to the case of juveniles, their entire families have been expelled from the country. Diplomatie visas have been canceled and their holders' names entered into a computer system to guard against re-entry. Written uidelines have been provided to police departments urging officers to complete tovestigations in order to be prepared for possible criminal prosecutions if offenders manage to re-enter the country, Serious or numerous traffic offenses - a single tocidence of drunken driving for example -will result to the loss of a driver's license. Firearms violations are grounds for immediate expulsion. And diplomats' children over 21, or students over 23, are no longer entitled to immunity.

Senator Helms has apparently been persuaded that his bill would cause more problems than it would solve, and he has indicatat he is open to con

- THE WASHINGTON POST.

Other Comment

On Strike in South Africa

South Africa's dependence on its black mineworkers has long been seen as the white government's Achilles' heel. Some 80 percent of South Africa's foreign exchange is derived from its gold and coal mines, and in theory a miners' strike could bring the country to its knees. But it is questionable whether the current strike, if sustained, could even achieve the black mineworkers' much more limited demands of better conditions and higher pay.

The National Union of Mineworkers is

the most powerful union in the country and the best led. Since its legalization in 1979 the NUM has steadily built up its power and achieved genuine benefits for its members. But at the same time it has espoused radical political ideas. It is doubtful whether the NUM can

persuade its members to sustain a long strike. The cash difference between what the mining houses are offering the miners (a 23 percent increase in wages) and what the union is demanding (a 30 percent rise) is relatively small. Many miners may not be prepared to hold out for long for the outstanding 7 percent. Miners' wages, al-though higher than for many other black workers, do not give miners a surplus to allow them to sit out a long stoppage.

Many miners from Mozambique, Lesotho and Malawi will go home to destitution and large families that are dependent on their wages. Those from within South Africa will fare little better.

The union and the owners still have time to work out a compromise. If they do not, a serious confrontation is likely to develop

in which the union will find itself having to adopt an increasingly radical political stance while the mine owners turn to the government for help. Such developments would almost certainly end in bloodshed. - The Independent (London).

Credibility Risks in the Gulf

Having sailed into this mess with the illthought-out policy of reflagging Kuwaiti ships, the United States now must carry through on what it promised it would do. It can't pull out without giving the ayatollah a vietory and Washington a serious blow to its credibility. But the risks of carrying through are rising day by day.

- The Tennessean (Nashville).

During President Reagan's six years in office, more than 300 American servicemen have been killed abroad. Poorly conceived foreign policy was responsible for putting American soldiers and sailors in those dan gerous circumstances. After his fruitless peacekeeping effort in Lebanon, be has now embarked on another dubious adventure in the Persian Gulf. But if be has performed badly in conducting foreign policy, be has done no better as commander in chief. The navy didn't deploy any of its three active service minesweepers. Instead, the most powerful navy of the world "protected" Kuwaiti shipping by putting the supertanker Bridgeton ahead of the escorting warships. The tanker was sacrificed, as a recently laid mine blew a big hole in it, along with the very prestige and influence that the president is trying to rebuild in the Middle East.

- The Herald (Everett, Washington).

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OPINION



The World Bank Needs New Ideas to Stay Relevant

WASHINGTON — Barber Con-able, ending his first year as president of the World Bank, faces a dual crisis. The reorganization that was to have institutionalized a new vision is mired in staff protests, lawsuits and shrill charges of incompe-tence. Worse, the World Bank itself

threatens to become irrelevant. The bank's purpose is to transfer capital to the Third World. Yet every day a much larger volume of resources flows in the opposite direction. The bank remains the world's largest development institution, but its importance relative to the net flows out of the Third World is steadily shrinking.

The Third World has always been

resource poor, but in this decade it has

become poorer. The debt crisis is accelerating the drain of resources. Led by Citibank's example, U.S. commercial banks are starting to take their inevitable losses. These write-offs do not mean that capital is not flowing out of the Third World, only that the countries cannot pay more than they do. Commercial banks are cutting

WASHINGTON — Behind the turmoil of the recent rioting in Mecca lies a surpris-ing and welcome fact: Saudi Arabia and much of the rest of the Moslem world are more stable

Consider the difference between the latest vio-

lence and the events of 1979, when religious

ing Mecca. These calumnies led directly to anti-

American riots in several cities and the burning

of the U.S. Embassy in the Pakistani capital of

Islamabad. There were fears that Saudi Arabia

itself might be on the verge of collapse.

Eight years later the Iranian line was much

the same, but it provoked anti-American dem-

onstrations mainly inside Iran. The latest Mec-

ca crisis began on July 31 when Iranian "pil-

grims" suddenly led riotous demonstrations against the United States in the holy city. Saudi

security forces tried to control the demonstra-

tions. When the crowd got out of hand, bun-

dreds of people were trampled. Ayatollah Kho-meini then accused the United States and Saudi

Arabia of "using premeditated means" to carry

out a "dastardly attack" on innocent, unarmed

Moslem pilgrims. But there was little response

in the Islamie world, other than a prearranged

demonstration by "relatives" of the victims in

Tehran a few hours after the incident, before

The Mecca events illustrated the seriousness of

the victums had even been identified.

Iran's challenge to Saudi Arabia.

than Western analysts may imagine.

By Sheldon Annis

Saudi Arabia: This Time the Saudis Were Ready

By Mazher A. Hameed

This is the first of two articles.

Since its revolution, Iran has used the annual

pilgrimage to provoke demonstrations and dis-turbances in Mecca every year. The "innocent"

strations; virtually all are instructed to follow the

lead of the demonstrators. The annual pilgrim-

age has thus become an annual confrontation

The recent riot was merely the worst incident.

It provides an important reassurance about

Saudi stability. The contrast with the 1979 sei-

The Saudi security forces' response in 1979 was ineffectual and panicky. Ultimately, outside

help (reportedly including elite French forces) was

required to assist in rescuing Islam's holiest shrine. This time, in contrast, Sandi security forces dealt

with the attempted uprising quickly, effectively and appropriately. The Sandis insist that they did

not use firearms, but in any event they did succeed

In 1979 the Saudi government tried to cut off all news of the events in Mecca. That created an

ideal environment for the spread of wild and

inaccurate rumors by Iran. The latest incident had

a speedy and effective Saudi response. Films of the Iranian pilgrims' provocations and of restrained

in preventing the takeover of the mosque.

between Iran's ambitions and Saudi tolerance.

but it was far from the first.

zure of the Grand Mosque is stark:

back a net of about \$5 billion between mid-1985 and mid-1986. Sub-Saharan Africa is possibly the most capital-starved area on Earth. Even there, capital is still being exported. Even the International Monetary Fund, which is supposed to be solving the debt crisis in Africa, drew out a net of \$400 million in 1986. The second source of the World

Bank's crisis of irrelevance is the Third World's trade deficit. The prices that developing countries pay for what they buy, compared to prices that they receive for what they sell, have worsened every year during the 1980s. From 1981 to 1985 the cumulative terms-of-trade losses of Third World countries amounted to

an extraordinary \$93 billion. In response to debt and worsening terms of trade, developing countries have little choice but to nuthlessly exploit their natural resources. Under pressure to export, Third World countries have been forced to cut irreplacelosses, not increasing loans. In Latin able forests and hastily mine the land. America, for example, the banks drew Conservation has become an unafford-

fanaties tried to take over the Grand Mosque. At I ranian pilgrims allowed to make the pilgrimage

that time, Iranian broadcasts to the Islamic are in fact handpicked by the regime. Consider-

world claimed that the United States was attack- able numbers are trained for disruptive demon-

able luxury. The lumber, beef and commodities that are shipped daily northward deplete an already depleted resource base. In the long run the loss of natural resources may be the most costly of the Third World's many

sources of impoverishment. Can the World Bank stem this drain of resources? Certainly not by itself. A World Bank with twice or even 10 times its current resources would still not be able to reverse the imbalance. Yet there is much that an appressive and farsighted World Bank could do -and no other institution to do it.

Surely there will be major negotia-tions throughout the 1990s that will try to reconcile the debt problem and stabilize world trade. The bank needs to be a major actor, speaking on behalf of the world's poor, In the future the World Bank is less

likely to be judged by the volume of dollars that it lends and more likely to be judged by the power of its ideas and the forcefulness of its advocacy.

Yet a World Bank that finances ideas, not just projects, has to be ex- comment to the Los Angeles Times.

perimenting and taking risks itself. Should the bank be supporting subsistence agriculture rather than export-oriented commodity production? Should it turn its focus upside down to support grass-roots organizations on a massive scale? Should it counsel default when default is the only answer? Should it become involved in delicate matters of social justice that affect the economic options of the poor, such as land distribution and labor codes?

As the Third World's problems get bigger, the World Bank of the 1990s is going to become a relatively smaller institution. To maintain a constructive role, it is going to need fresh financing and fresh thinking. It must demonstrate the workability of new ideas and sell them to other institutions, including Third World governments, their trading partners and commercial banks. Mr. Conable has not yet shown that be can lay the intellectual groundwork to make the World Bank a significant

The writer, a fellow at the Overseas

institution in the 1990s.

security force reactions were quickly made available to other Islamic governments and to the news

media. Official representatives from 44 Moslem

countries witnessed the bodies and attested that

the dead had not been shot. Saudi news releases on

the incident were forthright and surprisingly com-

plete. Most Moslem countries expressed immedi-

ate solidarity with Saudi Arabia.

The Saudi overreaction to the 1979 incident

continued long afterward, and contributed to

international fears about Saudi stability. Indeed,

during the early 1980s Saudi internal security

forces vigorously monitored the behavior of Shi-

ite Moslems and other potential opponents. It is

too early to predict how the government will cope with the aftershocks of the recent events,

but so far there seems little of the paranoia of

The contrast between 1979 and 1987 extends

well beyond the reaction of Saudi Arabia. It is

noteworthy that this time there were no demon-

strations of support for Iran anywhere in the

Moslem world. Whether Shute or Sunni, few

believed the Iranian propaganda and most

seemed to recognize the subversive responsibility of Iran for the incident.

Shiite community in the Eastern Province, there was not the slightest sign of identity with the miscreants in Mecca or the masters in Tehran.

The writer, a Saudi political and security analyst, is the author of "Arabia Imperiled." He contributed this comment to The Washington Post.

Within Saudi Arabia, which has its own sizable

1979, and an overreaction seems unlikely.

For France, A Prospect Of Change

By William Pfaff

P ARIS — It has been a cold summer in Paris, but on the beaches of the south there has been sunshine, and uncommon political activity. Jean-Marie Le Pen, leader of the National Front, has been barnstorming the resorts looking for support in the presidential election eight months away.

Mr. Le Pen is a formidable campaigner. His speeches are rollicking. sentimental, funny — with, through it all an understand the president of the preside

all, an undertone of menace. He sometimes talks two or three hours, holding his audience easily. He resembles a Southern demagogue of the old Amer-ican school, the ones who would hold a courthouse square crowd enthralled to the small towns of Georgia or Mississippi in the 1930s and 1940s, shoutsissippi in the 1930s and 1940s, shouling about blacks "stirred up by Yankee agitators," but also talking crops,
wages, loans and bankers — and what
they were doing in Washington to
make life hard for "the little man."

Mr. I. a Dan is not visiting the fash-

Mr. Le Pen is not visiting the fashionable beaches so much as the popular ones, the family resorts, the places where hundreds of thousands of ordinary men and women have come with their children in overloaded cars, towing campers or boats, looking for a month of sea, meals in the sun, long

evenings dancing at some village fete.
His message is that France no longer is French. There are too many outsiders. His listeners think mainly of North African laborers, but there are plenty of other outsiders - above all in the south, in the summer, when what seems like half of Northern Europe rushes to the Mediterranean sun.

Mr. Le Pen says that if the North Africans or other foreigners want to work and live in France, they should declare that they want to be French, behave like the French, go to school and church like the French, teach their children to speak French, and forget Arabic. If they do not want that, he

says, they should get out.

The message is not overtly racist.
He does not say that Arabs are inferior, or that they should not live as they wish. He simply wants them to live as they wish in their own country, not his. Nonetheless he is breaking taboos that have existed since the war on what a politician should say. But this, of course, is his chief appeal.

1

Mr. Le Pen also runs against the established right and against Paris, He says that the conservative government now to power, that of Prime Minister Jacques Chirac, is no better than the Socialists, maybe worse.

The Le Pen movement made its breakthrough into mainstream politics at a time when the left was in power and a certain part of the conservative electorate, mainly the privileged and anti-de Gaulle old right, wanted to "send a message" to the big conservative parties that they were not doing

enough to fight socialism.

The Socialist government introduced voting by proportional representation, for not particularly creditable reasons of its own. That change aunched Mr. Le Pen. He won some 10 percent of the vote in the 1986 egislative elections and is expected to do better in next year's voting.

His following is young and work-ing class, including people who for-merly voted for the Communists. They are "poor white," but not that poor, so long as they are employed. France in the most in the m but they are on the edge. The prosperity is recent, and seems unsecure.

He expects eight months from now to control a block of votes so large that the big parties will have to make concessions. Many mainstream con-servative politicians are convinced they will have to deal with him. Some argue that assimilating his followers into a bigger coalition is the way to destroy his National Front as a separate force — just as the Socialist Party ruined the Communists by taking them into coalition for the 1981 elec-

tions and in the resulting government. The trouble is that taking the National Front into a conservative coalition would compel a sizable centerright group to leave. The conditions could be created in which a centrist. Socialist coalition becomes possible. That would open a dramatically different coalition becomes possible. ferent political prospect. The time ap-proaches, one thinks, when maneuver and coalition-building will once again

dominate parliamentary politics.

It will not be the same as in the different constitution and a president elected by popular vote, with considerable independent power. But France would no longer have the solid majority governments it has known for the last 30 years, under Gaullists and then, from 1981 to 1986, under the left. The post-Gaullist era in France's political life draws toward its close.

International Herald Tribune. O Los Angeles Times Syndicate.

To Be Treated Like a Great Power, Act Like One

WASHINGTON — The mighty task force navigating the passad spectacle of the decline of U.S. power. The presence of so much hard-ware is an unwitting monument to the lack of international credibility in American resolve. If U.S. power were truly feared, not a single warship would have been necessary. An American flag would have sufficed.

This is another way of saying that

the U.S. capacity for effective deter-rence has badly eroded. Increasingly, the prevailing assumption is that the United States would not dare to use its power, whether conventional or strategic. As that credibility declines, the display of American power to con-vince anyone of U.S. seriousness will have to grow in inverse proportions. The costs of ennveying concern are inflating, and the risk that a potential U.S. opponent might badly miscalculate is correspondingly increasing.
This condition has both global and

regional implications. It could affect the stability of the U.S.-Soviet strategic relationship, and it particularly handicaps the legitimate U.S. effort to preserve third-party freedom of navigation in the Gulf in the context of the Iraq-fran war. That effort, on the level of both military tactics and the domestic debate, illustrates why American military might increasingly lacks deterrent effect. Indeed, things have reached the point where the very effort to deploy so much power communicates to the Iranians the impression of American unwillingness to use it.

By Zbigniew Brzezinski

ships in a highly confined geographical area, where such power is militarily vulnerable and has relatively little utility, instead of intimidating the Iranians, this conveyed an American reluc-tance to become engaged. It signaled a hope that the sheer concentration of

military firepower would be sufficient to deter hostile action. At the same time, the domestic U.S. debate was conveying discord, indeci-sion and even fear. Congress experimented with various attempts at mandating foreign policy by legislarive action, but to no avail. Speeches conveyed anxiety, concern over "risks" and especially preoccupation over the possibility of new U.S. casualties.

Particularly damaging to U.S. credibility were the almost endless congressional speculations about how Iran might strike. Their bottom line was to reinforce the image of a cowardly giant, pretentiously flexing its muscles but only too ready to run for cover at the slightest indication of trouble.

In these circumstances, the propi-tious course of action for the Iranians was to inflict some wound on the Americans and to wait for the internal spasms of self-pity, fear and breastbeating to cause a U.S. pullout. A great power that is respected - in

other words, a great power whose resolve to protect its interests is unquestioned - would have acted somewhat nian-backed internal upheavals. differently. Without much fanfare, it would have concentrated adequate the dominant regional power. From the vantage point of Tehran, military power to inflict serious damthe United States was seen to deploy age on the potential opponent and regional arbiter, as Arab regimes, ap-

In this particular case, Washington should have informed Tehran, perhaps through a responsible third party, of the following:

• that U.S.-flag ships would continue to use the Gulf;

• that America would respond with military means against Iranian assets if any U.S.-flag ship were harmed;

• that it would react similarly if any U.S. fedities were subject to Iranian-sponsored terrorist action: nian-sponsored terrorist action: that it has the capacity to destroy

not only important Iranian military assets but also vital economic facilities, and to impose a total naval blockade of all Iranian maritime trade. In brief, the United States could render Iran helpless in its war with Iraq. Following such a message, the United States could have sent in an unes-

corted freighter or tanker, even in-forming Tehran of its schedule. To enjoy the immunity that accrues to the status of a great power one must first be willing to act like a

great power. It is especially important to do so when major geostrategic interests are involved. The West as a whole will suffer, and the U.S. global position will be endangered, by any one of the following outcomes: Moderate Arab regimes are destabilized by fundamentalist and Ira-

Iran defeats Iraq and becomes

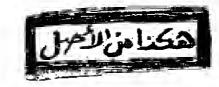
palled by U.S. timidity, turn in desperation to Moscow for protection. could bring matters to a head. As U.S. decision-makers ponder how to react to a possible attack by Iran, they might well bear in mind an irreversible lesson of history: By failing to act file a great power, one invites being treated as if one were not a great power.

The writer was national security advis-er to President Carter. He contributed this comment to The Washington Post

IN OUR PAGES, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO 1912: Goals in Turkey 1937: Zionist Congress

ing to find a formula which will serve as the basis of a treaty of peace with Italy, the Turkish Government is occupied in restoring the country to nor-mal conditions. [On Aug. 10] a leading member of the government gave me a view of the policy the Cabinet intends to pursue. "The whole idea of the Government," he said, "is to restore a normal state of affairs at home by settling toternal dissensions. Our course is conciliatory. We are convinced that we shall gain the confi-dence and support of all parties. The Government considers that all races and religions in the Empire should have equal rights and equal represen-tation in the Legislature." I asked,

CONSTANTINOPLE - While seek- ZURICH - A final resolution was presented, but not yet voted upon, by the Twentieth Zionist World Congress [on Aug. 10]. This proposed resolution, supported by the majority of Congress, empowers the executive to enter into negotiations with the British government "with a view to ascertaining the precise terms for the proposed establishment of a Jewish state." A supplemental resolution presented rejects the conclusions the Royal Commission that the national aspirations of the Jewish people and the Arabs of Palestine are irreconcilable. The Congress reaffirmed on this occasion the declarations of previous congresses expressing the readiness of the Jewish people to reach a peace-Do you think it feasible to form a ful settlement with the Arabs of Palstable Government representative of estine based on the free development Greeks, Armenians, Jews and Albaniof both races and the mutual recognians?" "Yes," was the reply. uon of their respective rights,



OPINION

Honestly, Dad,

Iran-Contra: Reagan Led That White House 'Junta'

By Anthony Lewis

BOSTON — The Iran-contra hearings arms, Mr. Reagan hopelessly corrupted it. He was the man responsible, too, for detached from all that had gone on, Committee members spoke of a "junta" inside the government, of William Casey and John Poindexter and Oliver North carrying out a "coup." It was as if their activities had nothing to do with Ronald Rea-gan. But Mr. Reagan was very much in charge. He made the basic decisions to contravene policies established by law and by his own commitments. He signed the orders for secret operations. If there was a junta, he was its enthusiastic leader.

or France.

William Plan

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The most shocking aspect of the story remains the decision to sell arms to Iran in the hope of getting hostages out of Lebanon. President Reagan had called on the world not to arm terrorist countries, in particular Iran, and not to make deals for hostages. His warmest supporters condemn the arms sale.

It was not John Poindexter or Peter Pan who made the decision to sell the arms. It was the president. He made it against the passionate objections of his two senior cabinet officers, the secretaries of state and defense. He put it in writing.

There were curious mental efforts to evade the import of those sales. The president said the arms were going to "moderates." but of course they went to the government. The president told his aides at one point that America should sell arms to Iran because it was losing the war

with Iraq - but it was in fact winning. Then there was the larger excuse of trying to re-establish relations with a country as significant as Iran. That effort would have been sound policy. But by taking up the Israeli idea of selling

Vulnerable to Grief

D AVID Stockman wrote of President Reagan that "despite his right-wing image, his ideology and philosophy always take a back seat when he learns that some individual human being might be hurt. He was all the more vulnerable to the plight of real people when American lives were at stake. On June 28, 1985, while the 'rew and passengers of a hi-jacked TWA airliner were held captive in Lebanon, the president made a speech in Chicago Heights, Illinois, in which he said, "I only know that none of tis, any country, can afford to pay off terrorists for the crimes that they are committing, because that will only lead to more crimes." But after making this declara-tion of policy, he spent 33 minutes with distraught families of the hostages, and aides remember that he was shaken by the cooversation. "We're doing every-thing we can to secure the safe and early return of those being held," Mr. Reagan told the families. "We're constantly

looking for ways to do more." - Lou Cannon in The Washington Post. :

the other secret policy at issue: sending arms to the Nicaraguan contras while legislation passed by Congress and signed by him forcade military aid.

Again, there is no doubt that he was in charge. After some attempts at evasion, he said that supplying the contras was "my idea to begin with." He has continned to deny he knew that money for arms was being begged from the Saudis and other foreign powers, and from nich Americans. The denials are hollow, but in any event he would be responsible for the acts of subordinates carrying out what

they correctly understood was his policy. The theory that Mr. Reagan was victimized by a Casey-Poindexter-North junta fails on another ground. He ap-pointed those men, and there is every reason to think he knew what they were and got what he wanted.

Mr. Casey was a conspirator from way back, a man of extreme right-wing views and little regard for legal constraints. He used his position as CIA director to push for aid to terrorist groups opposing leftist governments around the world. He cooked intelligence to fit his policy objectives. Can anyone doubt that the man who appointed him and relied on him so ly liked what he did?

John Poindexter and Oliver North were professional liars, and proud of it. ngton has seen nothing to equal Rear Admiral Poindexter's memory, or Lieutenant Colonel North's grandiose glibuess when caught out in falsehood. Can anyone think that their president was mortified at the performance, or doubt that they were carrying out his wishes when they practiced to deceive?

The purpose of all the deception was to concentrate power in the White House. If no one else knows what you are doing, no one can object; no one can interfere.

Secrety prevents accountability.

There again the Casey-PoindexterNorth team was reflecting Mr. Reagan's
view: This president, more than any in memory, regards Congress as an illegio-mate body in matters of foreign policy. He has worked diligently to exclude Congress, surprise it, deny it a role.

To outline what the hearings showed is to see the real object of the conspiratorial activity; to evade the rules of the Constitution. James Madison and his colleagues, 200 years ago, relied oo two main devices to protect the freedom of Americans: the separation of powers and respect for law. The Iran-contra affair was an attempt to frustrate both those safe-- to give America an executive beyond accountability to Congress in for-eign policy, and beyond the law. Many members of the investigating committees saw that plainly enough. But they did not see, or did not name, the man responsible. The New York Times.

your view of life is hopelessly out of date. Why just yesterday Professor Flurble was telling me ...

By DANZIGER In The Christian Science Mon

Looking for Glasnost on the Scene

PARIS—A rock concert turns rowdy I in a Moscow suburb, several thou-sand Tatars dare to hold a demonstration in Red Square and get away with it. a "free enterprise" restaurant opens and, suddenly, for some there's a whill of Prague Spring in this Moscow summer. Never mind that the Tatars were subse-

quently warned that further protests would not be tolerated, or that police vigilance over unofficial youth gatherings regularly degenerates toto brutality (this according to Komsomolskaya Pravda), it might seem that the great liberal gust of glasnoss has succeeded in blowing open more "windows on Europe" than Peter the Great could have imagined.

Newspapers are allowed, even encouraged, to criticize economic policy. Theater managers can be bolder. The Baptists can import 100,000 Bibles. It must be a heady time in the Soviet capital.

A visitor just back in Paris from a brief stay (his first) in Moscow and Leningrad could not quite believe his eyes when he read that, in the words of a former U.S. ambassador to the Soviet Union, "Open-

ness is evident everywhere in Moscow."
Now, I am not a Kremlinologist; oor had I any intention of exercising my journalistic profession on this trip. I was as much a curious tourist as my American compatriots (a theology teacher, a retired essman) seated for dinner in the Rossiva Hotel. But I cannot help but sense a measure of wishful thinking in some of the current Western enthusiasm. We so want them to be more like us. By Stephen Williams

more democratic, more mobile, more consumer-oriented. We are always ready to discover political pluralism behind a Dallas Cowboys sweatshirt on Gorky Street or to grasp at the timest traffic jam as a sign of growing prosperity. But what

do we see on the street? First of all. Communist Russia is an old-fashioned society, to its dress, its public morals, its unquestioned national

MEANWHILE

pride and patriotism and its respect, at least superficial, for civic order.

Prim little girls wear long braids and huge bows in their hair (red and white are preferred colors), while the nondescript clothes of adults could date from the 1950s or even the 1930s. Automobiles, like women's hair styles, seem to suffer from an absence of style, except that it all comes from another age. At best, this is postwar Europe, that period of pre-eco-nomic miracle in the West when the Germans had finished stacking the bricks.

Where are the "rockers" one reads about, the rebels without a cause, the Russian punks who are jolting Soviet society? Perhaps they were all vacationing on the Black Sea when I was in town.

Newly married couples have their photographs taken before the Eternal Flame of the Unknown Soldier, praise of party and nation is spelled out in tall letters perched on factory roofs; the huge line of

Russians that snakes through the Krem-lin Wall gardens and up to Red Square for a 30-second view of Lenin's mummy is disciplined and uncomplaining, marshaled two-by-two by pickets of uncom-promising soldiers. It's enough to warm

an American conservative's heart. One day I managed to break out of the tight Intourist schedule to go in search of an icon museum situated just east of the city center. (I was told by the guide that the museum, not on the official tour, was "difficult" to get to.) in my quest to see

real Russian art, I got a glimpse of real Russian living conditions. The pervasive street pollution, the state of neglect of most buildings, a pitiful vegetable market (a couple of crates of cucumbers) and the obvious indifference of a worn-down population all seemed to be a world away from the spirit of glasnost. In one street, a long line of poorly dressed men had formed to get into a dark, primitive bar dispensing beer. The scene was typical: From the dusty tin-can streetcars of Leningrad to the recently built apartment blocks of Moscow that are already overgrown with weeds, it was like so many the visitor commonly sees.

Economically, Mikhail Gorbachev's reforms have a very long way to go. Changing habits of mind may be even harder. The limits on "openness" are part of everyone's Soviet experience.

Guests to the capital must carry a hotel identity card, needed to get past the door-man (you do not just walk into the Rossiva or the Cosmos off the street) and necessary to get the key to your room; on each floor is stationed an unsmiling den mother who collects hotel cards and distributes keys. Foreign newspapers are in-deed available — they are the organs of the Western Communist parties. You can go anywhere you want to go — as long as you stay in Moscow. And so on.

The restrictions on movement even touch the dead. A famous cemetery is off limits to visitors. Russian and foreign alike. Presumably, the interred are politi-

At street level, then, is glasnost merely a facade? Is it a Potemkin village of measures that can be pulled down quickly when no longer needed? In any case, this seems to be a nation of facades. The marvelous Neva-front palaces in Leningrad screen whole neighborhoods of decaying buildings that look abandoned, Moscow's center is ringed by half a dozen huge monuments to Stalin's architectural taste looming over districts that in the

West would qualify as slummy.

An evening of folk dancing is striking, in the same way. What a contrast between the high-spirited kicking and stomping, the wonderously colorful costumes and the utter drabness of the Moscow crowd.

True, Mr. Gorbachev never promised a shopping mall to every suhurb. But the somber scene surprises the visitor. No. Moscow 1987 is not vibrant Prague 1968. Gorbachev must not be Dubcek. And by the way, whatever happened to Alexander Dubcek?

International Herald Tribune.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

representatives from the West Bank in a

According to a public opinion survey published in May, only I8 percent of Israeli Jews would like to hold on to the captured territories for ideological or

emoconal reasons. However, because Is-

rael finds no Palestinians willing to ac-

cept territory in exchange for an ironclad peace, the incorporation of 1.5 million

Palestinian Arabs toto Israel becomes a

Coping with a large Arab minority may be the "compromise" Israel has to make. It will be a test of the Torah, which

36 times repeats the commandment to

protect the rights of the oon-lew to Israel.

Patrick E. Tyler and Jonathan C. Randal ("The Palestinians: Bitter Are the

DAVID BEDEIN.

fact of life for all to deal with.

Israel and the Palestinians: Peace Talks With Whom?

Regarding "Arab-Jewish Integration in Israel: It All Started With the Buses" (Aug. 5) by Thomas L. Friedman:

Professor Sari Nuseibeh seems to be unaware that his "radical thesis," that Israel is already a Jewish-Arab state, was argued in the 1920s and 1930s by a strong and vocal Zionist group, led by the then president of the Hebrew University of Jerusalem and a number of the university's founders and professors. This group demanded not a partition of the country but a binational state. The melancholy end of the movement was due not so much to the opposition of the more extreme Zionist wing as to the tell-tale fact that the group had no Palestinian-Arab interlocutor to talk to.

R.J. ZWI WERBLOWSKI. Jerusalem

In "20 Years After, Uneasiness to Israel" (June 8), Stephen S. Rosenfeld says that Israel is reluctant to engage in political and territorial "compromise with compromise-minded Palestinians." In fact, the Israeli left has been

searching for such "compromise-mind-ed Palestinians" for the past 20 years, covertly and openly. The Israeli govern-

Landless," June 4) describe the harsb reality: 250,000 Palestinians in Israeli ment also has been seeking them, mostly covertly. Recently, after the murders of prisons in their lifetimes, 1,215 deported or expelled, 1,300 of their bomes bulldozed. The resistance and agony of the two Jewish residents of the West Bank (a Palestinians will continue until their pregnant woman and an 8-year-old right to an independent nation is recogboy), a delegation from Israel's leftist "Peace Now" movement engaged PLO nized and that nation is established. R. SEMAN, dialogue, hoping to facilitate a PLO statement denouncing acts of murder and sedition. They got nowhere.

Moshe Arens, in "Mideast Peace Talks: Prescription for War," (July 27), seems upset that the Soviet Union would wish to be more than a rubber stamp at an international peace conference. This is surprising, coming from a former Israeli minister who should know that Moscow wields a great deal of influence in the region and that the Soviet Union's active cooperation is vital if there is to be peace.

Regarding the creacon of a Palestinian state on the West Bank, be says that there would be "no way to control who would rule the area once Israel relinquished con-trol." That is the intended result, Palestinians, like every other people on Earth, have the right to live to a country where they may choose their leaders and institutions without foreign interference,

THOMAS J. KENNY.

What About the Guns?

Regarding the report "It's War on A.'s Overheated Freeways" (July 29): It amazes me that medical and law enforcement authorities would attribute 10 senseless highway shootings only to cally ton hot to handle. record traffic on Southern Californian freeways, hot weather and Californians' love of their cars." Has anyone asked why all those people are carrying gums?

Or have I been living abroad so loog that in my absence such questions have become outdated?

SALLY SOLO.

Airdasher vs. Helicopterer

Steven R. Weisman ("India's Hamely English," July 13) highlights a hunch of negative characteristics at the expense of bountiful positive aspects. He is unduly worried by such innovations as "airdash," meaning to rush by air. Americans themselves profusely license such linguistic oddities as "helicoptered." And it was Lionnel Trilling who said that when we hear English from the mouth of an American, we fear for its integrity.

THOMAS VARGHESE.

Corum congratulates the skipper and crew of the New Zealand yacht "Propaganda" the winner of the Corum Trophy—the second regatta in the famous international Mumm





Creators of the famous Admiral's Cup watch.

The Australian and New Zealand yachts "I Punkt" and "Kiwi" came second and

the number one selling

Iraqi Planes Renew **Bombing Attacks on** Iranian Oil Facilities

The Associated Press

NICOSIA — Iraqi warplanes raided oil installations in northern and southwestern regions of Iran on Monday in the first such bombings in at least two months.

The Baghdad military command said warplanes had carried out Iran to refrain from retaliatory atraids on an Iranian oil refinery in the northwestern city of Tabriz and on five oil fields in the western Khuzestan region, the Iraqi News Agency reported.

The official Iranian news agency. IRNA, monitored in Nicosia, reported casualties among workers and said that the raids had damaged industrial complexes in Ta-briz and in an oil field south of Ahvaz. The Tehran radio said nine civilians had been killed and several had been injured.

The Iraqi command said the strikes had been a "back-breaking" retaliation that the Iranian government deserved because it had rejected a United Nations Security Council cease-fire resolution and had resumed attacking Iraqi civil-

Iraq has restrained its air attacks since May 17, when an Iraqi fighter fired missiles at the U.S. guidedmissile frigate Stark in the Gulf, killing 37 American sailors. Iraq said the plane's pilot had mistaken The Security Council ordered a cease-fire on July 20 in the nearly

(Continued from Page I)

if they agree to stop running the country like a one-party revolu-

tionary socialist state. Since the

Sandinists have been a revolution-

ary party since their founding 25

years ago, such a change would be

One diplomat said the shift

would change the Sandinists' pro-

gram from a homegrown form of

Cuban-style Marxism to "a kind of

Mexican one-party state in which

"We now have to see if the San-

the opposition plays a major role,"

dinisis are serious," a Salvadoran

official said. "If they use this tacti-

cally to buy time and hold on to

power, then it's a failure and the

seven-year Gulf war, Iraq accepted the resolution, but Iran rejected it. Adoption of the resolution was followed by further Iraqi restraint in its air attacks.

Military experts have speculated that the bombing lull also allowed tacks at a time of high tension in the Gulf as U.S. vessels began operations in the region.

The raids came a day after both sides reported civilian casualties resulting from air raids or artillery shelling along the 730-mile (1,180kilometer) war front.

An Iraqi communique said long-range Iranian artillery fire had killed three persons in the Kurdish town of Qala-Diza in northern Iraq and had damaged several houses in

the southern port city of Basra. Iran said Sunday that five civilians were killed and 10 were wounded when Iraqi bombers raided the town of Sardasht in northwestern Iran on Saturday.

■ Iranian Shelling Reported the head of the Gulf in retaliation for Baghdad's air strikes on Monday, Reuters reported from London, quoting IRNA.

The report said the Iranians had also bombarded military and economie centers in the Iraqi port of Umm Qasr, south of the city of

change the way they rule, it will be

appears to represent a triumph in

other Central American leaders to

try to negotiate an end to the con-

flicts that have devastated their so-

"I am extremely happy." Mr.

Arias said, "I was able to convince

my colleagues in Central America

that either we sign the agreement

today or else there will be escalat-

been going on for nearly four years,

Voragoe Press, 516 W. 34th S., New York, N.Y. cials said they decided to sign the divided the United States and Nic-

Regional talks about peace had

ing war in Central America."

duras and Guatemala.

persistent struggle to persuade

The new plan is based on a pro-

a giant political step."

cieties and economies.

B-1: Serious Problems

(Continued from Page 1)

could meet these tough demands. Is worked diligently to prove it could remain within its budget, cutting corners and whittling back parts of the B-I program. It persuaded Congress to accept special cost-cutting contracting arrangements even though the B-1 program did not qualify under the military's re-

Far from controlling costs, however, the spending cap "provided a mythical ceiling and diverted management initiatives into efforts to locate ways around the cap," according to a 1982 GAO investigation. "Billions of dollars devoted to the B-t were tucked into other pro-

grams to avoid the cap." The GAO found that the air force had disguised extra costs for such essential items as training simulators, engine parts and mainte-

Other features were removed from the original budget as "mnec-essary" only to resurface in new budger requests as "enhance-ments" needed to meet a changing Soviet threat

Of all the cost-cutting, time-saving efforts, the most controversial was the air force decision to use a Iran shelled Iraqi oil platforms at high-risk procurement plan called "concurrency" in contracting jargon. It meant that the air force developed the B-l's parts at the same time the plane was on the Air force officials say this was

the only way they could produce the plane quickly enough to meet the congressional guidelines, even

one termed "a necessary political

worried by apparent bipartisan

support in the U.S. Congress for

the far tougher accord proposed by Mr. Reagan and Mr. Wright.

They know if they are not flexi-

ble and don't compromise, the war

The new accord calls for cease-

fires, peace talks and amoesty to

end regional wars. It also calls for a

cutoff of outside aid to rebel

groups, regular elections, political

pluralism, press freedom and guar-

not cover is security concerns, such

Salvadoran and Honduran offi- as Soviet military aid, that have cal parties, and run in elections.

will go on," Mr. Arias said. "Real-

ly. Nicaragua is a mess."

A Costa Rican official said he

step" to test the Sandinists.

war will go on. But if they really treaty because they felt it was what aragua. Such issues will almost cer- dro Joaquin Chamorro Jr., said on

PEACE: Managua's Ability to Change the Way It Governs Is Seen as Key to Accord

posal first made by President Oscar felt the Sandinists had decided to Arias Sanchez of Costa Rica. It sign the plan because they were

and the fact that a plan was finally antees of civil rights. But it has no stated sanctions for noncompliance

and other observers. The plan was and no clear sequence of how these signed on Friday in Guatemala measures are to be carried out, fac-

City by the presidents of Costa tors that may hamper the process. Rica, Nicaragua, El Salvador, Hon-



A prototype of the B-1. Technical problems have crippled its ability to carry out its mission.

The system allowed Rockwell International Corp. to gear up its as-sembly line quickly. In September 1984, within three years of signing the contract to build the airframe, Rockwell rolled out the first plane on a runway in the California desert east of Los Angeles.

Because of the hectic production schedule, there was little time—in radar to the plane.
some cases, no time—to test the bomber's systems. As a result, flashlight in a dark room," said many components did not work once they were assembled.

Rather than slow the main prodoction line, Rockwell delivered some bombers with flawed parts, while others lacked some of their most critical components, including the electronic countermeasures system produced by Eaton Corp.'s AIL Division.

The irony was that Mr. Reagan had used that system's advanced capabilities as a B-1 selling point. Its computers and electronic eyes, contained in 108 black boxes, were designed to spot possible attacks

rect talks between Washington and

gion. This issue is left to the Conta-

dora group of negotiating nations, made up of Mexico, Colombia,

Another weakness in the plan is

but only with unarmed opposition

parties. Without direct talks with

the armed opposition, the likeli-

hood of oegotiations to end guerril-

hood of oegotiations to end guerru-la wars appears limited.

The Salvadoran guerrillas have repeatedly refused President José Napoleón Duarte's appeal that

they give up their guns, form politi-

A Nicaraguan rebel leader, Pe-

Venezuela and Panama.

foreign military influence in the re- the state."

tainly have to be negotiated in di- Saturday: "We aren't giving up our

Another difficult issue the plan gua. I will return to Nicaragua does not address is how to reduce when I can stand on television and

the growing armies, weaponry and say what I want about the nature of

that it does not specifically call upon the governments of El Salvador. Nicaragua and Guatemala to enter into direct talks with the armed guernilas opposing them, legitimacy of the Sandinist governments govern

and jam Soviet defenses, rendering defense contractors declared it them impotent.

Individually, many of the boxes worked. But when the 2.5-ton system was assembled, the software in some boxes was incompatible with the oorthern Texas plains, ready to other boxes. lo one of the worst go on alert and perform their miscases, the plane's electronic jam-ming devices not only were unable as a beacon that would draw Soviet

Captain Fred Strain, an officer trained to operate the B-I's defen-

sive avionic equipment.

The first inklings of major B-1 Stealth homber presented to the alarms that the crews considered it House Armed Services Committee by the GAO. According to Mr. Conahan of the GAO, agency offi-

weapons unless there is an irrevers-

ible track to democracy in Nicara-

In fact, while the new accord

appears likely to force changes in the way the Sandinists govern Nic-

aragua, it appears unlikely to

threaten their strong hold on power

ment, calls for ending aid to the

American-backed rebels, and

makes no demand for the Sandin-

ists to reduce their armed forces,

their ties to the Soviet bloc or the

It appears unlikely that even a

significant democratic openiog io

Nicaragua would permit any oppo-

sitioo group to mount a major chal-

lenge to the Sandinist party. The

political opposition is badly divid-ed and weakened by years of police harassment, powerlessness and the

departure into exile of hundreds of

But if the Sandinists permit the restoration of a free press, free or-

ganization of political parties and

political rallies, as well as a return

of exiles and rebels seeking amnes-

If, however, the Sandinists do

not offer such a political opening, it

is likely that Congress will support

increased aid to the contras, and

what failed to be decided last week

at the negotiating table will again

be contested on the battlefield.

Bus Plunges Into Canal

In India, Killing Scores

left running, and as some passe

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day.

bus rolling into the canal on Fri-

mained in cootrol.

number of Cuban and Soviet advis-

ers in Nicaragua.

tered the air force fleet last Septemings. Defense Secretary Caspar W. ber, though, military officials and Weinberger was said to be furious

production miracle. Four years after the production contract was signed, n squadron of the powerful

What the air force did not say to jam Soviet defenses, they served about the bomber was that it could perform only part of its mission. The plane was not ready to be flown at its most effective terrainhugging levels. Its electronic jamming equipment did not work. There were flight-control failures, a bomb bay door malfunction that sent bombs spiraling out of control problems were revealed last sum- and a computerized maintenance mer during a closed briefing on the system that gave off so many false

become public until several weeks cials mentioned the B-I's problems after the bomber was declared opduring questioning about the crational, stunoed members of tealth. Congress, who had not yet received When the first B-1 officially en- a full briefing on the GAO find-

The revelations, which did not

adequately warned him about the KIDS: problems, according to Pentagon officials.

The air force and its contractors have scrambled to correct many of

the problems. While air force officials and contractors say they have fixed or found n way to fix many of the Bl's problems, they concede that the Eaton electronie countermeasures system, which is the greatest prob-lem, may not be fully operating moul 1991.

Further, they say the problem is compounded by continuous changes in what is perceived as the Soviet threat, which force engineers to try simultaneously to correct problems in software designed to meet current threats as well as improve software to combat future threats

According to Mr. Aspin, the bomber is capable of performing about 60 percent of its mission and will be about 80 percent effective after the air force puts planned improvements into effect.

Air force officials boasted that the B-1 celebrated the July 4 Independence Day holiday by breaking four world records and setting 14 standards for a combination of speed, distance and payload.

Still, the plane continues to be

plagued by embarrassing difficul-ties. In June, the air force took the bomber to the Paris air show, one of the most prestigious international stages for aeronautical equip-ment. After the show, when the crew prepared to fly it home, the B-I's engines refused to start because of a failure in the auxiliary power

The plane left Paris a day late. after the air force trucked in a 230volt ground power unit to jump-

Traveling Parents

(Continued from Page I)

thought it very unprofessional to bring your child with you. Now i could care less what people think. Mr. Burt even arranges for his daughter to be brought to visit him at clients' offices.

The key to Mr. Burt's travel success is the nanny who accompanies him and Hannah After Mr. Burt leaves in the morning, the nanny bathes Hannah and the two then stroll in a park or tour some city sight. They visit Mr. Burt at mid-morning, then have a snack at the hotel, recreation, activity, lunch and, for Hannah, a nap. They return to see Mr. Burt at about 3:30 or 4 P.M.

These visits are no big deal, Mr. Burt said. No matter what he is doing he drops it, introduces Hannah to whomever is around, in-quires about her day's activities and then returns to work. She may stay five minutes or as long as an hour. The interruptions, he said, do not perturb his business associates. who only care that Mr. Burt does

Mr. Burt said his unbroken rule was that he be with Hannah from 6 to 8 P.M. The two dine and read together before she goes to bed. "I don't let anyone else put her to bed," he said. After settling her between the sheets, Mr. Burt frequently returns to the office or joins associates for dinner.

When Meghan joins ber mother on a trip, Ms. Desmond has to call in advance to arrange child care and, if a rental car is needed, reserve an infant safety seat. In most cases, the hotel provides her with the name of an individual or a bonded baby-sitting service that it has found to be reliable. Hotels in metropolitan areas

usually recommend bonded services only. For added reassurance, Ms. Desmond makes it a practice to telephone the sitter before leaving home.

Sitting changes vary by city, usually ranging from \$3 to \$6 an hour with 24-hour notice, or a dollar more without notice.

While it may appear costly to include a child on business trips, the additional expense is not significant, said Ms. Desmond, who must pay for a sitter anyway when her daughter remains at bome. We Meghan flew for free until age 2 and now qualifies for child fare when available.

Ms. Desmond, whose business expense account does not cover child care, once paid air fare for a friend who agreed to care for Meghan while Ms. Desmond at-tended daylong meetings.

"I figured it out that it was only going to cost me \$20 more to fly her to Washington than to pay for a sitter once I got there," Ms. Desmond said.

Neither Mr. Burt nor Ms. Des-mond regards their daughters as exceptional in their ability to travel well and their fondness for the trips, but both acknowledge that they have been spared serious

"The big challenge is when she goes to school," said Mr. Burt. looking toward the time when Hannah's education will conflict with with him. "She's going to miss a lot of school."



thousands of opponents of the San- Cyril Ramaphosa, the miners' leader, at a news conference.

Blacks do nearly all the under-

ground work at mines, except blast-

ing. The 26,000 white miners do

The strike is legal because the

cific grievances, orgotiated with management, reached a mutually

agreed deadlock in July, took a vote

of its members and was authorized

supervisory and special jobs.

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italy	Lire	380,000	210,000	115,000	Lire 756	Lire 275,200		
Luxembourg	L.Fr.	11,500	6,300	3,400	L.Fc, 18,41	L.Fr. 6,700		
Netherlands	FL	650	360	198	F1. t,2t	Fl. 440		
Norway*	N.Kr.	1,800	990	540	N.Kz 3,05	N.Kr 1,t10		
Portugal	Esc.	22,000	12,000	6,600	Esc. 64,56	Esc. 23,500		
Spain*	Ptas.	29,000	16,000	8,800	Ptas. 55,33	Ptas. 29,140		
Sweden*	S.Kr.	1,800	990	540	S.Kr 3,05	S.Kr Ltt0		
Switzerland	S.Fr.	510	280	154	S.Fc 1,10	S.Ft. 400		
Rest of Europe, North Africa, former French Africa, Middle East S 430			230	125	Vinden b			
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valid through December 31, 1987 for new subscribers only.

STRIKE: South Africa Mines Shut (Continued from Page 1) mine property and seldom see their

wanted to keep working. shift in the way they exercise pow-The statement reported three clashes, including one in which six Nicaragua could then conceivminers were injured at the Vaals Reef mine, and said security offiably enter a much more flexible and pluralistic period of political cers had used tear gas and rubber bullets against "intimidators." change, even if the Sandinists re-

Union officials were instructed to begin strike balloting Monday at 12 other mines, which produce platinum, chrome, uranium and di-

Oo Sunday night, security men at Anglovaal Ltd., which does not recognize the mineworkers' union, fired rubber bullets to disperse an "unruly mob" at its Lorraine Gold Mine in the Orange Free State. The company said a miner was treated for n leg wound.

Mr. Golding said union mem-bers were holding a meeting at Lor-raine when security men attacked NEW DELHI - The police recovered 68 bodies of victims who

died when a driverless bus plunged 90 feet (27 kilometers) into a canal The union said Monday the only io northern Uttar Pradesh state, the "tension point" was at Johannes-United News of India reported. As burg Consolidated's. Randfontein many as 100 people were feared dead in the accident, the police Estates gold mine, west of Johannesburg. It said that security personnel there had ordered miners to According to an official report go to work at gunpoint.

Saturday, the bus was overcrowded The company denied the assertion, but conceded that mine operand the conductor and the driver got off after some passengers re-fused to leave. But the engine was ations were not "normal." Mr. Golding said miners were gers tried to scramble out, the gear lever was shifted, which sent the

Mining companies implemented 15-percent to 23.4-percent wage increases on July I. The union is

to call a walkout.

demanding 30-percent across-theboard increases. The union says that black miners are paid an average \$172 a month, ooe-sixth the overage white miner's wage, and blacks have an average annual leave of 14 to 18 days, com-

pared to 35 days for whites. ■ Briton Jailed in Botswana

Stephen Henry Burnett, a Briton who claimed to be a British and South African agent, was jailed Monday for five years in Botswana for an attempt on the life of a white anti-apartheid activist, United Press International reported from Lobatse, Botswana.

Mr. Burnett, 30, held Ronnie Watson, a South African, at gunpoint in a hotel room in the Botswanan capital, Gaborone, on May 24 and demanded that Mr. Watson evacuating hostels on mine proper-identify Gaborone-based members ty and were being taken to their of the African National Congress, homes to avoid violence. Black the guerrilla organization that is mineworkers live in hostels on outlawed in South Africa.

union declared a dispute over spe-12 Hurt by Bomb Near U.S. Vehicle In Athens Suburb

Reuters

ATHENS — A bomb in a car bearing U.S. diplomatic license plates exploded Monday near a U.S. Air Force bus, injuring nine U.S. military personnel in the bus. the police said.

Two Greeks were injured in the attack, which occurred in the beach town of Voula, an Athens suburb. A U.S. serviceman walking by was also hurt, a spokesman at the U.S. Embassy said. He said none of the injuries was serious. No one immediately claimed responsibility.

In Washington, U.S. officials 27 said the nine injured Americans were air force personnel. The officials, who asked not to be identified, said information was still sketchy on the nttack.

In late April a similar attack injured at least 17 persons, nine of them U.S. servicemen. Greece and the United States recently agreed to negotiate the renewal of an agreement on U.S. military bases opposed by many Greeks.

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ARTS/LEISURE

Picnics Are High Life at England's 'Glorious Indulgence'

By Francis X. Clines
New York Times Service

EWES, England - "Picnics is L all right for the small town suckers, but we're used to the high life, you know," Sportin' Life sang, propbesying the sunset tableaux that followed a short while later out on the pastoral grounds of the lyndebourne estate as the privileged bearers of the single most coveted ticket of the English summer gathered for halftime picnics.

Never mind a seat at Wimbledon tennis, an invitation to a Buckingham Palace garden party, a ticket front-row loll at the international test match at Lord's Cricket

The scarcest single ticket in England is a seat in the small theater huilt onto the Glyndebourne manor house and, more particularly, at the acclaimed production of Gershwin's "Porgy and Bess" that re-opened for eight summer performances, all long since sold out, in what has been well-termed Glyndebourne's "glorious indulgence."

Some of the Glyndebourne auditive could be seen making a daylight dash in evening elothes through Victoria Station in London for the 2:50 P.M. train here, 50 miles south in the Sussex countryside. They lugged hampers of deli-

to cool in the estate ponds and glish exile. generally congratulating themselves for having the rare presence to wander the gardens and witness the opera blossoming on the 700year-old estate.

Other opera buffs of bumbler means, tuxedoed and gowned nevertheless, came in family cars, arriving by dint of thrift - tickets cosi up to £50 each (nbout \$80) and persistence. The waiting list is years long for membership, which then allows a lottery-governed chance for the limited tickets to the 73 evenings of six different produc-

"We applied for membership in 1959 when we were engaged, and finally were accepted in 1966," said Priscilla Pode, who still had to wait a year to get tickets for this second and final cycle of "Porgy." "But the box office people are always won-derful," she added, careful not to

Derided when it was conceived 53 years ago, the Gyndebourne Festival Opera has come to prevail as perhaps the most exotic hybrid of England's social-show hiz cynosures, one that can resist even

cate nibbles and repasts, disem-barking in tuxedos and fur capes decided touch of the class struggle chantment." verve of a Turner landscape and a ing needless chagrin and disen-

past indifferent white sheep, plac-ing their intermission Champagne first puzzled out his dogma in En-hourne's happy few danced out

"Too many corporation guests and parties now." said one long- popping Dom Perignon. time Glyndebourne lover who recalled three decades back when the membership waiting list was only seven years long. "Sometimes they get tipsy nt their picnics and tend to giggle in the second half."

This was hardly the case Thursday as the audience was riveted, then on its feet for a standing ovation for "Porgy," the performance bolstering the festival's reputation as a place of the highest standards where artists can invest weeks in rehearsals with some of the best directors and musicians of interna-

But for George Christie, the Glyndebourne chairman, whose parents ingeniously converted the estate house into what is now a eharitable trust, this is another summer of agonizing over the "voracious and relentless quest" for

And so he is considering providing another dipperful of room for the ocean of demands by adding 250 seats to the splendid 830-sea theater. "There is a point," he said, It combines the aesthetic frenzy "when, if you can't respond to de-of the opera fanatic, some of the mand, you are at the risk of creat-

onto the lawns for the 75-minute dinner break, humming Gershwin,

to the cool English evening after the final curtain, chauffeurs stowed the portable tables and silver candiesticks and gowned guests disturbed the nearby sheep one more time with their limousine departures. Then it was that Damon Evans, the gifted, kinetic Juilliard School alumnus who plays Sportin' Life, emerged from Catfish Row to the Glyndebourne gardens for his reverennal post-show stroll,

"It's my moment for expressing my own gratitude that I did one more performance here," said Evans, who has the problem all Americans have in trying to explain to people back bome the special concatenation of the artistic, the pastoral and the indulgent that make Glyndebourne so unusual and so

He has bad trouble getting enough rickets for kin, but he got one for his 80-year-old grandmother from Baltimore, who was talked into bringing an evening gown over, with her expecting to change at Glyndebourne. "I told her no, that's not the way it's done," Evans said. "You have to experience Glyndebourne in order to under-



Al fresco diners on the grounds of Glyndebourne, with the manor house and the theater's stage tower in the background.

Ariel Dorfman, the Chilean Writer, Protests Second Exile

By Bradley Graham

B UENOS AIRES —Ariel Dorffound himself exiled from his homeland for the second time last week, wonders what to call this painful throwback.

"Re-exile," he ventures, "It doesn't even exist in Spanish." "Reexilio," he says, inventing the Spanish. He repeats the new word, werns satisfied with it, but still recoly troubled by the situation,

Banished from Chile in 1973, allowed to return a decade later, Dorfman was shockingly turned away at the Santiago airpon Aug. 2 after a flight from the United States, where he spends much of his

"They've virtually created a new category," he fumes, "For the first time since 1982, when the process of letting exiles return to Chile began, a former exile has been denied entry. I'm very worried about this,"

as he distrusts the regime of General Augusto Pinochet, as much as be has campaigned against it - in novels and poetry. in media interviews, public debates and private author, currently saying here in his



Ariel Dorfman

contacts - Dorfman figured that He hadn't expected it. As much Chile's strongman would not dare move against him again. Not so

openly, anyway.
"I thought my notoriety would protect me," says the 45-year-old

parents' apartment, hoping Chil-ean officials will reconsider. "I finally to the United States. He cases, thought they would assume the made a home in Durham, North The list is now down to about that they would not try anything." where he teaches uteration of the teaches politics as a visiting professor.

His wandering fed his art, Much

threats to national security. The man-rights groups cite figures of up to 50,000.

Dorfman ended up in the diaspora. In October 1973 he took refuge in the Argentine embassy in Santiago after receiving threats against his life and seeing his books urned in the streets.

He came to Buenos Aires two months later. He had spent the first two years of his life in the Argentine capital, and another 10 years of his childhood in New York City.

He settled in Chile in 1954 when his father, a United Nations staff economist, moved the family there. Ariel Dorfman was naturalized a Chilean citizen in 1967. Exile took him to France for 21/2

made a home in Durham, North Carolina, site of Duke University, 520. But suddenly the government

dor Allende, thousands of leftists, of Dorfman's writing (three novels, to all former or current exiles. "labor activists, lawyers, churchmen including "The Last Song of Ma-"Let's teach the exiles they have to and others were ordered out of the nuel Sendero," published this year watch their step'—at least that's country and branded as traitors or by Viking, two short-story collec- how I interpret the measure," he government says the number of ex- essays and many journalistic put all returnees on parole. He has cluded persons reached 11,000; hu- pieces) examines the anguish of created an air of constant uncerpeople forced to five outside their tainty about their position." bornelands — the pain of estrangement, of growing up in exile, of

> flew to Santiago two days later. In ty we all feel." the months since, he has divided his time between there and the United

ment has lifted bans against the cy.

Last January, hoping to defuse the cy.

"If Pinochet can't even eliminate " said Bitar, ly committed his regime to a rapid "what can we expect from him in

appears to be attaching strings. Dorfman regards the action against him as an ominous warning tions, one book of poetry, assorted 52ys. "Pinochet has now essentially

Sergio Bitar, banished for more than a decade after serving as a maintaining dignity under such minister in Allende's government, emotionally punishing circumstances.

maintaining dignity under such minister in Allende's government, said in a telephone interview from Santiago, "What has happened to Sanuago, What has nappeared to Told in August 1983 that he Ariel Dorfman has increased the could return to Chile. Dorfman sense of impotence and vulnerabili-

Especially puzzling is the move's timing. With Pinochet now campaigning to be the sole candidate in Thousands of other one-time exa presidential plebiscite expected iles have flocked back to Chile over next year, the government has been the past five years as the govern- promoting an image of normalcy ment has lifted bans against them., and gradual transition to democra-

Pope John Paul II, Pinochet public- exile after 14 years," said Bitar,

any so-called transition? The answer is obvious: Nothing.

At Santiago's Pudahuel airport Dorfman was told that a decree dated Oct. 6, 1986, had been issued prohibiting his entry. Later that lay, Doriman and his son Joaquin, 8. boarded a plane to Buenos Aires. Another son, Rodrigo, 20, rode into Santiago, unrestricted by the order against his father.

Dorfman's wife Angelica had stayed in Durham, "She had had an intuition," the author says. "She said this was going to be a troubled trip and had decided to wait and meet us in Buenos Aires for my father's birthday."

Dorfman's father, Adolfo, turns 80 on Aug. 23. Before the party, Ariel Dorfman had hoped to spend several weeks in Chile. He had not been back since before the death there last year of Rodrigo Rojas, a 19-year-old Washington resident killed while on his first homeland visit. Rojas died of burns after witnesses saw police set fire to him and a companion during a day of anti-

government demonstrations. Dorfman had known Rojas, and through articles and television ap-pearances, the author helped publi-

the exile decree.

Ironically, a Spanish language edition of Dorfman's novel "Wid-

ows" went on sale last week in Chile. The book tells of a mythical town where people discover the state repression. Dorfman's re-newed banishment has made the book an instant best seller, "If I bad a royalty check, I'd give a share to the Chilean government for what they've done," he says, not really amused by the whole thing.

He is upset. He wants to be in Chile. "I gather my inspiration from there," he says, "I need to be in my country to replenish myself. Now I feel really cut off."

The thought that he could be denied entry as long as Pinochet remains in power haunts him.
"You tend to think of living in exile as a transitory state and living in your country as the permanent one," he explains. "What the oew decree has done is turn everything upside down. It makes any return to Chile transitory and says, in effect, we will always be in exile. We have become planets around the dark star of Pinochet."

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Turning Around a Publisher

By Edwin McDowell

N EW YORK — From the mo-ment Nancy Evans was named president and publisher of the Doubleday Publishing Division ast January, her appointment was the talk of the book industry. It still is. But now there is less talk about the wisdom of appointing someone with no book-publishing experi-ence to one of the top jobs in the industry, and more about whether Evans can help Doubleday again hecome competitive with such concerns as Random House and Simon & Schuster.

That would be n ehallenge under any circumstances, but it is espe-cially daunting in view of Doubleday's troubled past. In recent years its managerial ranks were wracked by turmoil and its editorial ranks depleted by the loss of a half-dozen langume editors, some of whom were followed out the door by their writers. "It was like working for n new company every six months," amented one editor who left for

But last fall, the Bertelsmann Publishing Group of West Germany bought the family-owned Doub-leday. Since then, in the opinion of people familiar with the industry, Bertelsmann, which also owns Bantam Books, has brought to the company not just an infusion of money but also much of the energy, direc-tion and commitment that it lacked under its previous owner.

Bertelsmann quickly put its own stamp on Doubleday by naming Alberto Vitale, then the bead of Bantam Books, as chief executive of the newly formed Bantam, Doubledny. Dell Publishing Group. He in turn startled the industry by reaching outside its close-knit ranks for Evans, the editor in chief of the Book-of-the-Month Club. "My feeling is you need new blood in this industry to forter innovation and to keep us fresh and competitive." Vitale said recently. "Nancy brings both those qualities, as well as boundless ener-

Evans will need those qualities and more if Doubleday is to become an industry leader again. Although it is still too soon to judge her performance, it appears that after half a year she has made a good start with many people whose support is essential to publishing success, among them literary ligents, who represent most bigname authors and most potential blockbuster books.

One agent who is impressed by the change at Doubleday, Connie Clausen, had not offered many books to the publisher in recent years. "Everything there just took too long — insultingly long."

now that I see some of the new energy and enthusiasm, I can't wait to work with Doubleday again."

Jonathan Matson, an agent who recently completed a three-book hardcover-paperback contract with Doubleday and Bantam, is also impressed with the change. "It's like a said during a recent interview in for has lifted at Doubleday," be her midtown Manhattan office.

While Evans had not been a publisher before this year, she has been involved with books throughout her professional career. Before the Book-of-the-Month Club, she was Glamour magazine's book columnist for seven years and for four more years was responsible for the magazine's book serializations. She was also a co-host, with John Leon-ard and later with Walter Clemons. of "First Edition," the Book-ofthe-Month Club's literary and book program on public television. And she is co-author with Judith Applebaum of "How to Get Happily Published," a knowing book about the industry of which she is

Evans's task is not to sign up nuthors but to encourage and stimhave acquired some promising until we are."

said, "But Nancy made it clear to books and authors lately, including Splendoured Thing," and Carly Simon, who is writing an autobiogra-

> "I'm trying to encourage a pub-lishing mentality, the idea that every book is important at every stage "It's important for our own people and outsiders to know that Doubleday is a publishing house again,

committed to good books." One sign of that commitment will soon be apparent in the improved appearance of Doubleday books. The facelift is meant to bring better quality jackets, paper, type and interior design on all Doubleday books rather than on just a fortunate few on each list, A less visible sign of that commitment involves better coordinating of publishing schedules.

That means building time into the publishing process for such things as getting the right jacket for a book," Evans said, "and getting it early enough so that sales reps can use it as a selling tool in the stores. It means if we're not ready to pub ulate her editors to do so. They lish, we should postpone the book

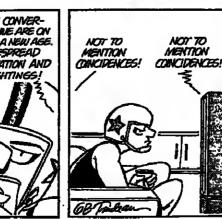
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> the market, which has been showing diminished sensitivity to events in the Gulf since the middle After a brisk early start that sent the Dow

> from investors who react to historical price

However, Mr. Goldman cautioned, with mo-

market. It is not a time to throw caution to the

Nonetheless, Trude Latimer of Josephthal &

IBM, a Dow index component stock that is

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it is easily absorbed. Prices are very

trends, analysts said.

Mondays Closing Via The Associated Press

Dow Jones Averages

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Dow Index Roars Past 2,600

NEW YORK — Prices on the New York Stock Exchange soared Monday to a rally led by blue chips that sent the Dow Jones industrial average to its first close above the 2 500 to the state of t

of Kidder Peabody & Co. "But that's not what is driving this market. You just can't fight the momentum. It refuses to rest." average to its first close above the 2,600 level. Analysts said no specific news events sparked the upsurge, saying instead that it appeared the market simply climbed on the same momentum that has been driving it ever higher in recent weeks. But the momentum was especially fueled He said that some people who were waiting "for a correction came diving into the pool." by foreign money and some computerized pro-gram trading. Word that a Texaco oil tanker had hit a mine io the Gulf of Oman also failed to cause a stir in

The Dow jumped 43.84 points to 2,635.84, after gaining rising 19.93 points last week. The widely watched index briefly edged past 2,600 on Friday afternoon. Advancing issuess outpaced declining ones by 5 to 2, and volume totaled 187.00 million shorts door form 21.266 index up nearly 12 points, buying had faded throughout the morning mainly because of sales totaled 187.20 million shares, down from 212.66 million oo Friday.

Traders were especially encouraged when they saw that the market refused to follow a decline of prices on the bond market, analysts

mentum driving the market as opposed to eco-nomic fundamentals "a wise approach would be to cancel vacation plans and stay close to the A rally on the Japanese stock market may have helped, said Jim Engle, who watches the market for the Neuwirth Fund, because that

would encourage Japanese lovestors to put money loto U.S. securities as well. Charles Jensen, a technical analyst at MKI Securities Corp., noted that the most dramatic Co. said, "There may be an occassional downgains were made among blue-chip stocks, while the rest of the market did oot fare as well.

This would also show that foreign money was driving the rally, he said, since foreign investors have tended to concentrate on the highly capitalized issues.

traditionally affected by program trades, gained 2% to 166%. Digital Equipment rose 4% to 175, Honeywell 1% to 89% and Hewlett-Packard 1% w 67%

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TUESDAY, AUGUST 11, 1987

INTERNATIONAL STOCK MARKETS

Foreigners Slow to Buy **Options on Swedish Shares**

By JURIS KAZA

TOCKHOLM — Sweden opened trading in stock options and stock market index options to foreigners on Aug. 3, and so far, interest from abroad in the instruments has been limited. Nonetheless, analysts believe foreign use of Swedish options will grow during the autumn as major Swedish

banks and brokerages begin to market the products abroad.

These options to buy and sell stocks and market index values, at a fixed price in a specified period, are used to speculate on share price movements or protect the value of stock portfolios. They are traded between banks and brokerages electronically rather than on the Stockholm Bourse.

Mikael Stenborn, vice president for marketing and communications for Optionsmaelarna, the single largest options broker in Sweden, estimates

Overseas interest is

marketing push by

Swedish firms.

expected to rise with a

that foreigners accounted for around 10 percent of the company's business last week, when an average 25,000 index contracts and 11,500 stock options were traded daily.

But Mr. Stenborn cautioned that his estimate was based on guesswork, since all of Op-

tionsmaclarna's customers are, formally, Swedish banks and securities brokers that are acting for investors. Known as OM, the hrokerage house claims about 85 percent of the Swedish options market, with the rest held by the Stockholm Options and Futures Exchange, another privately owned company.

"Foreign interest ia lukewarm; I haven't seen it," said Haakan Holmberg, a senior trader at Consensus Fondkommission, a Stockholm brokerage specializing in institutional customers.

"The introduction of index and share options will generate a lot more interest in the market in the long-term view," said Tim Youngman, an analyst at London's Savory Milln Ltd. "You can

now hedge the risk on the underlying volatility of the stock, and that's the second leg of any portfolio."

One Stockholm trader, who did not want to be named, predicted that foreign interest would increase noticeably in coming months. He pointed out that stock options were available on the most internationally popular shares, and that OM's index options broadly covered shares found in most foreign institutional port-

M's SO-CALLED OMX index options are based on 30 widely traded stocks, with the underlying value a share in a mutual fund should delivery be required. Options are also an indirect way for foreigners to invest in so-called restricted shares, which can only be owned by Swedish residents, Mr. Stenbom said. For many Swedish companies, the majority of voting shares and, generally, the majority of share capital, consists of restricted stock.

"The British and American markets are the biggest" purchasers of options, Mr. Stenbom noted, "but the Nordic countries,

Switzerland and Germany are also interested."

Mr. Holmberg of Consensus, however, was cautious about forecasting a major foreign rush for Swedish options. "Of course, it would seem natural to use these hedging possibilities, because the Swedish institutionals are doing it all the time," he remarked.
"But the share of Swedish stocks in a foreign portfolio is so small that setting up a sophisticated hedge, which is possible, would be

Still, Mr. Holmberg says that his company plans to market option products abroad, and so do others.

Nigel Yandell, an analyst at Enskilda Securities, the London

affiliate of Skandinaviska Enskilda Bank, Sweden's largest commercial bank, said the parent bank has already outlined the new market to London investors. "The response is quite positive," he said. "Now, we are starting to put out research reports on options

for our customers."

The Enskilda analyst stressed that "people in London who manage European equities are not predisposed to speculate in options, but to protect their investments."

Goodyear Sells Unit To Exxon

Oil Firm Priced At \$650 Million

AKRON, Ohio - Goodyean Tire & Rubber Co. said Monday is hac agreed to sell its Celeron Oil & Gas Co. to Exxon Corp. for \$650 million to reduce debt incurred in fighting off last year's takeover bid by Sir James Goldsmith, the Britsh-French financier.

Celeron's holdings in California and adjacent state and federal waters will add more than 100 million barrels of oil to the reserves of the world's largest oil company.

Goodyear bought Celeron Corp. the parent of Celeron Oil & Gas, in 1983 through an \$825 million stock

Goodyear shares rose \$2.50 to \$75.75 a share on the New York Stock Exchange. Exxon climbed \$2.875 to \$98.25.

Goodyear, the top U.S. tire maker, said in early November that it would sell Celeron to help finance its defensive restructuring. Sir James built up an 11.5 percent stake in Goodyear and later made a \$4.7 billion bid for the company.

Goodyear last November took on \$2.6 billion in debt to buy back about balf of its ontatanding shares, including Sir James's stake for \$619 million.

To reduce the debt burden, the company started selling assets, including its aerospace concern, its motorwheel manufacturing unit and some Arizona real estate.

With the Celeron sale, analysts said the company is shedding a costly asset that had depressed its price and led to takeover speculation, But other assets, mainly a California-to-Texas pipeline system valued at more than \$1 bilhon, remain to be sold before the company's finances are back in order, they added.

Goodyear, which based in Akron, Ohio, reported last month that profit for the first half of the year rose sharply to \$425.2 million from \$54.6 million a year earlier.

Goodyear attributed its sharp first-quarter rise to asset sales.

Randall Meyer, president of Ex-xon Co. U.S.A., said that with the Celeron purchase, Exxon will have spent more than \$1.5 billion since early 1984 to buy more than 300 million barrels of domestic oil and gas reserves.

said Monday.

The provisional figures, which are not seasonally adjusted, showed that these prices for fnel

and raw materials rose at a year-

on-year rate of 8.3 percent, up from

a revised 4.3 percent June increase.

The department said the rise in

by a drop in food manufacturing.



A Degussa chemical complex near Cologne. At left, Gert Becker, Degussa's managing board chairman.

Degussa Trims Dependence on Gold Chairman Puts More Emphasis on Pharmaceuticals

By Ferdinand Protzman

FRANKFURT - In West Germany's staid corporate world, where chief executives often behave more like emperors than businessmen, Gert Becker, the head of the precious metals and chemi-cals corporation Degussa AG, comes across as

easy-going.

Where some corporate heads are surrounded by phalanxes of subordinates and an air of rigid formality, Mr. Becker is relaxed and low-key. His unpretentious corner office in Degussa's new headquarters is guarded by a solitary secre-

tary. The office features a panoramic view of the Main River cutting through central Frankfurt.

Those atypical qualities, combined with the acumen and market instincts Mr. Becker developed as a precious metals trader for Degussa, are helping him transform the company from a slow moving metals, chemicals and pharmaceurical concern. into what he calls a "leaner, more flexible, more

For Degussa, that represents a big change. Over the years, the company's name has become synonthe years, the company's name has become synonymous in West Germany with precious metals. Stock analysts traditionally use the gold price to project Degussa's earnings. The formula is simple: higher gold prices, higher profits; lower gold prices, lower profits.

But since Mr. Becker became managing board chairman in 1977, he has moved the company

away from dependence on precious metals.

The company's acquisition of French pharmaceuticals concern Laboratoires Sarget SA for an estimated 300 million Deutsche marks (\$158.73 million) in June, is seen by analysts as a turning point in Degussa's efforts to expand into special ized, technologically oriented businesses.

"I wouldn't call it a surning point, but a signifi-cant leap forward," Mr. Becker said. "This introduces a phase where our growth will accelerate, while our wide base is maintained," he

See DEGUSSA, Page 13

Japan's Surplus On Trade Fell From Year Ago

pared with year-ago figures, but the figure actually widened above 54.01 billion in June.

June's surplus, the Finance Ministry said Monday.

June's surplus, the Finance Ministry said Monday.

Japan's largest trading partner and imports shrank 4.7 percent to \$2.84 its sharpest critic on trade issues,

the \$8.19 billion recorded in the same month a year ago, the third straight year-to-year decline. These figures do not take account of sea-

The declining year-on-year trend has been interpreted as a longawaited reflection of the yen's steep appreciation against other currencies, most notably the dollar. The yen's rise has curbed Japan's persistent surplus by making its prod-

ucts more costly overseas. With the trade figures given in dollars, the yen's climb has also understated the decline in the surplus in volume terms. On this meaaire, exports fell 4.5 percent for the sixth straight monthly decline from previous-year levels, and imports grew 4.1 percent in a continuous surplus with the United States rose

TOKYO—Japan's merchandise year ago to \$4.79 billion — the trade surplus narrowed in July for fifth-largest on record — as a result the third consecutive month com- of a decline in purchases of U.S.

On both measures, the gap also the same month last year to a re-widened with the United States, cord \$7.63 billion, while Japan's

billion, the third-straight decline. reflecting a drop in U.S. imports.

The ministry, in a preliminary report, said Japan's surplus with all its trading partners in July fell to S6.99 billion, down sharply from last year when the Japanese were minting commemorative coins for the 60th year of Emperor Hirohito's reign.

sonal adjustments.

But the surplus was above the S6.61 billion in June. The ministry, though, called the June surplus un-Southeast Asian countries in supplying Japan with basic manufac-tured goods such as apparel, food and furniture, said Takashi Kiuchi, Term Credit Bank of Japan Ltd.

Worldwide, Japanese imports jumped 20.8 percent last month from a year ago to \$12.91 billion. July exports, however, grew 5.4 percent from a year ago to reach a record \$19,91 billion, surpassing a

previous high of \$19.7 billion in

December 1986. In trade with the 12-nation European Community, Japan recorded a surplus of \$1.53 billion in July, increase from September 1985. below the \$1,54 billion in June and
But officials said the July trade the \$1.56 billion for July

Numbers Show It, and Shoppers Do Too: Britain Loves Imports

By Warren Getler

market-sensitive company."

LONDON --- When Britain's Department of Industry and Trade reports on the nation's June trade lance Tuesday, the data are likely to underscore a trend that has set off alarm bells among economists and regulators here: Britons, flush with so-called "purchasing power," are buying imported goods like

there is no tomorrow.

Economists here expect Britain to report a £100 million (about 57 million) to £200 million deficit in the nation's current account, the broadest measure of trade performance, for the month of June, following a mammoth £561 million deficit in May.

U.K. Wholesale Prices Rise 0.2%

LONDON — The increase in lowing the surprise 1 percentage lowing the increase in July 1 point jump in base lending rates In the British government bond the British wholesale prices slowed to point jump in base lending rates In the British thancial markets 10- to Price 1 to P

"What we've seen today" on the

wholesale prices "was welcome, but the crunch comes tomorrow with

the trade figures" for June, one

manufacturers' costs last month prices on the London Stock Ex- in May, the Department of Trade

£2 hillion, which is likely to grow to ers will. as much as £3 billion or more in

flowed into purchases of imports, economists note.

stand at 113 24/32, unchanged

from Friday's finish. At the closed

down 1/16th of point at 113 22/32.

In other British economic news,

the volume of retail sales rose a

final, seasonally-adjusted 3.2 per-

The department also said the level of credit advanced by finance

bank credit card companies and

and Industry said.

"The pace of demand in the economy, including the spending in the shops, is unhelpful, because it is sucking in imports," said Bill Mar-tin, chief U.K. economist with Philhps & Drew, the London brokerage. "The problem is made doubly difficult because British industry is short of capacity to supply the ex-

the British financial markets fol- to Friday's close following the in-

The news helped lift shares cent in June after rising 3.5 percent

1.9 points shortly after the news to houses, building societies, retailers

For the year, expectations are for tra demand, so if British companies a deficit of between £1.5 billion and can't supply demand, the foreign-Such developments have left the Bank of England concerned. Last

In the April-June quarter of this week, in an effort to cool a potenyear, retail sales in Britain were 6 tially overheating economy, the percent higher than a year earlier, and much of that increase has The new proclivity here to buy foreign is impossible to quantify.

But a walk through Oxford Circus, Britain's busiest shopping comer, and down Oxford Street can be illustrative. There, crowds bustle in and out

of shops to shop for Italian and Swiss shoes, Dutch and Japanese electronics and French jewelry. At the Benetton boutique, the Italian fashion giant's largest European up 30 percent this year "Some of our stores here in Lon

don have increased sales by 50-58 for Benetton Retail Ltd. "While some of that increase reflects the tourist boom, much of it has to do with new spending habits of the British."

Jean Catton, who had taken her 21-year-old daughter Hilary to Benetton to shop for her birthday, said: "We're seeing lots of import- Britain, only two months on the first seven months.



Harrod's department store in London.

percent, and we're expecting an even greater increase in the fall-winter season," said Suzanne stuff is high-priced; that's because Huthert, head of retail operations lots of English want to earn lots of The Can the hig 11S, hased can money, but they don't want to put

in the bours." Hot items on the "fashionable" import list here are Rock-Watches

face, sells for £135.

The Gap, the hig U.S.-based ca

four stores in London this year.

D.H. Bowen, group marketing by Tissot, the Swiss manufacturer. director for Bally Group UK, the The watch, which has a granite British subsidiary of the Swiss shoe manufacturer, said that his sales "The Rock-Watch is very new to are up 15 percent this year in the

Currency Rates

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Sources: Indosuez Bank (Brussels); Band de Paris (Paris); Bank of Tokyo (Tokyo), de Paris (Paris); Bank of Tokyo (Tokyo), Interest Rates

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the low end of some analysts expec-tations, and helped to calm the in-flation worries sweeping through The index had plunged 91.2 points other specialist lenders rose by £400 million in June, after climbing £300 million in May.

was mainly due to a rise in the price change off their lows. The Finan-

of metals and petroleum products, cial Times-Stock Exchange index

However, this increase was offset of 100 leading shares cut its loss to

The size of the annual rise was at stand at 2,224.7, after an opening the low end of some analysts expec- low of 2,203.5. It later finished 18

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Belgian Tax Cut

Ressers

BRUSSELS — Belgium's center-right coalition government agreed Monday on a package to bolster the economy by cutting income taxes, reducing the budget deficit and selling off some state-owned companies.

The agreement followed more than three weeks of tough political bargaining between the French- and Flemish-speaking parties in Prime Minister Wilfried Martens's coalition.

The cornerstone of the package is an 89 billion Belgian franc (\$2.3 billion) tax cut to be phased in over four years, beginning in 1989.

phased in over four years, beginning in 1989.

The ministers also approved a 15 billion franc
cut in next year's budget deficit, to 405 billion

The reduction is well short of a targeted deficit of 390 billion francs that was originally set by the budget minister. Guy Verhofstadt.

Almost half of the cut will be met by proceeds from a limited appearance of celling state owned. francs. from a limited program of selling state-owned companies to the public. It will be the first such sell-off that Belgium has undertaken for many

years.
The government will sell stakes in a gas distributor: in RTM, a ferry operator on the English Channel, and a mortgage loan bank.
Other companies, like the national air carrier, Sabena Belgian World Airlines, will also be allowed to raise funds from the public, but will remain majority-owned by the state.

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EC's South African Coal Imports Agence France-Presse

BRUSSELS — The European Community is expected to import 18 million metric tons of South African coal this year, down from 22 million tons in 1986, sources at the EC Commismillion tons in 1986, sources at the EC Commu-sion said Monday.

France, the Netherlands and Denmark have moved since 1985 to halt imports. The main EC importers this year are expected to be Italy, with 5.5 million tons and Spain, 4.3 million.

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U.S. Futures

Via The Associated Press

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London Metals Winn-Dixie Stores 1,930. 33.6 33.6 0.63 **US.Treasuries**

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Commodity Indexes

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*Eaton Reportedly Readies Sell-Off WASHINGTON - Eaton Corp., builder of the defensive elecpronies for the U.S. Air Force's troubled B-1 bomber, has put most of its defense operations on the

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market for \$1.1 billion, according to company executives. The executives, who asked not to be named, said talks had already been held with Boeing Co., but the Scattle-based company had said

ine price was too high. Talks are under way with TRW inc., the officials said.

Spokesmen for Boeing and TRW would not comment, citing company policies against confirming or

denying details of acquisitions.

The Eaton sources said the company's move was prompted by poor market prospects for electronic warfare gear once the B-1 is completed, coupled with deteriorating relations with the air force.

A company spokesman refused to comment on whether a sale was being pursued, but said, "We're in the process of building a long-term relationship with the air force."

Firm Buys International Unit Of Beatrice for \$985 Million

New York Times Service

NEW YORK - The TLC Group, a New York investment firm, has agreed to buy Beatrice international Food Co. from the parent of Beatrice Cos. for \$985 million, TLC officials said.

Beatrice's international food unit, based in Chicago, comprises 64 companies in 31 countries. It reported \$2.5 billion in sales last tar and operating income of \$147 million. The company manufactures confectionaries, snacks, processed meats, beverages and other food products and is engaged in wholesale and retail distribution of food and household products.

TLC will own 55 percent of the business. Drexel Burnham Lambert Inc., which is providing financing for the leveraged buyout, will own most of the balance, a Drexel official said. In a leveraged buyout, a company's cash flow is used to repay the debt taken on to finance its purchase.

The deal with BCI Holdings, the parent of Beatrice, was seen as a coup for Reginald F. Lewis, chairman of TLC. In three years, TLC has grown from an investment aged buyout organized by Kohl-group with \$1 million in equity to berg, Kravis, Roberts & Co.

TOKYO - A Japanese-British-

U.S. consortium said Monday it

had decided to seek a business li-

cense in a bid to enter Japan's in-

ternational telecommunications

The decision by International

Digital Communications Planning Co. comes a week after the failure

majority owner of one of the largest international food businesses.

TLC Group said it had agreed to sell the company's Beatrice Foods Canada Ltd., one of Canada's leading diversified dairy and food products companies, for about \$230 million. That deal would also be structured as a leveraged buyout by Onex Corp., a large Canadian investment group, and the management of Beatrice Canada. TLC will retain a 20 percent interest.

Mr. Lewis's group said it flying bomber and made it difficult planned to sell other units of Be- for Eaton to fit its computerized atrice International Food, possibly those in South America and Australia. TLC said it would retain Beatrice's core businesses in Europe, which last year accounted for \$1.7 billion in sales and \$98 million, or about 67 percent, of the

company's operating earnings.

Completion of the sale, which TLC and Drexel said was expected by Oct. 1, requires the approval of

BCI Holdings will use the proceeds from the sale to reduce the debt it incurred last year from its acquisition of Beatrice Cos., which

He added, "Prospects are good for our defense businesses."

But sources in the company described this as "nousense" and said relations with the air force "couldn't be worse" because of overall problems with the B-1.

Among Eaton operations slated for sale, the officials said, is the company's All (Airborne Instruments Laboratories) Division. which builds the system that would be used to counter Soviet air defenses and allow the B-1 to reach targets in the Soviet interior.

Other divisions that would be sold, they said, include electronic warfare production facilities based in Long Island, New York, and Westlake, California.

Eaton was the 20th-largest U.S. defense contractor in 1986, with earnings from its military equip-ment sales totaling \$1.05 billion, according to the company.

The publicly owned company also manufactures commercia electronics, machine parts and

that the air force, which is the prime contractor for the B-1, has managed" testing of the lowfor Eaton to fit its computerized equipment to the plane's require-

The air force has denied the alle-

A spokesman for Rockwell In-ternational Corp., which builds parts of the B-1 fuselage and is the major civilian contractor, said that he did not understand Eaton's rationale in wanting to sell its defense

While Eaton's systems are unlikely to equip upgrades for U.S. advanced fighter planes in the next decade, there is "plenty out there" went private in a \$6.2 billion lever- in terms of missile systems and other advanced military electronie

Telecom Consortium to Seek Japan License

The Japanese government had urged IDC and IIJ to merge, but said last month it would accept

■ Fujitsu Reports Link-Up

Phillips Petroleum Prepares To Raise Ekofisk Platforms

OSLO - Phillips Petroleum, operator of Norway's Ekofisk oil field, has shut down the field to prepare for the second phase of its operation to raise several drilling platforms out of reach of North Sea STORM WINDLE

"We started shutting down production during the night and plan to start jacking up the first of the remaining five platforms by the 16th," next Sunday, a Phillips spokesman said Monday.

The \$600 million project involves cutting the platforms' steel legs, raising their decks with huge hydraulic jacks, and bolting in place extensions nearly 20 feet (6 meters) long. Last month, Phillips raised

the field complex's hotel platform using the same method. The final four of the five platforms in the new operation must be lifted simultaneously to avoid having to cut a maze of interconnecting

catwalks and production lines. Production at the nearby oil fields, which feed into the Ekofisk pipeline that runs to Britain, have also been shut down for the 28-day cheduled operation, the spokesman said.

Shutting down the three fields will cut about 290,000 barrels of crude per day from Norway's output of 1 million harrels per day, and halt gas deliveries to continental Europe through the Ekofisk pipeline to Emden, West Germany.

Citicorp Gives Up Battle To Field Own Credit Card

By Kathleen Day

Washington Para Service
WASHINGTON — Citicorp.
conceding defeat in a multimilliondollar bid to develop its own brand-name charge card, will convert its Choice credit card to a Visa card on Sept. 1.

The inability of a company the size of Citicorp, which has \$191.4 billion in assets, to succeed with a proprietary credit card operation raises questions about the viability of such cards among institutions competing nationwide for consumer banking husiness. Converting the card to Visa is an admission that the idea was not catching on fast enough to make it profitable:

The change means that Citicorp's approximately | million Choice card holders must start pay-ing an annual fee of \$20 for the converted card, and will no longer be offered rebates on purchases made with the card. The increased made with the card. The increased day that the company would concosts will be offset in part by lower tinue to use the Choice name oo the increase, which will be converted card, which will also sociated with it." Mr. Guecione cut 4.2 percentage points, to 16.8 bear the Visa label.

Rebates and lack of an annual fee were key selling points of Choice, which bad an annual inter-

est rate of 21 percent. ties firms such as Merrill Lynch, July 27.

Citicorp intended Choice to be a major marketing tool to sell every-thing from mutual funds to mortgages. Sears is following the same strategy with its Discover card.

Visa International and Master-Card International, the leaders in the card business, make mooey by selling franchises. Banks that buy such a franchise issue credit cards bearing the Visa and MasterCard logo. In addition, Visa and Master-Card make money by charging merchants a fee for purchases made through a Visa or MasterCard

Citicorp created its own card in the hope of bypassing those fran-chise fees, It also hoped to collect the fee that the Visa and Master-Card companies charge merchanis on card sales. And it hoped to market other Citicorp products to holders of the Choice card.

A Citicorp spokesman said Sun-

Alberto-Culver Raises Bid

CHICAGO - Alberto-Culver Failure of the Choice card ex-eriment has wider significance in its bid for Lamaur loc, to S24 a Anne Flannery, the 35corp butts heads not just with at \$144 million. Alberto-Culver's banks, but with retailers such as first unsolicited offer of \$22 a has resigned to go into private law Sears, Roebuck & Co. and securi share, or \$132 million, was made practice. Ms. Flannery said she was

president of BankAmerica Corp., is the enforcement staff in New York, joining Merrill Lynch & Co. as an the largest of the commission's reinvestment banker in its San Fran- gional offices, for three and a half vears. Ms. Flannery's new joh is as a litigator on securities cases for the Mr. Armacost will become a law firm of Morgan, Lewis & Bockmanaging partner involved in ius. She will be "of counsel" there, working with large corporations and industrial clients, according to one step below partner. A number of people close to the SEC said Barry Friedberg, Merrill Lynch's there were differences of view bemanaging director in charge of intween Ms. Flannery and Kathleen Warwick, who became head of the New York SEC office late last year.

Mr. Armacost, 48, resigned under pressure as president and chief executive officer of BankAmerica last October, after the bank had suffered two years of losses and supervised several important cases. shortly after it received an unwelincluding a number of insider tradcome takeover bid from Los Angeles-based First Interstate Bancorp. Mr. Friedberg said that Merrill Lynch approached Mr. Armacost

BUSINESS PEOPLE

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BofA's Ex-President

soon after he left the bank. Mr. Armacost had expressed an interest io a new job that would "build on his experience" but did not necessarily have to involve management, and wished to stay to the San Francisco area, Mr. Friedberg added. Merrill I voch already has two

managing directors in investment banking in San Francisco, as well as 12 other investment bankers. But Mr. Armacost, with his extensive cootacts in the Bay area, is expected to belp the Wall Street firm increase its presence there.

He might also be used in other areas as well. "He has broad domestic and international experience and we intend to take advantage of all of that," Mr. Friedberg

Robert Guccione Jr., son of the founder and publisher of Penthouse magazine, has announced plans to continue publishing Spin magazine, the pop music monthly, after Penthouse International Ltd. said Spin would cease publication. The younger Guccione, editor and publisher of Spin, said a feud with Robert Guccione Sr. over the ownership of the two-year-old magazine had led them to abruptly end their professional relationship. "It said. "He thought that, under his roof, there should be only one boss. And I thought that that would

compromise the magazine." The younger Guccione, who is 31. is seeking to raise about \$3 million to Anne Flannery, the 35-year-old

making the move "because it was

the increasingly competitive areas share, valuing the Mioneapolishead of the enforcement division of financial services, where Citibased hair-care products company for the Securities and Exchange Commission's New York office,

Joins Merrill Lynch Samuel H. Armacost, former with the SEC. She had been head of Ms. Flannery, who went to work for the SEC after graduating from Brooklyn Law School in 1977, had

> Robert Schlenzig has been named corporate vice president and general manager of Northrop Corp.'s troubled electronics divi sion, which Northrop has acknowledged engaged in irregular practices in its MX missile program. Mr. Schlenzig. 61. had been vice president of operations at Norhrop's defense systems division in Rolling Meadows, Illinois, He replaces Gene Hauser, who was re-

moved last month from the division, based in Hawthorne. California, and transferred to Nor-throp's aircraft division. The move came in a management shake-up after irregularities arose in the elec-tronics division, including the use of fictitious companies to spend nearly \$400,000 to buy parts for the

MX missile program. Northrop is under investigation for allegedly double billing certain component parts of the MX missile's guidance system and for allegedly falsifying employee time cards to pad payrol costs by up to \$14 million. Saul P. Steinberg, the financier has been elected chairman of Frank

B. Hall & Co., replacing John F. McCaffrey, Mr. Steinberg, who owns 49.4 percent of Hall, is chair-man of Reliance Group Holdiogs Inc., the insurance company, Frank B. Hall is a corporate insurance broker based in Briarcliff Manor. New York. (NYT, UPI, Reuters)

To Cut Costs by Cutting His Job The Assaulted Press

Mellon VP Seeks

PITTSBURGH - A vice president of Mellon Bank Corp. has offered to resign to help cut expenses after the bank's firsthalf loss of \$626 million.

"Considering the cuts reouised, my limited management responsibilities and my own uneasiness. I feel the logical place to begin cutting is at the top." the executive, Dennis C. Eisenreich, said in a memorandum sent to 150 employees of Mellon's small business division.

"It's not easy to question the value of one's own job, but dif-ficult times force difficult decisions." he wrote.

Mellon's chairman. Frank V. Cahouet, asked department heads last month to identify jobs that could be climinated to cut costs. The bank has blamed its first-half loss on problem loans in its foreign, energy, real estate and steel portfolios.

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Hospital Group In U.S. Files For Chapter 11

DALLAS - American Healthcare Management, a major hospital holding company, said Monday that it has filed for reorganization under Chapter II of the U.S. bankruptcy laws.

The company said the filing would not affect hospitals operated by its subsidiaries because they are not obligated for the parent company's debt. Under a Chapter 11 filing, a company is given court protection from its creditors.

The company said the failure of the government to meet commitments for funding health care bas caused problems for

the entire industry.

American Healthcare said the parent company was forced to reorganize its finances because it could not reach agreement with its bank lenders on restructuring its \$250 million credit facility. The company said it had requested a more flexible payment schedule.

NEW YORK - Procter & Gamble Co., the

giant U.S. consumer products company, posted

Monday a net loss of \$324 million for the

lastquarter, but analysts said they expected the company's earnings to grow by around 20 per-

cent in the ourrent year.

The company's loss, amounting to \$1.95 a

For the year, the company reported a profit

of \$327 million, or 51.87 a share, 54 percent

lower than the profit of \$709 million the previ-

ous year. Revenue was up 10 percent to \$17 hillion, from \$15.44 hillion.

share, in the fourth reporting period, compared to a loss of \$1.27 million, or 74 cents a share, a

company lay a trans-Pacific cable as their first project.

IDC made its decision at a meet-

of merger talks with a rival Japa-IDC and ITJ are the first companese group, International Telecom-Japan Inc., which also opted to The talks failed after ITT rejected a proposal hy IDC that the merged

Britain's Cable & Wireless PLC. ed States, which owns 10 percent,

nies to challenge Kokusai Denshin Denwa Co.'s monopoly in Japan's international telecommunications market, which was opened to com-petition in April 1985.

ITJ is a consortium of 55 Japanese companies, including Sumi-tomo Corp. and Mitsubishi Corp.

ing of shareholders, which include which has a 20 percent stake, Pacific Telesis International of the Unitand C. Itoh & Co., a major Japa-nese trading house, 20 percent.

applications by both groups. Fujitsu Ltd. said Monday it will sign an agreement with Japan ENS Corp., in which American Tele-phone & Telegraph Co. has a 50 percent share, to provide interna-

ASEA: Brown, Boveri Tie-Up to Create World Leader

tional network services in Japan,

Reuters reported from Tokyo.

(Continued from Page 1)

bine two research-intensive companies with competing products but

complementary markets.

He emphasized the importance a foothold in the difficult West German market where Brown, Boveri has its single largest subsidiary, accounting for around 40 percent of group sales and 40,000 employees out of its total 50,000 in the European Communi-

On the research and development side, the Swedish executive said the combined group would have a budget equal to 6 billion kronor and 12,000 full-time re-

Analysts were surprised by the announcement. "My initial impres-sion is positive," said Gerald Nordberg, president of Reinheimer, Nordberg, a New York brokerage

pared to 2.47 billion kronor in

That loss came despite a 7 percent increase in revenue, to \$4.17 billion, from \$3.89 billion a revenue, to \$4.17 billion, from \$3.89 billion a

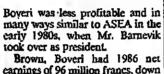
However, Hercules Segalas, senior vice presi-

dent for Drexel Burnham Lambert, said that in



Fritz Leutwiler

specializing in Scandinavian nouncement, ASEA also unexpectshares. "ASEA as currently consti- edly released preliminary six retain exclusive control of its tuted has reached what could be month results showing that firstpercieved as an optimum carnings half earnings fell to 1.1 billion kro- which makes military vehicles, as nor from 1.3 billion kronor a year well as major share holdings in ASEA's pretax earnings in 1986 earlier. ASEA said full-year earntotaled 2.5 billion kronor, comings would match the 1986 figure. holding company for Scandinavian 1985. Together with the merger an- that of the two partners, Brown, ing group and a power utility.



earnings of 96 million francs, down 11.9 percent from 1985, on slightl lower sales of 13.8 billion francs. Its 1986 pretax earnings, comparable to this most-common Swedish measure of profitability, were 213 million francs.

ASEA's board chairman, Curt Nicolin, said developments leading ap to the merger had started in May, when both companies discussed various, but isolated, areas for industrial cooperation. He related that at a lunch on

June 25, Fritz Leurwiler, Brown, Boveri's chairman, "seemed to be hinting at this, and I asked him whether he meant a complete merger, and he said this was a subject we

could discuss." In Sweden, ASEA said it would Haegglund & Soener subsidiary, In New York, Mr. Nordberg said Airlines System), the ESAB weld-

"The restructuring should have a dramatic effect on margins," Mr. Segalas said. Also, Procter & Gamble's lower tax rate this

year, estimated at about 38 percent against 40 percent for fiscal 1987, could add about 50

But their opulmism is tempered by concern over the diaper and detergent businesses.

slip to about 50 percent of the market from 75

percent and in detergents to about 48 percent

from more than 50 percent, analysts said.

While Procter & Gamble's market shares

have pulled back over the past two years, the

gains have been eosily in marketing and adver-

that could make management begin to accelerate marketing expenses and in turn lead to a

lower rate of profit gain in the next few fiscal

"Early problems are beginning to crop up

tising expenses, analysts said.

said in a recent report.

Procter has seen its market share in diapers

cents a share to earnings, analysts said.

THE CHALLENGE OF THE 1990's

THE EIGHTH ANNUAL INTERNATIONAL HERALD TRIBUNE

OIL DAILY CONFERENCE, LONDON OCTOBER 22-23, 1987

THE program is designed to assist senior executives in the petroleum industry and related fields to determine their business 1 strategies into the 1990's. The Honorable John S. Herrington, Secretary of Energy, United States, H.E. Abd al-Hadi Muhammad Kandil, Minister of Petroleum and Mineral Resources, Egypt, H.E. Rilwanu Lukman, Minister of Petroleum Resources, Nigeria, President of the OPEC Conference, H.E. Arne Oien, Minister of Petroleum and Energy, Norway and The Rt. Hon. Cecil Parkinson M.P., Secretary of State for Energy, United Kingdom will head a distinguished group of

energy and financial leaders from around the world. Senior Executives wishing to attend the conference should complete and mail the registration form today.

OCTOBER 22

UNITED STATES' ENERGY POLICY
The Honorable John S. Herrington, Secretary of Energy,
United States

CHALLENGE OF THE 1990'S A CORPORATE VIEW

John R. Hall, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Ashland Off Inc.
Philip Oxley, Chairman, Tenneco Europe Lrd
Nader Sultan, President, Knwait Petroleum International Ltd.
GLOBAL DEMAND AND SUPPLY: AN OVERVIEW
John H. Lichtblau, President, Patroleum Industry

John Lt. Landston. Research Foundation. Respondent: Herman T. Franssen, Economic Advisor of Minerals of the Sultan H.E. The Minister of Petroleum and Minerals of the Sultanere

BREAKOUT GROUPS (These three sessions will run concu NORTH AMERICAN MARKET Theodore R. Eck, Chief Economist, Amoco Corporation Milton Lipton, President, W.J. Levy Consultants Corporation THE EUROPEAN OUTLOOK Gluseppe Sfligiotti, Executive Vice-President, AGIP SpA Ted White, Managing Director, Petroleum Economics Ltd

THE PACIFIC OUTLOOK
Dennis J. O'Brien, Chief Economiss,
CALTEX Petroleum Corporation THE OUTLOOK FOR THE UNITED KINGDOM'S
PETROLEUM INDUSTRY
The RL Hopa. Cecil Parkinson M.P.,
Secretary of State for Energy, United Kingdom
MARKET FORCES IN CHARGE OF SUPPLY MANAGEMENT

John Deuss, Chairman, Transworld Oil Ltd. ENERGY SECURITY AND THE MIDDLE EAST GEOPOLITICAL OUTLOOK
Charles DiBona, President, The American Petroleum Institute
George Quincey Lumsden, Director, Oil Market Developmen International Energy Agency
Mehdi Varzi, Senior Analyst, Kleinwort Grievson & Co.
Moderator: Robert Mabro, Director,

Oxford Institute for Energy Studies.

The fee is £595 (plus VAT @ 15% £89.25, total £684-25) or the equivalent in a convertible currency for each participant. This includes lunches, a cockrail reception and post-conference documentation. Fees are payable in advance of the cooference and will be returned (less £50 administration charge) for any cancellation postmarked on or before October 12. Cancellations postmarked later

International Herald Tribune, Conference Office, 63 Long Acre, London WC2E 9JH, or telephone (441) 379 4302 or telex 262009.

OCTOBER 23

MINISTERIAL PRESENTATIONS AND DISCUSSIONS H.F. Rilwanu Lukman, Minister of Petroleum Resources, Nigeria HE. Arne Olen, Minister of Petroleum and Energy, Norway
H.E. Abd al-Hadi Muhammad Kandil,

Minister of Petroleum and Mineral Resources, Egypt Moderator: Herman T. Franssen, Economic Advisor o H.E. The Minister of Petroleum and Mineral Resources of the

THE WORLD ECONOMY: RETURN TO NORMAL GROWTH: Stephen Marris, Senior Fellow, Institute for Internati Economics, former Chief Economist, O.E.C.D. Respondent: Timothy Congdon, Chief U.K. Econom son Lehman Brochers

BREAKOUT GROUPS (These three sessions will run concurrently) ENGAROU! CROUPS (These three sessions will run concurrently)
FINANCING EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT
Jean Claude Balaceanu, Director General,
Institut Français du Pétrole
David Parker, Manager, Project Finance Unit,
National Westminster Bank
THE FINANCIAL HEALTH AND PROFIT PROSPECTS OF THE
OIL INDUSTRY

OIL INDUSTRY
Ditlard Spriggs, President, Petroleum Analysis Ltd.
CHINA: PROSPECTS FOR OIL DEVELOPMENT

LUNCH LUNCH
FINANCIAL STRATEGIES FOR THE OIL INDUSTRY:
NEW INSTRUMENTS AND MARKETS
Rodney F. Chase, Group Tressurer, B.P. Finance Internstional
R. Hartwell Gardner, Tressurer, Mobil Oil Corporation
Robert B. Weswer, Senior Vice-President,
Global Energy Executive, The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A.
IMPROMPTU PANEL DISCUSSION
Moderator: Nicholas G. Voûte, Oil Consultant,
London and The Hasse.



the year ending June 30, 1988 "we'll see a rapid as a result of the restructuring. State-Owned GAN Profit

Nearly Doubled in 1986

PARIS - Groupe des Assurances Nationales said Monday that consolidated net profit nearly doubled to 1.38 billion francs (\$219) million) in calendar 1986 from 701

million in 1985. GAN, the third largest French insurer on the basis of premium income, is 87 percent state-owned. Banking sources say the compnay is a candidate for privatization. The group holds a 34 percent stake in the Compagnie Financière de Credit Industriel & Commercial banking group.

U.S. \$500,000,000 **& National Westminster Bank PLC** (Incorporated in England with limited liability)

Primary Capital FRNs (Series "B")

Despite Earnings Slump, Analysts Are Optimistic on Procter

escalation in Procter & Gamble profit margins, based on their restructuring and some of the

On June 11, Procter & Gamble said it would

take a restructuring charge of \$435 million after

tax. Without that charge, net earnings for the

fiscal year would have amounted to \$786 mil-

lion, nearly 11 percent up from the previous

As part of the restructuring, Procter said it

Analysis' estimates for fiscal 1988 earnings

range from about \$5.65 a share to \$6.10 a share.

That would compare with \$4.59 a share,

Analysts base their optimism on lower tax

excluding the effects of the restructuring, in

fiscal 1987, and \$4.20 the previous year.

would close some older detergent sites and

investment spending they've done."

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby in accordance with the provisions of the rectes, house is hereby given that for the six months interest period from August 11, 1987 to February 11, 1988 the Notes will carry an interest Rate of 714% per annum. The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, February 11, 1988 against Coupon No. 6 will be U.S. \$3,833,33 and U.S. \$383.33 respectively for Notes in denominations of U.S. \$100,000

and U.S. \$10,000. By: The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A. London, Agent Bank

FOREIGN & COLONIAL RESERVE ASSET FUND RICES AT 4.8 87. :U.S. DOLLAR "CASH" SIQUE A : U.S. DOLLAR "CASH" \$10.16 B , MULTICURRENCY "CASH" \$13.67 C : DOWAR BONDS D : MULTICURRENCY BONDS E : STERUNG RONDS \$1267 \$15,94 £11,73

F : DEUTSCHMARK BONDS G: YEN BONDS H + ECU BONDS ECUIO41 L STERUNG EQUITY M. U.S. EQUITES C13.15 N : JAFANESE EQUITIES O : GLOBAL EQUITIES X : STERLING "CASH" YEN1196.00 \$12.56 £10.29 \$1210 Z . GOLD FOREIGN & COLONIAL MANAGEMENT LIERSEY) LIMITED

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years," Jack Salzman of Goldman, Sachs & Co. REGISTRATION INFORMATION

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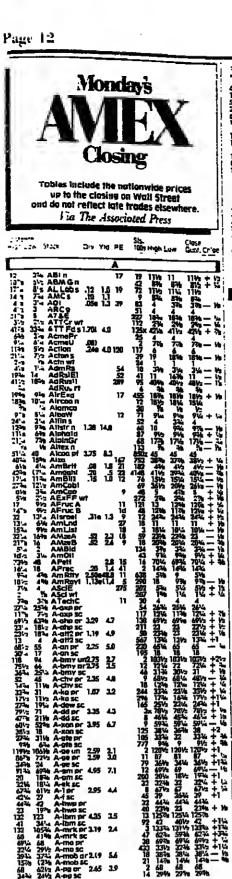
CONFERENCE LOCATION

London and The Hague

Royal Garden Hotel, Kensington High Street, LONDON W8 4PT. Telephone (4411937 8000. Telest: 263151. A limited number of rooms has been reserved for participants ar preferential rates. Reservations must be received by October 5. Please contact the hotel directly. CONFERENCE REGISTRATION FORM Please enrol the following participant for the Oil Conferences

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Dollar Shows Slight Sign of Weakness

NEW YORK - The dollar declined fractionally against major currencies Monday in a move described by one dealer as significant only because it was the dollar's first

sign of weakness in August trading. James Vick. Manufacturers Hanover Truat vice president, called Monday a day of "round trip" trading, containing an upswing in the morning, an early afernoon decline, and a close back near the opening level.

Earlier in Europe the dollar, strengthened by reports that a U.S.-operated oil tanker had hit a mine just outside the Gulf, closed firmer, despite central bank inter-

In New York, the dollar elosed marginally lower at 1.8920 Deutsche marks, against 1.8925 on Friday. The dollar also closed at 151.025 Japanese yen, down from 151.80, and at 1.5715 Swiss france. down from 1.5735, but was up against the French franc, elosing at 6.3115, against 6.3075 Friday.

The dollar was also lower against the British pound, which closed at \$1.5700, against \$1.5640 Friday. Mr. Vick said the dollar's morn-

ing rise in New York coincided with the tanker reports.

He said the dollar weakened at midday around the time reports circulated of intervention in currency markets by the Bundesbank and the Federal Reserve Bank.

However, Mr. Vick said he was not certain the dollar's movements were strongly linked to these events. He said the press reports did not spark much discussion in New York's money markets.

"There really wasn't a big change today." Mr. Vick said. "The only real news is that the dollar weakened at all."

That was in contrast to earlier trading in London, where the dolLondon Dollar Rates

lar traded as high as 1.8980 DM Friday. before closing at 1.8940 DM, up from 1.8900 on Friday.

"The dollar has been perky all afternoon," one London trader said. "The market wants it at 1.90 marks, and isn't going to be put off casily.

The Bundesbank had intervened to try to brake the dollar around 1.8960 DM, and there was talk of the Federal Reserve selling dollars too, but dealers said they thought the volumes involved were token rather than decisive.

After trading up to 151.70 yea, the dollar dipped toward the end of London trading to close at 151.10

yen, down from 151.60 Priday. The dollar also closed at 1.5740 Swiss francs, up from 1.5720 Friday, and at 6.3175 French francs, up from 6.3050. The dollar was higher against the pound, which closed at \$1,5650, against \$1,5750

"The dollar's continuing to gain ground, and the central banks are trying to bring some sense and decorum to the market, to slow its upward progress rather than reverse the trend," one dealer with a U.S. hank commented.

Earlier in Europe, the dollar was fixed in Frankfurt at 1.8909 DM, up from 1.8822 Friday, and at 6.3110 French francs in Paris, up from 6,2800,

The dollar closed in Zurich at 1.5757 Swiss francs.

U.S. Treasury Sets Auctions

The Associated Press

WASHINGTON - The Treasury Department announced Monday it will borrow \$28 billion at a series of auctions beginning Tuesday.

The auction should have taken place two weeks ago, but was delayed because Congress had failed to pass legislation raising the borrowing limit. That legislation was approved Friday.

In this week's sales, \$9.75 billion in three-year notes in minimum denominations of \$5,000 will be auctioned on Tuesday; \$9.25 billion in 10-year-notes in minimum denominations of \$1,000 on Wednesday; and \$9 billion in 30-year bonds at a minimum of \$1,000 on Thurs-

Gold Sale Suggested as Lebanese Pound Falls

BEIRUT - Salim al-Hoss, Lebanon's acting primeminister, proposed Monday selling one-fifth of the country's gold reserves to raise about \$800 million to . steep decline in the short term. shore up the the Lebanese pound, which has fallen sharply against the dollar.

"I am putting forward the possibility of establishing a special stabilization fund for the currency by allocating 20 percent of the gold reserves, converting this into foreign currencies and placing it in a special account,"
Mr. Hoss said at a press conference.

"I believe once we have this fund we can establish confidence in the local currency pending national entente," he said. Lebanon has 9.2 million ounces of

The central bank said the Lebanese pon Monday at 219.50 to the dollar, a sharp fall from the close of 202 on Friday, the last trading day. The pound was worth 17 to the dollar in January last year. Mr. Hoss said that 80 percent of deposits in Lebanon's banks are beld in foreign currencies, demon-

strating the loss of confidence in the pound. Banking sources said it remained to be seen whether _market."

the authorines, weakened by 12 years of civil war, could win support for the proposed gold sale. Dealers said the pound was likely to continue its

"There were no dollars in the market because no-

body was selling as they expect a further fall in the pound's international value," said one dealer. The central bank governor, Edmond Naim, returning from talks in Cyprus with officials of the International Monetary Fund, warned of a shortage of foreign exchange reserves but gave no details of his meetings.

Banking sources said the central bank's foreign currency reserves stood at about \$200 million and Mr.

Naim was believed to be seeking a loan from Arab banks to support the pound.

In a report from Nicosia oo Sunday, France-Press quoted Mr. Naim as saying, "The IMF is

finances, and suggesting some options. The IMF could suggest the Arab states come to the aid of Lebanon, notably by building an autonomous fund to intervene on the Lebanese foreign exchange

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studying with us the possibilities for re-floating our

DEGUSSA: Precious Metals Trader Begins to Emphasize Pharmaceuticals

vent us from moving quickly into high-growth areas"

Mr. Becker said Sarget and Degussa are also highly compatible. "We have always been a specialty chemicals producer and many of the chemicals are the raw materials for pharmaceutical production," he

This is an accentuation of our pharmaceutical business. We've gussa mainly licensed other compa- the company says is not a drug and been Sarger's main supplier of amino acids for some time, so we knew

each other well." Sarget had sales in 1986 of 730 million French francs (currently about \$116 million) and profit of about 12 million francs. The painkiller Sargenor is its main product. accounting for about 30 percent of total sales

To help finance the acquisition, Degussa announced a new share issue that will raise about 470 million DM. That comes on top of a 200 million DM bond issue floated in early June, which raised the com-pany's long-term liabilities to 1.04 abroad. Mr. Becker said. which has not been named, is being tested, "for effectiveness and parpany's long term liabilities to 1.04 billion DM from 837.8 million DM at the end of the previous fiscal

Degussa bought half of Sarget's equity from the company's main shareholder, the Sackler family. and the other half from a group of

Luxembourg-based investors. Mr. Becker said the move was made to acquire a Europeanwide distribution network for pharmaceutical products developed in West Germany, and to better posi-

tion Degussa for expansion. Other factors that influenced the decision to buy Sarget, Mr. Becker said, are rapidly climbing research and development costs, which will now be shared, and the relatively limited environmental protection controls needed in pharmaceurical manufacture, compared to chemi-

"It takes a certain critical mass Leybold-Heraeus GmbH, a Co- a positive step by the stock mar-to research, develop and get regula- logne-based specialty metals con- ket," the bank analyst said. "De- easily."

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over-the-counter product, those Oct. 1. costs now run between 600 million and I billion DM. Sarget both exrands our research and develop- cal division has also attracted atment canacity and gives us an established European network for

marketing pharmaceuticals."

While the focus has been on acquisitions, Degussa's pharmaceutitention on its own. A substance it developed to combat arthritis is begetting regulatory approval and ing tested as a treatment for AIDS. or acquired immune deficiency Before the Sarget purchase. De-syndrome. The substance, which on the earnings outlook, but said

With a stronger presence in Europe it will be easier, through our expanded management and research capacities, to carry out other acquisitions.

> - Gert Becker, Degussa managing board chairman

"That significantly limited our profit margin," he said. "With a stronger presence in Europe it will be easier, through our expanded management and research capacities, to carry out other acquisi-

"although we don't foresee that un-til the 1990s."

Analysis reacted positively to the DM.

business also prompted Degussa to acquire a controlling interest in

ticularly for possible side effects, Mr. Becker said. "We don't know if it will play a role against AIDS."

Despite the emphasis Mr. Becker puts on pharmaceuticals, an analyst at a major West German bank said that that division's fiscal 1986 The next step would obviously sales of 38t million DM were up in the United States, he said. only 1.2 percent from the previous sales of 38t million DM were up year and accounted for 3.5 percent of the group total of 10.87 billion

Sarget acquisition and Degussa's share price subsequently rose to sults from all majority owned subsolar this year. The stock has since fallen back, closing at 559 DM on Group profit, however, climbed to Monday, but still well above its low a record 115 million DM in the point of 425.20 reached on Feb. 6. fiscal year ended Sept. 30, 1986.

The push for flexible, specialty
narrowly above the record of 112 million DM set the previous year.

High Town 1100s

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(Continued from first finance page) tory approval to market pharma cern. The acquisition, which will gussa needs to move away from said. "But that breadth won't prevent us from moving quickly into

company's activities by moving into specialty areas." But for the year ending Sept. 30, the analyst predicted that Degussa's net profit is likely to be off

about 14 percent on flat or slightly higher sales. Mr. Becker would not comment the performance of Degussa's chemical division was pleasing. while the metals divisions perfor-

mance was weaker. The strength of the mark against the dollar, and the subsequent effect on the metals and chemical divisions has been the main drag on earnings, he said. But he said the effect of metals prices had been

overstated by some analysts. "Precious metals prices don't play the role the public assumes," Mr. Becker said, "Rising prices do create liveliness in our metals busioess. They increase the value of the large inventories of precious metals we hold, but these are reserves, which do not contribute directly to earnings."

Higher metals prices do make Degussa's mining and refining more profitable, he added.

"But keep in mind gold production has expanded steadily in re-cent years," Mr. Becker said. "New producers like Papua New Guinea Australia and Brazil are part of the market now.

On the other hand, Mr. Becker sees considerable potential for in-

creased demand. "Trust in the dollar and the U.S. economy will play the determining roles," Mr. Becker said, "But when you look at the huge pool of global dollar liquidity, and what could happen if there was a loss of confidence, the resulting readjustment "The Sarget acquisition is seen as of investment could absorb the 100 tons of gold produced a year quite

Mondays

Via The Associated Press

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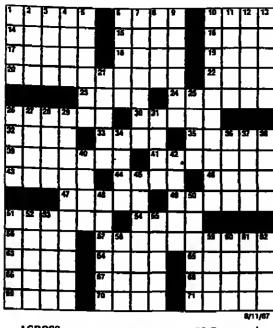
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9 Entangled 10 Salad ingredient 14 Alaskan Indian 56 What accom the Beatles O New York Times, edited by Eugene Maleska.

DENNIS THE MENACE

13 Gourmand or gourmet 21 Medieval guild 25 Cogitate

26 Small cake "—— a man with seven 28 Colorado 31 Unless, to Cicero

BEETLE BAILEY

36 Greek vowels 37 Wisdom 38 Look after 49 Connote victors break 45 Banner 48 Proment 50 "Seward's

34 Sci. subject

Folly 51 Desert ruminant 52 Overweight 53 Beau -(magnanimous action) 55 Eyes amorously

8 Official record 59 What Clancy lowered 60 Being: Fr. 61 Property right 62 Plumbum

tollen

PEANUTS GET LOST!60 AWAY! HEY, TELL ME WHO YOU I'LL SHOW YOU .. LUCYS DRIVING ME GUYS ARE YELLING AT, WE DON'T NEED YOU! CRAZY! HOW CAN WE GET AND I'LL HELP YOU ... HER OFF THE TEAM? 60 HOME!!

BLONDIE I'VE COME (HE'LL BE) O MAM, THAT YOU TAKE INTO PICK UP PRIGHT DAGNOOD POWN OF THE AND POWN OF THE PAGNOOD POR PAGNOOD

C'MON! STAND UP

STRAIGHT! STICK

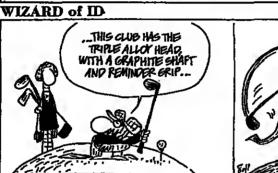
YOUR CHESTS OUT!

NO, NO, HE WON'T





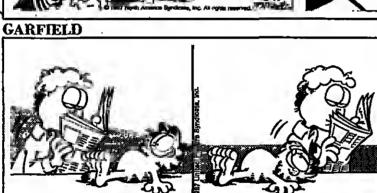
ANDY CAPP I WOULDN'T ELEWAS MY













BOOKS

THE BOYS OF WINTER

By Wilfrid Sheed. 280 pages. \$16.95. Alfred A. Knopf, 201 East 50th Street, New York, N. Y. 10022.

THE CURIOUS CASE OF SIDD FINCH

By George Plimpton. 275 pages. \$14.95. Macmillan, 866 Third Avenue, New York, N. Y. 10022.

Reviewed by

Christopher Lehmann-Haupt

THIS time Wilfrid Sheed has found a perfect target for the self-loathing that the heroes of his novels — "The Hack," "Max Jamison," "Transatiantic Blues," among others — sometimes vent upon themselves. This time Sheed's persons is "the writers natural enemy, a publisher." He is Jonathan Oglethorpe, editor in chief and junior partner in Williams & Oglethorpe, with a weekend house on Long Island in the Hamptons. Even in the off-season — especially in the off-season — he

likes to hang out with a bunch of his writers at the back tables of Jimmy's bar. Here, in January, "the heart of the sucide season," they dream of forming a softball team next summer, the Nether Hampton Friendlies, women to be included. They dream and plan. Hence, "The Boys of Winter."

It all gets extremely complicated, with twists and doublecrosses that culminate in a vicious softball game. When the final pitch gets thrown, nothing is as it seems to have been.

Solution to Previous Puzzle LEE LODES ADE ESP NOS GAB LINEADE TORMENT WED

With many a witty phrase and cutting apo-thegm, Sheed has not only dissected artistic pretension but also revealed the profound human need for masks. With the scalpel of satire, he has sliced away the shell that covers up the

There are masks and ball players in "The Curious Case of Sidd Finch" by George Plimpton, too, but here the point isn't sature but 3 dream of glory. What if a basehall player came along with some superhuman skill? What would it do to the game's delicate balance between offense and defense? And how, if one were having this dream, could one plausibly wake up from it?

The dreamer of this govel - Plimpton's first after more than a dozen reportorial books — is one Robert Temple, a free-lance journalist whom the stress of flying helicopters in Vielman has blocked. Recuperating in Florida, he befriends a shy rooke pitcher who is trying out with the 1055 New Verl. Mars herehall team with the 1985 New York Mets baseball team. The rookie's name is Sidd Finch. He can throw a baseball at speeds up to 170 miles per hour, or more than half-again as fast as the greatest fast-ball pitchers ever timed.

What this does to the delicate balance of the game, and how Plimpton's dreamer awakens, we must leave to readers of the inventive plot of "Sidd Finch" to find out. The real pleasure of Plimpton's covel is the character of Finch, an English aristocrat turned Buddhist monk (Sidd is short for Siddhartha) whose passions are the Zen of hurling projecules, the art of playing the French horn, and the knack of mimicking everyday sounds. This curious conti-bination of skills contributes charmingly to the plot's complicated outcome.

Another pleasure of the book is by now a commonplace of Plimpton's writing - the room the story allows for obscure exploration of its subject's lore, which ranges from the adventures of certain fastball pitchers to the fate of a famous French horn player to a history of how baseball has tried to keep the balance between offense and defense.

But perhaps the greatest charm of "The Curious Case of Sidd Finch" is seeing Plimpton go from reportage to fiction.

One's only regret is that the New York Mets should have been the occasion for Plimpton's inspiration. As far as taste in baseball teams is concerned, Sheed, with his references to the other New York team (even though they are acid ones), is clearly the deeper writer.

Christopher Lehmann-Haupt is on the staff of The New York Times.

CHESS

By Robert Byrne

T HE 22d Capablanca Memorial Tournament-Premier 1 in Camaguey, Cuba, ended in a tie for first place between the Argentine grandmaster Carlos García Palermo and the Mexican international master Denis Verduga. Each scored 8-4 in the 12-round invi-

tational competition. For Verduga, this produced a grandmaster oorm. Third place went to the Colombian grandmaster Alonso Zapata, who tallied 7-5.

Bogomil Andonov of Bulgarta started supinely and then in-consistently switched to aggres-sion in his game with Garcia Palermo. The Argentine incisively demonstrated the error of such vacillating strategy.

K2; 4 BxB, QxB is no way to begin a game in which one has ing the extra

The Argentine's 10. . .Q-N5! threatened both the White QNP and KP, but after 11 B-Q3, it would not have been productive to play 11. NxP in view of 12 BxPch, KxB; 13 Q-R5ch, K-N1; 14 QxN. Garcia Palermo's superior

alternative 11. . P-KB4 secured his kingside. After 12 Q-R3, he could have gobbled up the QNP, but his 12. . N-B4! was even more formidable. Andonov could not now integrate his position with 13 O-

O-O? because 13. , N-R5!; 14 would cost him a piece.

of such vacillating strategy.

16 P.Q4. B-R3, which nailed a lethal attack.

The maneuver 3 B-N5, B-the White king to the center.

After 21 PxP, QxPch; 22 K-R3, QxxNP yields Black a lethal attack.

After 21 PxP, QxPch; 22 K-R3, Qx x NP yields Black a lethal attack.

After 21 PxP, QxPch; 22 K-R3, Qx x NP yields Black a lethal attack.

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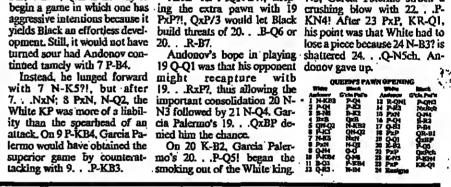
After 21 PxP, Qx Pch; 22 K-R3, Qx x NP yields Black a lethal attack.

After 21 PxP, Qx Pch; 22 K-R3, Qx x NP yields Black a lethal attack.

After 21 PxP, Qx Pch; 22 K-R3, Qx X NP yields Black a lethal attack.



Andonov could have made his opponent work harder with 21 N-N3, P-B4; 15 P-B3, Q-N3; Q-K1, but 21. . . KR-Q1; 22 16 P-B4, Q-N51; 17 PxP, P-B51 N-B3, PxPch; 23 QxP, Q-B7; 24 K-N3, R-Q61; 25 Q-K1 (25 On the other hand, his de- Q-B1 encounters 25. . . Q-R5!; fense with 13 R-QN1, P-QN3!; 26 Q-K1, P-KN4!) P-KN4!; 26 14 P-R3 proved vulnerable to PxP, R-B5!; 27 P-R3, P-B5ch: 14 . . NxBch; 15 PxN, Q-N4; 28 K-R4, QxKNP yields Black



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SOUREN MELICIAN

INTELHT EVERY SATURDAY

WITHAUTHORIZATIVE WIRTING ON THE

WORLD CHART AND ART AUCTIONS

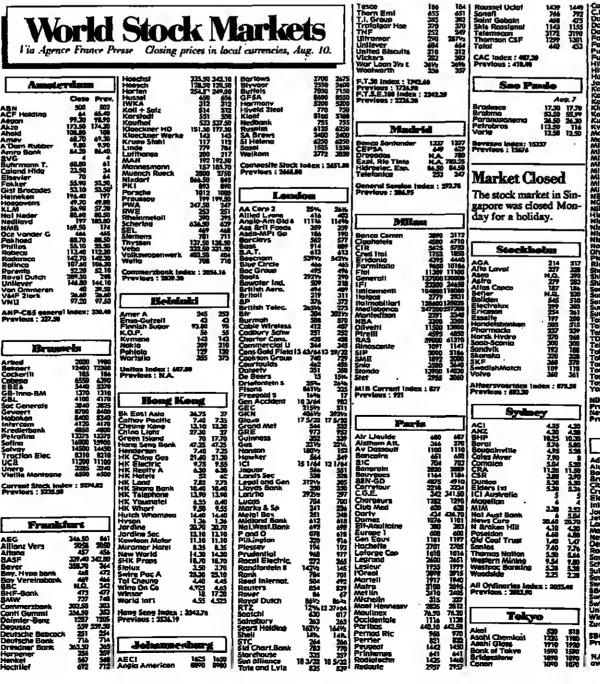
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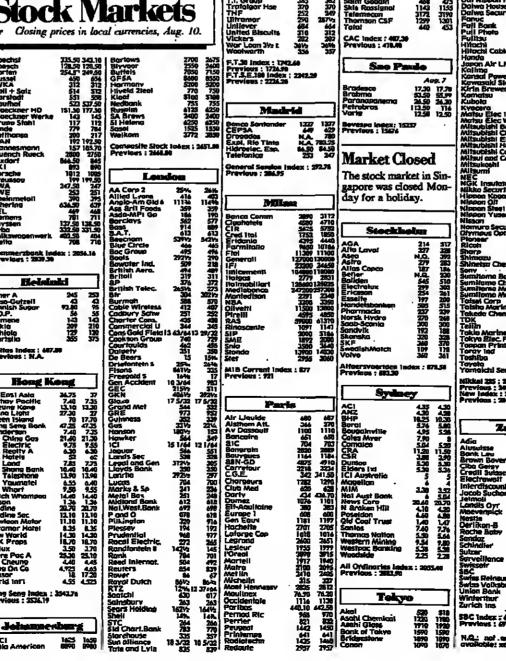
JUMBILE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee OTTOH NENAH PHYSEC MHY HIS TALKATIVE EIGHBOR REMINDED HIM OF THE FLIGHT THEY WERE ON. BEJOCT Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon. TAFFY BUTLER FAMILY Answer: "There's only one thing I want to see in a new car"—"MYSELF"

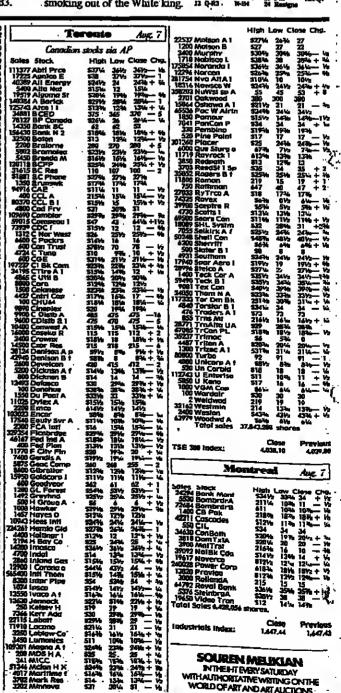
"I've just made something "It's made of pickles, hot

WITH MON'S NEW BLENDER. DOGS, MARSHWALLONG, RAISINS

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SPORTS

Nelson's Par on 1st Hole Beats Wadkins in Playoff For PGA Championship

By Thomas Boswell

Washington Post Service PALM BEACH GARDENS. prida — The dragonflies came ets began to chirp. They'd saved their strength all day, staying out of the sun on the hottest Aug. 9 in history here. All around the 10th green of the Champions Course at the PGA National Golf Club they buzzed and sang, as full of energy as Larry Nelson and Lanny Wad
Weibring starting the day. After five holes, he stood at 5-under and kins were empty of it. Finally, his fuel gauge on empty,

Wadkins could not struggle any langer. As his six-foot (1.82-meter) putt for par slid past the hole, Wadkins barely showed any disappointment, merely turning to shake the hand of one of his best friends. Nelson, on the strength of a scrambling par, had won the 69th PGA Championship on the first playoff hole. On a golf course he called the had shot an even-par 72 for a l-under-par total of 287, "Well, 1 guess it was hotter in Victnam," shrigged Nelson, who along with Wadkins (73) finished regulation play one shot ahead of Scott Hoch (69) and D.A. Weibring (76) and two strokes in front of Mark Mc-Cumber (77) and Don Pooley (72).

In the end, every contender lost, while Nelson survived to collect a \$150,000 check and his third major title of the 1980s. It's safe to assume that lots of lamps were smashed in plenty of hotel rooms Sunday night. At least half a dozen men doubtless went to

sleep mortally convinced they could and should have won this title. Seve Ballesteros was momentarily tied for the lead before taking a triple-bogey 8 at the third hole on his way to 78. Weibring held the lead as late as the 11th hole before realizing where he was and making three straight bogeys to disappear from serious control of the hole because, "it looked so good to aim al." His putt rolled from serious contention. Bobby Windkins (77) hung around the lead all day but never made a move; either he or Raymond Floyd who soared to 80 - could have

won with a humble 73. Moving up the misery list, we

come to Hoch, who threw away a gold-plated chance to be in the playoff. He had a dead flat eightfool birdie putt at the 72d hole that would have made him the leader alone at 2-under. Instead, he ran the ball three feet past, then played the comebacker quickly and care-

The most painfully beaten man was McCumber, the leader with held a two-shot lead. Before you could say, "Look out!" the course had handed him a collapse: bogey. bogey, double bogey, bogey, Amaz-ingly, he recovered, making three birdies in four holes on the back nine to lead alone after a chip-in birdie at No. 14.

Then his real misery started, as he bogeyed the 15th and 16th. Finally, at the 18th, he tried a dazzling gamble — one that players will discuss for years. Needing a hirdie to tie Wadkins and Nelson. he tried to reach the 541-yard hole in two shots, something no one had done all day into the strong wind. Into the water went his driver shot from the fairway, leaving Nelson and Wadkins to duci. Nelson, who also won the 1981

PGA, captured this title just as he has won his others - with straight driving, marvelous iron play, an utterly imperturbable temperament and a hunt-and-peck putting game. He saved two of the best and most vital putts of his career for the final three holes.

At the 17th, he sank a 20-footer for a hirdie, tying him for the lead with Wadkins. I knew I had to birdie one of the last two holes." said Nelson, who deliberately left Ben Crenshaw's ball marker squarely in his line, three feet from directly over the coin but was not knocked off line.

Then, on the first playoff hole the 409-yard 10th, which played easier than any par-4 on the course



that last little one." said Nelson. This victory underlines the selves with long putts. trangeness of a career that instrangeness of a career that infewer than players like Andy Bean bumpy greens here wore down ev-

cludes only eight tour victories - and gusting winds and brutally (11). Crenshaw (13), Tom Kite (10), ery player in the field of 150. Ex-Bruce Lietzke (Idl, Calvin Peete cept the pure-swinging Nelson. 112), Curtis Strange (11) and Lanny And he was staggering. "I can't wadkins (16). Yet Nelson has three ever remember my rounds, shotmajor titles and they have only two among all of them.

and soft, smooth greens, are largely PGA, hold the short stick in con-tempt and do everything possible to Wadkins seemingly coulds - he chipped from the back fringe tempt and do everything possible to

by-shot, after I play them," said Nelson, "It's strange. All the other The reason is no mystery. Regular players can. Maybe it's because I PGA tour events, with little rough and soft, smooth greens, are largely Forgetfulness was essential here.

putting contests. Nelson is, by pro even for Nelson, who had to disstandards a horrid putter. The ma- miss bogeys at the 14th and 16th jors, especially the U.S. Open and holes, each of which looked like a

to within seven feet. "That was one favor players who can hit proper get enough. "It was a struggle for outcome has hindsight logic.

HRs-Minnesola, Hrbek (27), Brunansky (23), Loudner (14), Gaetti (23),

Allen, Long (11, Secrope 18), Winn (3) and Fisk, Lindsey 18), W. Wigneys, 84, L.-Alien, 8-

7. HR—Chicogo, Williams (4). California 170 100 040—7 3 8

of the greatest putts of my career. golf shots, not those who kick the that last little one." said Nelson. This victory underlines the selves with long putts.

This victory underlines the selves with long putts. only one major title, the 1977 PGA. also in a playoff.

Nelson and Wadkins are almost identical as players. "We both hit it in the fairway and play the irons well," said Wadkins. "When he's on his game. Larry may be the best iron player I've ever seen.... And, you know, neither of us has ever been known for running the tables" on the greens.
That's why the Champions

Course, with its ugly chemical-blighted greens, suited them so well; nobody else could put) either. Add the killing rough, which they Wadkins seemingly couldn't for- avoided better than most, and the

Giants Sweep Toward Top Spot

SAN FRANCISCO - Manager Roger Craig predicted Sunday his San Francisco Giants will win the National League West. At this rate, they may dominate it. Receiving their third and fourth strong starting performances of the weekend, Giants beat the Cincinnati Reds, 3-2 and 5-2, to complete a

four-game series sweep.

In registering their eighth straight home triumph — all of

BASEBALL ROUNDUP hem against divisional leaders

Giants charged within one game of the first-place Reds in the West.
"Pitching is the answer," said Craig. "Pitching will be the key down the stretch and we have the

best pitching. That means we're go-ing to win it."

Mike Krukow allowed five hits over \$% innings in the opener and Kelly Downs went eight strong inmings and squeezed home a run in the nightcap. Mike LaCoss and At-lee Hammaker had turned in complete games earlier in the series, leaving the bullpen fewer than two innings of work during the four-game hlitz. The hard-hitting Reds were limited to seven runs and 20

"I've never felt any better than I feel now about this cinb," Craig. said. "We've got Candy Maldon-ado back, and we're on a roll and only one game out. That's what you call hummum-baby."

Downs allowed five hits, walked

three and struck out two before. leaving in the ninth. Craig Lefferts finished and notched his fifth save despite allowing a run-scoring sac-rifice fly by Bo Diaz. One of the hits off Downs was Barry Larkin's eighth home run of the year, lead-

ing off the fifth.
Phillies 8, Cardinals 7: In Philadelphia, Lance Parrish tied the score with a home run and Steve Jeltz tripled in the winner in the 14th as the Phillies rallied past St. The Cardinals took a 7-6 lead in

the top of the inning when Jack Clark walked with the bases loaded (Clark tied a league record by drawing a base on balls for the 15th consecutive game). Bul Parrish hmered with one out off Ricky Horton. Glenn Wilson singled to right and, after Milt Thompson.

Dodgers 5. Braves 2: In Los An-Pacific Coast League, where he had geles, Shawn Hillegas. 22, won his a 13-5 record. He lost his shutout in debut by walking three striking out the ninth on Dale Murphy's run-

six and scattering seven singles scoring groundout and Ozzie Virover 8% innings.

'Jays Obtain Niekro From The Indians

CLEVELAND - Phil Niekro has won 318 games in the major leagues, but has never pitched in the World Series. Now, since he's a member of the Toronto Blue Jays, the 48-year-old knuckleballer is boping to reach that milestone.

"Tve done just about every-thing else in baseball there is to do. Playing in the World Series is something Tve always thought about," he said Sunday after being traded to Toronto by Cleve-land for minor-league outfielder Darryl Landrum.

Niekro was 7-11 with a 5.89 earned-run average this season with the Indians, but was the winningest pitcher on a team that has spent 1987 in last place in the American League East. Toronto leads the division by

a half-game over New York, and its pitching staff ranks second in the league. The starting rotation of Jimmy Key, Dave Stieb, Jim Clancy and John Cerutti is backed by one of the best bullpens in the majors, anchored by Tom Henke, Mark Eichborn and Jeff Musselman. Niekro is expected to make his first start against Chicago Thursday night. Niekro is tied for 11th place

on the all-time victory list. He is third in starts (712), fourth in innings pitched (5.388%) seventh in strikeouts (3.3350 and 10th in appearances (860).

"I think it's a good acquisi-

tion. He car. give you a good five or six innings," said Toronto catcher Ernie Whitt, "and with our bullpen, that's all we want."

John Shelhy homered for the fifth time in six games to help Los Angeles end a four-game losing

Padres 4, Astros 3: In San Diego. Chris Brown homered to snap a fourth-inning tie and Eric Show pitched three-hit ball for six innings and drove in a run as the Padres won their fifth straight.

Show (6-13) allowed three runs

bul only one was earned. Lance McCullers, Mark Davis and Rich Gossage finished the game allowing no hits, with Gossage earning his 10th save.

Brewers 8, White Sox 4: In the American League, in Chicago. Robin Yount's run-scoring double keyed a four-run first, and Paul Molitor extended his hitting streak to a team record-tying 24 games as Milwaukee downed the White Sox.

After Molitor walked and took third on Mike Felder's single. Yount, who leads the league with 14 game-winning runs batted in, hit a shot that caromed off third baseman Jerry Royster's glove and trickled into the dugout. Greg Brock followed with a hloop tworun single and B.J. Surhoff singled. finishing Neil Allen, who hasn't won since July 20, 1986. Bill Long then allowed an RBI groundout by

Keeping his streak alive with a ninth-inning double off Jim Winn, Molitor tied the club record set by

Dave May in 1973.

Angels 7, Mariners 5: In Seattle,
Mark McLemore tripled in two runs to highlight a four-run eighth that rallied California. Brian Downing led off the game with a home run, and the late rally enabled the Angels to avoid being swept in the four-game series. With California trailing by 4-3,

77.20

j kanang m

Devon White opened the eighth with a double off Mike Trujillo. Reliever Dennis Powell walked Jack Howell and another reliever, Ed Nimez, gave up an RBI single to pinch-hitter Bill Buckner, McLemore then tripled for a 6-4 lead. and Wally Joyner hit a run-scoring sacrifice fly. (UPI, AP)

SCOREBOARD

Golf

Fred Funk, \$2,400

Mike Ren, SA, 1856 Hubert Green, SI, 1856 Morris Hajalsky, SI, 1856 Chia Beck, SI, 1856 Mike Sultivan, SI, 1856 Sieve Jones, SI, 1740 Jim Woodward, SI, 1740

Steve Pate \$1,740 Fuzzy Zoeller, \$1,700 John Mahaffey, \$1,430

Grey Norman, \$1,400 Lindy Miller, \$1,400 John Jackson, Jr., \$1,400 Lon Hinkle, \$1,400

CFL Standings

Bril Cimo

Football

NEL EXHIBITIONS

Tennis

WOMEN'S TOURNAMENT

MEN'S TOURNAMENT

In Africa, vs. Ken Floch

JU DQ

Women's BOP Fraestyle Relay: Susan Ha-

TRACK AND FLALD Men's Marathon: Ivo Redrigues, Brazil Women's Marathon: Maricarmen Carde-las, Mexico

WEIGHTLIFTING

nov Nedgepolit, U.S.

Men, 209 Pounds: Aurelia Miguel Bri Men. Over 209: Fronk Moreno. Cuba Womes, 750: Sarala Andre. Brazil Womes, Over 164: Nilmani Santins, Pu

PGA Championship

Scores and earnings in the 1987 PGA Chorm-planship, which ended Sendag on the Taga-yard, par-72 Chompian coarse of the PGA National Goff Club in Polen Beach Carriens, Florido (x-won Mayaki); e-Larry Netson, 315,000 70-70-72-287 Lanny Wadkins, 350,000 70-70-74-73-287 70.72-73-287
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76-77-73-288
73-72-47-76-288
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76-73-74-73-296 Hallet, 57,500 L-chlord Longer, 57,500 Lemand Longer, 37.50 Ga Mergan, 57.500 Gene Souers, 35.973 Jack Nicklous, 35.973 Payne Stewart, 55.973 Kan Brown, 35.973 Bobby Clumpel(Js.383 John Cook.54.33) 70-72-74-73—296 72-75-75-74—295 71-72-77-77—297 71-72-77-77—297 72-76-69-79—297 72-76-76-77-297 75-72-75-75-297 Russ Cockron.54.363 Jay Hoos.54.383 Craip Stodler.34.383 Ronnie Block.34.383 Hol Sultan.34.383 73-74-74-74-297 74-72-75-76---297 Roser Molible.34.383 Chris Perry.34.383 Gruce Lietzke.34.363 Rick Foldo.34.383 Brod Fobel.34.383 75-75-74-73-297

Transition

BASEBALL American League

BALTIMORE—Placed Scall McGregor,
ther, on the 15 day disabled list. Recatled

O Camer, pitcher, from Gochester of the

dernational League CLEVELAND—Placed Jeff Kolser, bitch-CLEVELAND—Placed Jell Koiser, bitcher, on ine 15-dov ornabled list 7-romatered Gree Swindell, bilicher from the 15-do 21-dov disabled list Sent Corey Parsons, ourlieder, betticht to Buttale of the American Associated. Recalled Rick verti and Jemie Costeriy, attichers, from Buttala.

TORON 70—Acquired Phil Niekro, sticher, team Cleveland for Corry Landrum, outlield-

POGYBALL

Notional Facibal Leasue
SUFFALO—Agreed is contract forms with
Share Conion. Illnebacker.
CLEVELAND—veolved Johnny Davis, and
Mode Johnson, running backs: Tony Eddins
and Bruce Tiller, wide receivers: Tony
Holloway, linebacker, Mark Smythe nase
lockle, and Tray willson, detensive back.
HOUSYON—Walved John & vans, Infill end; bocks and Sleve Wall, sunter.
HEW ORLEANS-Agreed to contract

Pan American Games

Gold Medalists

Men's 500 Sinules: Jim Terrell, U.S. Men's 500 Pairs, Jorge Monlero and Jose Men's 1,000 Singles: Bruce Merrill, U.S. Men's 1,000 Pairs: John Chubair and Ma-KAYAKING

Mea's 1,004 Singles: Gree Barton, U.S.

Men's 1,000 Pairs; Grea Barlon, and Nor-Bellingham, U.S. Gen's 1.806 Fours: Curl Jay Boder, Michael bold. Terry While and Mike Herbert, U.S., camen's 500 Singles: Yracy Phillips, U.S. Wamen's 500 Pairs: Shirley Dery-Ballis. nd Sheila Canover, U.S.

1141/a Peonds: Saetch, Juan Hernandes.
Cubp: Clear & Jert, Juan Hernandes. Cuba:
Overell, Juan Hernandes. Cuba
123/a Peonds: Saetch, Pedra Negran, Cuba,
Clear & Jerk, Pedra Negran, Cuba, CYCLING OIVING

73-74-82-76-311 77-74-84-78-313

74-72-80-74-301

ia. 78. Whilaker Oetrail 7s.
R8fs; G. Rell Torario, 7s; Ow. Evans, Baslon, 8s. AlcGwire, Dokland, 8s; Javner, Calitarna, 3s. Canseco, Oasland, 8s;
Riis, Bogos, Boslan, 1er; Sertzer, Kansas
Cilv 143, Peckell Minnssota, 14t, Fernande, Torario, 18s; Youri, Milwauker, 13t,
Oautles: Bogos, Boslan, 2r; Sevra, Teras, 2s; Sestzer, Kansas Citv, 2; De Evans,
18 Saslar, 7s, Tabler, Cleveland, 7s; Sevra, Terdo, 2s; Sestzer, Kansas Citv, 1t; P Bradlev Scattle, 1d Fernandez, Taranto, 7, Youth,
Allwaukee, 7: 7 are red with 8.
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Toronto, 35, Hrbek, Minnesote, 27, Myrrey, Bullimore 36: Dw. Evans, Boston, 25: Snyder, leveland. 25. Stoico Boses: Reynolds Sealile, 36. Redus. Chicago, 35, Ferrandez Taranta, 11, Wilson, Kahida C.F., 11: Malitar, AlliwayAce, 17: PBracte., Seattle, 77 PIT CNING

Was-Loui -Winning Pct/ERA: Henseman. Oetrol. 3-1, 397-2.10; Schmidt, Ballimore, 19-2, 833-3 Ct; Cerutti, Tormio, 8-2, 800, 4.23. Guettermon, Scottle, 9-3, 750, 419, John, New

Sorte, 3. Plegac, Milmonker, 21; Righelli, New York, 21, 3 Howell, Cak land, 15; Moharcic, Texas 15

NATIONAL LEAGUE

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Philodelphia, E.; J. Clark, St. Louis, 78; Ross, 130; McGer, 51, Louis, 131; McGer, 51, Louis, 132; McGer, 51, Louis, 132; McGer, 51, Louis, 137; Leonard, Son Francisco 123;
O. Smith, St. Louis, 123; Waltach, Monireal, 123;
Dowles; Wattach, Moh. ed., 33, Galarrane,
Montreal, 12; Leonard, Son Francisco 123;
O. Smith, St. Louis, 121; Waltach, Monireal, 122,
Dowles; Wattach, Moh. ed., 33, Galarrane,
Montreal, 12; Leonard, Son Francisco, 21;
Hores, Philodelphia, 72; Hubbard, Affonto, 27,
Virilles; Gerynn, Son Ditron, 103; Samuel,

Vrigles; Geynn, San Diese, 10; Samuel, Philodelphia, 9; Bonds, Primburgh, 8. M. Thompson, Philodelphia, 8, Coleman, S1 Lours, 7.

Home Runs: Dawson. Chicago. 24; Settlle Q. Alumph, Allenta, IZ: E. Ogyis, Cinclinidil. Texas Chicago. 30; H. Johnson. Hew York. 27; Stoten Bases: Collements. I. Curs., 74; Holicher. Houslan. 41; E. Davis. Cincinnall. 40; Paines. Alanthal. 37. Gwythn, San Olega. 35. St. Laus Wash-Losi/Winning Pct/ERA: Leach, New York York 4d, 1200, 725; Porsch. 51; Laus. 9-3, 790. 40; Hecton. Mohireat. 12-4, 790. 427; Sulcitile. Chicago. 15-5, 730, 342; Rowley, Philipadishi Chicago. 15-5, 737, 379.

delonio, 14-5, 737, 3.79.

Strikeasts: Scott. Houston, 178, Ryon, Houston, 171; Hershiser. Los Angeles, 135; Welch, Los Angeles, 135; Welch, Los Angeles, 135; Sufclittle, Chicago, 124.

Soves: Bedrasian, Philippenhito, 30; Le. 5mith. Chicago, 28. Worrell, 31 Louis, 23;
D. Smith. Houston, 19; Franco, Cincinnati, 19.

Chicago, 20, 14-5, 737, 3.79.

Chicago, 18-5, 737, 3.79.

Chicago, 19-6, 19-

Baseball

Sunday's Major League Line Scores

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Komsas City 124 400 700—6 17 8
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Crawford (2), Balten (4) and Marzena, W—
Davis, I-d. L—Crawford, 4-3, HR—Kansas
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New York 181 002 00—4 7 0
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Major League Leaders

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	AMERI	CAN L	EAG	υĒ		
		G	AB	R	H	•
	B0995, B05	106	411	62	149	-
	Mattingly, N.Y.	43	364	66	120	-
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	Ow. Evans. Bas	100	372	74	120	- :
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nia, 78. Dawning, California, 78. GBell, Toron-ia, 78. Whilaker Detroit 76.

Van Slyke (14). First Game

Cincinnati 900 900 905—2 5 8
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Power, Murativ 161, Scherrer (8), Williams
181 and Oloz: Krulowa, Letterts (*1, D.Robinson 191 and Breniy, Metvan (91, W.—Krukow, 3-1371. Son Francisco. Clark 1241.

IJ71. Son Francisca Clark 1241.
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Hothman, Numphy (71 and McGrill; Downs, Letters 191 and Melvin, W—Downs, 4-6 L—
Hothman, 6-7. Sv—Letters 151. NR—Cincinnoi(), Larkin (81.
Altonio 988 990 992—2 8 1

Major League Standings AMERICAN LEAGUE

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40 45 .575 -46 45 .575 -45 45 .582 1558 52 .577 7752 38 473 13550 41 .450 14
41 70 .367 25 East Division
W. L. Per. West Division 58 54 516 --50 57 53 567 1
54 56 491 3
69 01 445 0

Managers Ignoring Ueberroth's Bat-Check Option

Schlam, Easterley (5), Vande Berg (8) and Allonson, W—Cerutti, 8-2. L—Schram, 5-8. HRs—Taranta, Bartleid (23), Uashaw 412), NEW YORK - For all of the recent controversy about allegedly Moseby (19), Cleveland, Hitzo (1), Texas 818 (206—1 6 1 Bothmers 110 (31 06)—5 8 8 Hought, Williams (9), Mohardic (9) and Slaught, Petratti (9): Belt, Hobyon (a) and altered bats, major league baseball managers are largely ignoring Commissioner Peter Ueberroth's directive allowing them to chal-

"I'm going to wipe my hands of the whole thing," Whitey Herzog, the feisty St. Louis manager, said during the weekend. "I'm not going to question any bats any more." Other managers surveyed con-

curred. None challenged a bat Frisaid they didn't plan to challenge inside it the player and his manager see myself asking anybody for a they've done and that's it."

any bats unless other managers acted first. would be disciplined by the league bat. I'm not the type who cares much for technicalities like that."

be so few we'd be surprised."

Proclaiming that he had indications that some players are using plan "really is a joke."

Yankee illegal bate, Ueberroth announced "When they say you can challenge one bat." he said, "after we "Ton"

They disagreed, though, on the use of altered, or corked, bats. The comments ranged from 'Herzog's' of the league president to take acsaying, "I know there are a lot of corked bats being used," to the view thing a player did with a bat. "If the of Sparky Anderson, the equally astute Detroit manager, that "if there are any, it's migute. If we know there are any, it's migute. If we know there are any it's migute. If we know there are a lot of control to take according to the played, "I don't think I saw more than three bats like that. I don't think I saw more than three bats like that. I don't think I saw more than three bats like that. I don't think I saw more than three bats like that. I don't think I saw more than three bats like that. I don't think I saw more than three bats like that. I don't think I saw more than three bats like that. I don't think I saw more than three bats like that. I don't think I saw more than three bats like that. I don't think I saw more than three bats like that. I don't think I saw more than three bats like that. I don't think I saw more than three bats like that. I don't think I saw more than three bats like that. I don't think I saw more than three bats like that. I don't think I saw more than three bats like that. I don't think I saw more than three bats like that. I don't think I saw more than three bats like that. I don't think I saw more than three bats like that. I don't think I saw more than three bats like that. I don't think I saw more than three bats like that I don't think I saw more than three bats like that I don't think I saw more than three bats like that I don't think I saw more than three bats like that I don't think I saw more than three bats like that I don't think I saw more than three bats like that I don't think I saw more than three bats like that I don't think I saw more than three bats like that I don't thi Gene Michael, manager of the are any, it's minute. If we knew how Herzog, offering a similar thought, many people were doing it, it would said, "I don't know if any of my Proclaiming that he had indica- In Herroe's view 11.

the umpires to confiscate one bat a do that, the other manager can say Dawson said. "The first half lof the day night, when Deberroth's direc-tive took effect, and those asked but then would be X-rayed, and if a about their intentions generally foreign substance were discovered Anderson said he could "hardly body will get credit for what

The Tiger manager said that when

gical ploy. "They're going to try to mess up your concentration," said Dave Winfield of the New York Yankees. "You can have a great bat and they'll try to take it out of your

"Ton much is being made of it,"

VANTAGE POINT/George Vecsey

The Silence Has Hardly Been Golden The Has Hardly Been Golden The Silence Has Hardly Been Golden The Silence Has Hardly Been Golden The Has Hardly Been Golden The Winth Has Hardly Been Golden The When I won the award, I though the world today, at the age of 25, taking the the world today, at the age of 25, taking the the world today, at the age of 25, taking the the world today, at the age of 25, taking the the world today, at the age of 25, taking the the world today, at the age of 25,

New York Times Service is perhaps the most versatile female athlete in and some day all the dots will be connected.

INDIANAPOLIS — When Jackie Joyner- the world today, at the age of 25, taking the When I won the award, I thought that dot

The silence speaks noisy volumes about the

low marketability of the finest black athletes in America. That shouldn't be a total surprise in a sports environment that allows the Disney imagemakers to shape the opening ceremony of the Pan American Games. It was tasteless enough to turn the entertain-

ment over to a corporation promoting its own parks and botels and bland mascots (who appointed Mickey Mouse as a national symbol?), out it was downeight disrespectful to push turnof-the-century small-town white America, vir-tually ignoring the diversity of music and dance and costume in the Western Hemisphere. The hucksters obviously know how to butter

their white bread, but it is doubly sad when U.S. advertisers do not see any market value in an athlete like Jackie Joyner. To begin with, she

the shortest distance to the flag way out there.
"She is also a graduate of UCLA," points out her husband and coach, Bob Kersee, assuming people know his wife was a basketball star there The couple is not given to complaining, but

when asked about the impact of the Sullivan Award, they could not deny that it had not swollen their legal track-and-field trust fund. "It was the highest honor I could imagine," Joyner said the other day. "It was good for me and for other multievent athletes. She admitted that endorsements bad not

town last February. She tried to put it in terms of the Christian faith that has helped her through poverty in East St. Louis, Illinois, and the death of her mother at the age of 38. "My faith tells me that everything happens for a reason," she said. "Everything is like a dot.

flooded in after she was given the award in this

heptathlon and turning it into a major event. might be the one that connected others, but maybe the next dot will be the one" She is looking to add one more dot on Thursday, when she competes in the long jump, her

original specialty before she became engrossed

in the heptathlon. She is saving her lithe, powerful frame for the heptathlon in the world championships in Rome at the end of the month. Then there is the matter of the Olympic Games at Seoul in 1988. Joyner just missed a gold medal in 1984 when she finished .33 of a second too far behind Glynis Nunn of Australia in the final event of the heptathlon, the 800-

Joyner was just getting involved in the hep-tathion then, just getting the feel of the morning events, the long rest in the middle of the day. the need to master all seven events.

She came on with a rush last year, setting a world record during a glorious July evening in Moscow, and then she broke her record with 7.158 points on a brutal day in Houston when the temperature was over 44 degrees centigrade (110 Fahrenheit) on the floor. And she fell just short of her two records at the national meet this spring. But she cannot help but wonder what that 33 of a second might have meant to her in Los Angeles. Everybody can remember 1984, when Mary

Lou Retton won her gymnastics gold and her face seemed to he glowing from a cereal box when all America went down to breakfast the

mext morning.

"I was coaching Valerie Brisco and she won three gold medals, and she did not get that much from it," Kersee said.

The Sullivan Award did not put Joyner's face on cereal boxes or new equipment advertise-ments or any kind of clothing commercials. which is more than a bit of a shame.

The April edition of The Olympian, the magazine of the U.S. Olympic Committee, features two color photographs of Joyner. One shows her wearing a tuxedo, with a red bow tie and the medals around her neck, an American flag in the background and a sweet, Sunday-go-tomeeting smile.

The other shows her wearing a fed hat, red veil, red lipstick, red blouse, red high-heeled shoes, red finger nails, short red skirt and red stockings, more red stockings than she would show at church.

In that outfit, this most wholesome of athletes could sell a lot of milk or a lot of fruit or a lot of orange juice to go along with Mary Lou Retton's cereal Maybe in Rome, or maybe in Seoul, Joyner

will jump over her own world record in the heptathion, But she won't do it in the red outfit Jackie Joyner, long jumping during her record 7,158-point heptathion in Houston. and the red high-heeled shoes.



ART BUCHWALD

Inky and the Reunion

reunions and those who do not iso't Inky Squids." based on the status they bold today, but the status they held while io school.

"Herman, darling, are you going to your high school's 30-year re-

"Why should 1? They'll only start calling me 'Inky Squid.' " "Is that what they called you in

school? Yeah, except for George Hankoff. He called 'Squishy

Squid."
"But that was years ago. You now own the largest land development com-United States."

Buchwald That won't cut any ice with Billy Mahler. He'll still step on my foot and say it was an accident.

"You know you're exaggerating. I'm sure they'd love to see you. After all, you're the chairm the board of a Hollywood motion picture company, and you're probably the only one who married a

"Maybe so, but I'll bet you Audrey Zoeller still won't dance with

"Who is Audrey Zoeller?" "She was our high school's lead-ing pompom girl. She used to stand on Jack Minderman's shoulders and yell 'DEEEEEEE-FENSE'

Headless Roman Figure Unearthed in London

United Press Internation LONDON --- The discovery of a

Roman statue - the first free- me Squid." standing sculpture to be unto the in London in 33 years — was rein London in 33 years — was re"Not if Arnie Krasner is there."

Archaeologists of the museum excavated the find just beyond the old Roman wall in the City of London, the original Roman settlement. They believe the beadless body, about three feet (one meter) in height, is a figure of the god Mercury probably carved io Britain about the second century.

WASHINGTON — News whenever the other team was ltem: Dr. Jack Sparacino, a threatening to score. One time I psychologist, says the difference asked her to go to a prom with me between people who attend school and she said, 'I don't dance with

> "Maybe she'll change her tune when you arrive at the airport in your private Lear jet."

> "Miltoo Stevens will just laugh and say, Who would have thought that stupid Inky, with his shirttail always out, would own his own airplane? It shows you what a mess this country is really in!"

> "You're making those things up, Herman. After all, I'm sure you are the only one in your class who has a university library named after

"Milton never forgave me for dropping a fly ball in the ninth inning to rob him of a no-hit game."

"I never knew you played base ball on the high school team." "I didn't. It was a sandlot game in Hollis Woods, around the corner from where I lived."

"But now you own a National League baseball team. Milton will certainly be impressed with that."
"It won't give him back his nohit ball game.

"Well, it's no big deal to me if you go or not. I won't know anybody anyway.

You're lucky - you don't know what they're really like." "Isn't there someone in the class

that was nice?" "Fern Haggerty never called me

Well, you'll be glad to see her." "Yeah, but she was built like the Goodyear blimp." "Mayhe Fern went to Weight

Watchers. She may be a very beautiful woman now. "If she is, she won't talk to me. and if she does, she'll probably call

"So I take it you're not going to

"All right, what was your relationship with Arnie Krasner?" "He was my best friend until he told everyone in class I slept on a

While on vacation Art Buchwald received limited immunity, and the special prosecutor has allowed him to reprint some of his favorite columns.

Maxi Success for France's Minitel

By Barry James

PARIS — "Manon" gives a come-hither look from billboards ibroughout Paris and promises "a summer of adven

Some adventure! Manon hap pens to he a computer. The poster is one of hundreds

for privately operated message services on Minitel, the govern-

ment-sponsored videotex system. Using Minitel, a subscriber can keep up with the news, seek an apartment, calculate taxes, consult a noroscope, settle bills, book an airline or train ticket, buy groceries and have them delivered send a complaint to city hall, find a restaurant, get legal advice, look at what is playing at the movies, plan a trip, get a weather forecast, buy and sell shares, buy a used car or boat, get help with a child's homework, play chess, find a verse in the Bible, be told a joke, have a letter translated and keep up with friends around the coun-

In short, the Minitel system is part of a communications revolu-tion. But Manon, Jane, Maude, Aline and a host of "girls" like them are a controversial part of it,

try through an "electronic letter

Since 1981, the government has given away nearly three million visual display terminals costing I 100 francs (about \$175) apiece. It plans to distribute another seven million terminals free within

the next eight years. The terminal plugs into an ordinary telephone socket and the phone plugs into the terminal. After dialing 3615 on the phone and typing "Manon" on the terminal's keyboard, the caller is ready for a summer adventure. Or perhaps

Once connected, the caller chooses a pseudooym and types out a few lines of personal history. He or she can then choose from a list of other pseudonyms on the screeo and start communicating. The pseudonyms are the only clue to the conversation that is likely to ensue, "Plato" promises a higher standard of discourse thao 'Rambo," for example.

Collectively, the French spend more than five million hours a month hooked to their Minitels. FAITES COMME LUI. TAPEZ GÉRALDINE!



Ads for some of the 6,000 French Minitel services.

and much of that time is accounted for by the message services. How many of the calls are made during office hours is not known. but the problem is serious enough for there to be a brisk business in software that blocks calls to the nessage services.

Some of the services, bringing together people of like interests. are innocent enough. Some are titillating: the French color them pink — "les messageries roses." Some have the reputation of being electronic bordellos.

Some services hire "animators" to handle several terminals at ooce and keep the conversation flowing. Others program computers to do the same task, the object being to keep callers on the line as long as possible and thus boost income. But regular users of chat services say such subterfuges are quickly found out, and there is always a better service 10 go to. A good message service, they say, is like a good party, with plenty of fuo and good conversation.

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ecoment had in mind when it come a money spinner in a way unforeseen by the planners who started handing out free termidesigned it in 1979. nals. They were designed to replace conventional telephone di-Two years ago, the department rectories by giving access to a data base containing the names of

COMPOSEZ

PUIS TAPEZ

all 24 million French telephone Even given a partial address, or a misspelling, the system usually is able to provide the right number. Or it can provide selective lists of telephone numbers and addresses, such as all the restaurants in Strasbourg.

It costs nothing to consult the data base for the first two mioutes, which is enough to look up most numbers. Even so, the department of telecommunications says the directory alone makes Minitel a good commercial proposition. It saves on printing telephone directories and hiring operators. It gets income from advertising — for example, a business can publicize the services it offers along with its telephone

But the Minitel system bas be-

of telecommunications journduced a concept called the "electronic kiosk" and invited newspapers and radio stations — which until then had seen videotex as a ernment direction and investrival - to participate by providing information and other services. This paved the way for an explosion of services, including the message services, which are connected with media organiza-

There are now 6,000 independent providers of information and other services catering to a bewildering variety of special interests. The consumer pays for the services through his or her telethroughout France. Manon, for example, costs 59.20 francs (about \$10) an hour, like all the other services on the electronic kiosk. The Mioitel operating company, which is a branch of the nunications department, id rise so far.

three-eighths of the fee, and the operating company sends the balance to the message service that operates the computer called Manon. Last year, the Minitel operating

company handed over \$22 million francs to providers of services, up 187 percent from 286.5 million francs in 1985. With the number of terminals increasing by 80,000 every month, suppliers can expect a profit increase of 40 percent or more this year.

Last year also, the telephone company tarned 575 million francs from carrying Minitel ttalfic. And a broader economic benefit is that the videotex industry has created an estimated 39,000

The message and characteristics account for 16 percent of the raffic, and thus have played an inportant, if sometimes questionble, part in Minitel's exocess. Critics of the system say some of the services have been used to solicit for prostitution, drugs and even child sex. Charles Pasqua. the minister of the interior, has banned the sexually explicit advertising with which some of the services formerly sought custom-

But Gerard Longuer, the telecommunications minister, believes such private communication should on more he subject to censorship than an exchange of telephone calls or letters.

Although Minitel would never have started without strong govment, the current policy is laissezfaire, generally leaving market forces to decide which services will survive and which will disap-This month, however, Longuet

will introduce two higher priced kiosk services. One will cost up to 75.60 francs an hour, of which the supplier will get 53 francs instead of 37 francs under the present 130.20 francs an hour, of which phooe bill at the same rate: the supplier will get 102.60 francs. To this way, Longuet hopes to encourage newspapers and other suppliers to offer better and more useful services rather than the sex and frivolity that has played sucha prominent part in Minitel's rap-

Bernstein Is Honored At MacDowell Colony Thirty-one arrists writers and composers left their isolated woodand the telephone company keep

land studios on the grounds of the MacDowell Colony in Peterbor ough. New Hampshire, to honor Leonard Bernstein, who was given the Edward MacDowell Medal.) This summer colonists were only a small part of the crowd of benefactors, friends and affiliates who gathered for the occasion. Wawho gathered for the occasion. William Schuman, the American composer, spoke, and Bernstein grant introduced by another American composer. Ned Rorem, who talked of Bernstein adjusting ad of Bernstein's creative eclecticism and his ability to write music that can both "bleed and breathe." Bernstein spent three different periods at the Mac Dowell Colony, in 1962, 1970 and 1972. He worked, there on "Kaddish," his "Mass". and on the six Norion lectures he delivered at Harvard. The ceremooy also included a demonstration of Bernstein's work, with somes. sung by Jeanne Ommerie.

PEOPLE

The Club des Chefs des Chefs whose 33 members cook for royalty, heads of state and government the world over — made President Ronald Reagan an honorary then-ber as part of their 10th argua reunico in Washington, the first held in the United States. Active member chefs include Benjiro Saito, chef to Emperor Hirohito of Japan; Joel Normand, chef to President François Mitterrand of France: Jens-Peter Kolbeck, chef to Queen Margrethe II of Den-mark; Paul Charleux, Prince Rainier's chef: Otto Goebel, chef to Prince Abdullah bin Abdul Aziz of Saudi Arabia; Richard Perez, chef to King Juan Carlos of Spain, and the two top chefs at Beijing's Great Hall of the People, Presiding over this year's reunion, which toasted "a continued peaceful world," was the club president. Henry Haller, who will retire this year after 21 years as chef to the presidents of the United States.

The bicycle ridden to victory in this year's Tour de France by the Irishman Stephen Roche was sold for Irish £28,000 (about \$20,000) to raise money for a Dublin hospite. The 27-year-old Dubliner, the tirst Irish rider ever to win the cycle classic, was greeted by 250,000 fans when he returned home after his victory last month,

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